

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 11.469, 1.856)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 11.469, 1.856) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 11.216, 2.711)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D7379
RGB	141, 115, 121
RGB Percent	55%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.4475, 0.5494, 0.5259
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.14, 0.45
HSL	346°, 10%, 50%
HSV	346°, 18%, 55%
XYZ	20.5294, 19.2686, 20.6925
YIQ	123.4580, 13.5700, 7.3780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

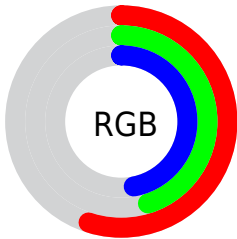
Format	Color
R_YB	141, 115, 121
Decimal	9270137
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, 11.20, 0.53
CIE _{LCh}	51, 11.216, 2.711
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3394, 0.3185
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287460217 (0xFF8D7379)
YUV	123.4580, -1.2118, 15.3843
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 6.6634, 2.7780

Details

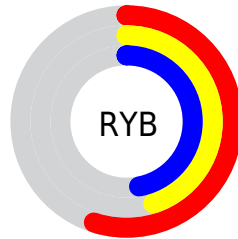
The CIELCh color $51, 11.216, 2.711$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `996666`. A complement of this color would be $56, 10.507, 179.315$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 11.216, 3.522$, and $31, 10.992, 1.211$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 17.656, 3.956$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 5.018, 1.632$.

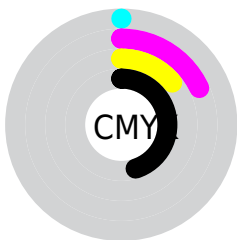
Distribution



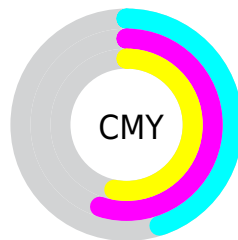
- Red (55%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 11.216, 2.711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 11.216, 2.711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 51, 11.216, 2.711  51, 11.216, 2.711

 100, 11.216, 2.711  41, 11.216, 2.711

 71, 11.216, 2.711  31, 11.216, 2.711

 81, 11.216, 2.711  21, 11.216, 2.711

 91, 11.216, 2.711  11, 11.216, 2.711

 1, 11.216, 2.711

 0, 11.216, 2.711

 51, 11.216, 2.711  51, 11.216, 2.711

 47, 17.656, 3.956  55, 5.018, 1.632

 43, 24.263, 5.432  59, 0.895, 181.241

40, 30.900, 7.232

63, 6.515, 180.081

37, 37.365, 9.464

68, 11.850,
179.356

34, 43.411, 12.267

72, 16.915,
178.722

32, 48.790, 15.786

30, 53.357, 20.122

76, 21.733,
178.153

29, 57.358, 24.997

80, 26.326,
177.637

29, 58.015, 25.702

85, 30.715,
177.166

89, 34.922,
176.734

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 11.216, 2.711



56, 10.507, 179.315

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 11.216, 2.711



51, 11.216, 52.711



51, 11.216, 182.711



51, 11.216, 232.711

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 11.214, 2.716



72, 4.399, 1.382



51, 17.049, 318.574



37, 2.911, 1.442



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 11.214, 2.716



63, 16.744, 3.191



53, 8.946, 46.558



28, 3.397, 1.710



27, 56.192, 25.461



0, 2.246, 0.934

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 11.214, 2.716



63, 16.744, 3.191



55, 8.030, 228.715



28, 3.397, 1.710



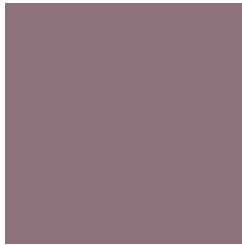
27, 56.192, 25.461



0, 2.246, 0.934

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 11.216, 2.711 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 11.216, 2.711 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

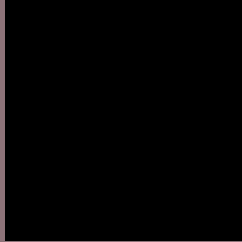
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 11.216, 2.711

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 11.216, 2.711.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 11.216, 2.711.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 11.216, 2.711

Protanopia

51, 1.935, 314.702

Deuteranopia

51, 6.649, 10.092



Tritanopia
51, 12.179, 355.522

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 11.216, 2.711

Protanomaly
51, 5.027, 352.389

Deuteranomaly
51, 8.389, 8.411

Tritanomaly
51, 11.971, 358.072

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 11.216, 2.711

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 4.219, 3.846

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 11.216, 2.711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 115, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 115, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 115, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 115, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 11.216, 2.711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 115, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 115, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 115, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 115, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 115, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 115,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 11.216, 2.711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 115, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
115, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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