

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 13.792, 343.669)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 13.792, 343.669)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 13.562, 344.239)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D7280
RGB	141, 114, 128
RGB Percent	55%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.4469, 0.5528, 0.4979
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.09, 0.45
HSL	329°, 11%, 50%
HSV	329°, 19%, 55%
XYZ	20.9113, 19.2686, 23.0521
YIQ	123.6690, 11.5980, 10.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

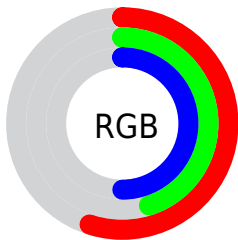
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 114, 128
Decimal	9269888
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, 13.05, -3.68
CIE _{LCh}	51, 13.562, 344.239
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3307, 0.3047
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287459968 (0xFF8D7280)
YUV	123.6690, 2.1352, 15.1993
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 8.2163, -0.4090

Details

The CIELCh color $51, 13.562, 344.239$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $56, 13.274, 161.090$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 13.661, 343.953$, and $31, 13.653, 344.830$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 20.771, 345.214$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 6.412, 343.348$.

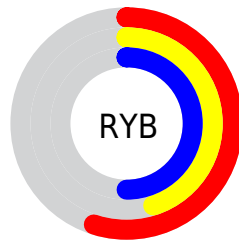
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (45%)

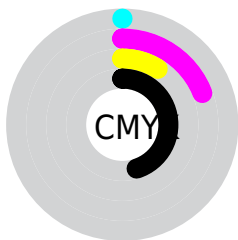
Blue (50%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (50%)

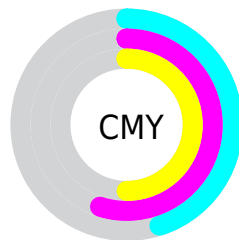


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (55%)


Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 13.562, 344.239 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 13.562, 344.239 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 13.562,
344.239


 51, 13.562,
344.239


 100, 13.562,
344.239


 41, 13.562,
344.239


 71, 13.562,
344.239

 31, 13.562,
344.239

 81, 13.562,
344.239

 21, 13.562,
344.239

 91, 13.562,
344.239

 11, 13.562,
344.239

 1, 13.562, 344.239

 0, 13.562, 344.239

51, 13.562,
344.239

51, 13.562,
344.239

47, 20.771,
345.214

55, 6.412, 343.348

44, 27.904,
346.307

59, 0.588, 163.132

63, 7.390, 161.926

40, 34.753,
347.562

67, 13.974,
161.239

37, 41.038,
349.036

71, 20.332,
160.615

34, 46.420,
350.813

76, 26.470,
160.038

32, 50.561,
353.004


80, 32.398,
159.501


31, 53.218,
355.748

84, 38.128,
159.001

30, 54.724,

359.014

 88, 43.676,
158.533

 30, 54.859,
359.293

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 13.562, 344.239



56, 13.274, 161.090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 13.562, 344.239



51, 13.562, 34.239



51, 13.562, 164.239



51, 13.562, 214.239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 13.560, 344.241



72, 5.201, 343.079



50, 16.596, 308.791



37, 3.440, 343.129



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 13.560, 344.241



63, 20.271, 344.652



51, 11.293, 18.069



28, 4.000, 343.352



28, 53.211, 359.121



1, 2.674, 342.666

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 13.560, 344.241



63, 20.271, 344.652



57, 10.080, 195.521



28, 4.000, 343.352



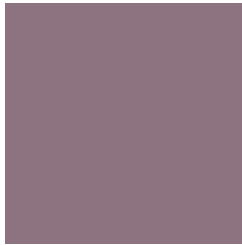
28, 53.211, 359.121



1, 2.674, 342.666

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 13.562, 344.239 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

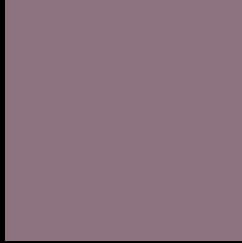
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 13.562, 344.239 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

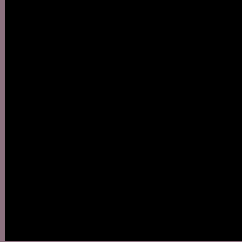
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 13.562, 344.239

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 13.562, 344.239.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 13.562, 344.239.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 13.562, 344.239

Protanopia

51, 6.414, 291.002

Deuteranopia

51, 7.407, 335.222



Tritanopia
51, 11.423, 353.602

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 13.562, 344.239

Protanomaly
51, 8.585, 318.278

Deuteranomaly
51, 9.292, 341.778

Tritanomaly
51, 11.676, 351.034

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 13.562, 344.239

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 4.975, 344.204

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 13.562, 344.239 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 114, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 114, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 114, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 114, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 13.562, 344.239 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 114, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 114, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 114, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 114, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 114, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 114,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 13.562, 344.239 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 114, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
114, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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