

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 14.405, 189.203)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 14.405, 189.203)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 14.653, 188.687)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A817D
RGB	90, 129, 125
RGB Percent	35%, 51%, 49%
CMY	0.6480, 0.4951, 0.5108
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.03, 0.50
HSL	174°, 18%, 43%
HSV	174°, 30%, 50%
XYZ	15.6944, 19.2686, 22.2093
YIQ	116.8830, -21.9600, -9.5120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

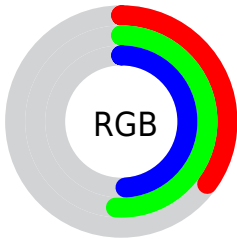
Format	Color
R _Y B	90, 111, 129
Decimal	5931389
CIE Lab	51.00, -14.48, -2.21
CIE LCh	51, 14.653, 188.687
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2745, 0.3370
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284121469 (0xFF5A817D)
YUV	116.8830, 4.0017, -23.5764
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -12.9979, 0.7292

Details

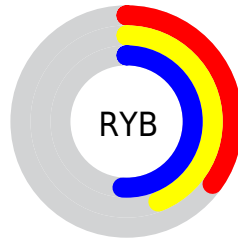
The CIELCh color $51, 14.653, 188.687$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $42, 17.176, 13.917$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 14.721, 189.663$, and $31, 14.782, 187.284$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 18.856, 187.895$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 10.083, 189.461$.

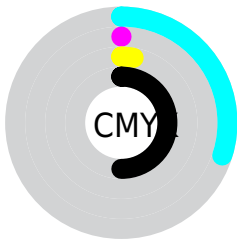
Distribution



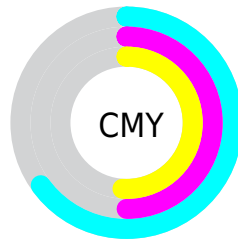
- Red (35%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 14.653, 188.687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 14.653, 188.687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 14.653,
188.687


 51, 14.653,
188.687


 100, 14.653,
188.687


 41, 14.653,
188.687


 71, 14.653,
188.687

 31, 14.653,
188.687

 81, 14.653,
188.687

 21, 14.653,
188.687

 91, 14.653,
188.687

 11, 14.653,
188.687

 1, 14.653, 188.687

 0, 14.653, 188.687

■ 51, 14.653,
188.687

■ 51, 14.653,
188.687

■ 50, 18.856,
187.895

■ 52, 10.083,
189.461

■ 50, 22.610,
187.086

■ 53, 5.222, 190.250

■ 49, 25.847,
186.243

■ 54, 0.147, 193.562

■ 55, 5.078, 11.576

■ 49, 28.513,
185.355

■ 56, 10.393, 12.341

■ 48, 30.581,
184.404

■ 58, 15.753, 13.069

■ 59, 21.121, 13.780

■ 48, 32.059,
183.374

■ 61, 26.468, 14.476

■ 48, 33.141,
182.336

■ 62, 31.774, 15.158

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 14.653, 188.687



42, 17.176, 13.917

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 14.653, 188.687



51, 14.653, 238.687



51, 14.653, 8.687



51, 14.653, 58.687

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 14.654, 188.684



68, 5.698, 190.338



50, 26.710, 139.540



35, 3.932, 190.236



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 14.654, 188.684



65, 21.231, 188.168



47, 12.180, 245.715



26, 2.844, 190.349



48, 32.906, 182.348



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 17.176, 13.917



52, 25.864, 14.851



46, 14.003, 59.101



25, 2.974, 11.592



26, 58.131, 34.054



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 14.653, 188.687 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 14.653, 188.687 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

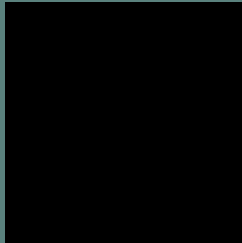
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 14.653, 188.687

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 14.653, 188.687.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 14.653, 188.687.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 14.653, 188.687

Protanopia

51, 1.210, 19.227

Deuteranopia

51, 7.836, 332.212



Tritanopia
51, 13.233, 224.625

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 14.653, 188.687

Protanomaly
51, 4.751, 191.897

Deuteranomaly
50, 3.705, 251.441

Tritanomaly
51, 13.198, 210.987

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 14.653, 188.687

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 5.523, 192.761

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 14.653, 188.687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 129, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 129, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 129, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 129, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 14.653, 188.687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 129, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 129, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 129, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 129, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 129, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 129,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 14.653, 188.687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 129, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 129,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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