

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 14.694, 174.419)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 14.694, 174.419)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 14.678, 174.439)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E8177
RGB	94, 129, 119
RGB Percent	37%, 51%, 47%
CMY	0.6330, 0.4958, 0.5350
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.08, 0.50
HSL	163°, 16%, 44%
HSV	163°, 27%, 50%
XYZ	15.6731, 19.2686, 20.2147
YIQ	117.3950, -17.6500, -10.5300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

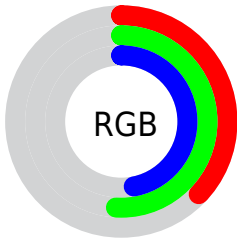
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 114, 129
Decimal	6193527
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, -14.61, 1.42
CIE _{LCh}	51, 14.678, 174.439
Y _{xy}	19.2686, 0.2842, 0.3493
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284383607 (0xFF5E8177)
YUV	117.3950, 0.7913, -20.5174
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -13.0844, 3.4233

Details

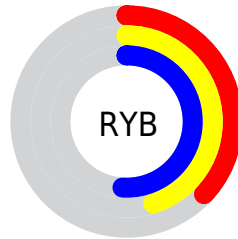
The CIELCh color $51, 14.678, 174.439$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $44, 15.916, 359.770$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 14.807, 174.255$, and $31, 14.890, 174.557$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 19.706, 173.359$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 9.409, 175.441$.

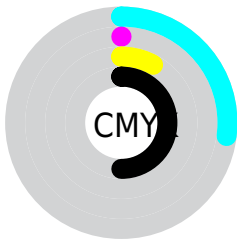
Distribution



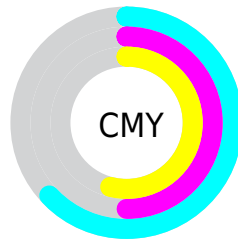
- Red (37%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (54%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 14.678, 174.439 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 14.678, 174.439 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 14.678,
174.439


 51, 14.678,
174.439


 100, 14.678,
174.439


 41, 14.678,
174.439


 71, 14.678,
174.439

 31, 14.678,
174.439

 81, 14.678,
174.439

 21, 14.678,
174.439

 91, 14.678,
174.439

 11, 14.678,
174.439

 1, 14.678, 174.439

 0, 14.678, 174.439

■ 51, 14.678,
174.439

■ 51, 14.678,
174.439

■ 50, 19.706,
173.359

■ 52, 9.409, 175.441

■ 49, 24.404,
172.187

■ 53, 3.976, 176.417

■ 49, 28.689,
170.899

■ 54, 1.550, 356.973

■ 48, 32.487,
169.474

■ 57, 12.657,
358.776

■ 48, 35.745,
167.890

■ 58, 18.154,
359.531

■ 48, 38.446,
166.128

■ 60, 23.575, 0.252

■ 47, 40.683,
164.232

■ 61, 28.902, 0.942

■ 47, 41.296,

■ 63, 34.122, 1.605

163.727

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 14.678, 174.439



44, 15.916, 359.770

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 14.678, 174.439



51, 14.678, 224.439



51, 14.678, 354.439



51, 14.678, 44.439

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 14.679, 174.436



68, 5.493, 176.318



51, 22.651, 134.508



35, 3.882, 176.188



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 14.679, 174.436



65, 21.929, 173.738



49, 10.941, 220.605



26, 3.082, 176.229



47, 41.034, 163.746



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 15.916, 359.770



54, 24.280, 0.655



45, 13.068, 39.182



25, 3.165, 357.725



26, 52.266, 20.423



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 14.678, 174.439 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 14.678, 174.439 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

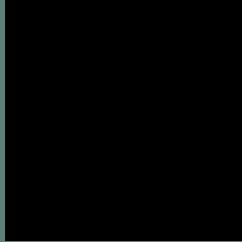
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

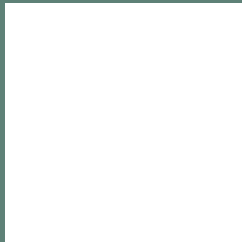
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 14.678, 174.439

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 14.678, 174.439.

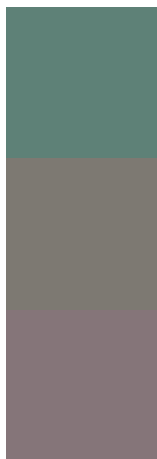


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 14.678, 174.439.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 14.678, 174.439

Protanopia

51, 4.374, 87.528

Deuteranopia

51, 6.926, 0.588



Tritanopia
51, 11.803, 228.264

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 14.678, 174.439

Protanomaly
51, 6.186, 150.067

Deuteranomaly
51, 0.992, 163.806

Tritanomaly
51, 11.497, 207.079

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 14.678, 174.439

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 5.456, 180.064

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 14.678, 174.439 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 129, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 129, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 129, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 129, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 14.678, 174.439 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 129, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 129, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 129, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 129, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 129, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 129,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 14.678, 174.439 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 129, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 129,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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