

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 14.939, 55.581)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 14.939, 55.581) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 14.762, 56.217)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F7465
RGB	143, 116, 101
RGB Percent	56%, 45%, 40%
CMY	0.4392, 0.5451, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.29, 0.44
HSL	21°, 17%, 48%
HSV	21°, 29%, 56%
XYZ	19.9207, 19.2686, 14.9800
YIQ	122.3630, 20.9070, 1.0590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

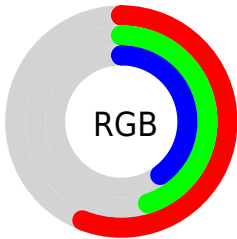
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 124, 101
Decimal	9401445
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, 8.21, 12.27
CIE _{LCh}	51, 14.762, 56.217
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3677, 0.3557
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287591525 (0xFF8F7465)
YUV	122.3630, -10.5320, 18.0986
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 4.1880, 10.4938

Details

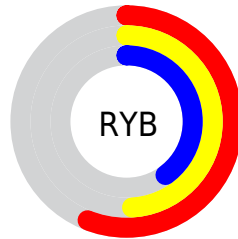
The CIELCh color **51, 14.762, 56.217** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **52, 12.730, 242.138**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 14.605, 56.489**, and **31, 14.944, 56.708** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 20.487, 55.503**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 9.407, 56.996**.

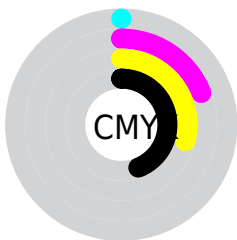
Distribution



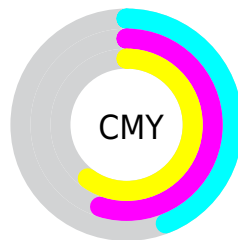
- Red (56%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 14.762, 56.217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 14.762, 56.217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 14.762, 56.217

■ 51, 14.762, 56.217

■ 100, 14.762,
56.217

■ 41, 14.762, 56.217

■ 71, 14.762, 56.217

■ 31, 14.762, 56.217

■ 81, 14.762, 56.217

■ 21, 14.762, 56.217

■ 91, 14.762, 56.217

■ 11, 14.762, 56.217

■ 1, 14.762, 56.217

■ 0, 14.762, 56.217

■ 51, 14.762, 56.217

■ 51, 14.762, 56.217

■ 48, 20.487, 55.503

■ 54, 9.407, 56.996

■ 46, 26.593, 54.846

■ 57, 4.400, 57.778

43, 33.057, 54.255

60, 0.290, 239.986

41, 39.790, 53.704

63, 4.697, 239.660

38, 46.577, 53.102

65, 8.852, 240.491

36, 52.945, 52.230

68, 12.786,
241.341

35, 58.730, 51.251

71, 16.524,
242.183

34, 59.131, 51.241

74, 20.091,
243.009

77, 23.507,
243.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 14.762, 56.217



52, 12.730, 242.138

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 14.762, 56.217



51, 14.762, 106.217



51, 14.762, 236.217



51, 14.762, 286.217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 14.762, 56.225



72, 5.237, 57.791



48, 23.064, 338.563



38, 3.684, 57.691



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 14.762, 56.225



63, 22.301, 55.759



57, 20.358, 100.073



29, 2.646, 57.792



32, 56.577, 51.378



1, 1.741, 58.652

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 12.730, 242.138



65, 18.530, 243.200



46, 21.273, 287.089



29, 2.541, 239.611



35, 33.220, 264.551



1, 1.742, 238.670

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 14.762, 56.217 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 14.762, 56.217 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

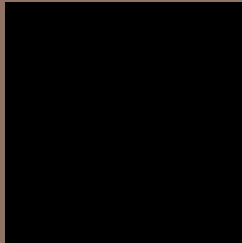
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 14.762, 56.217

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 14.762, 56.217.

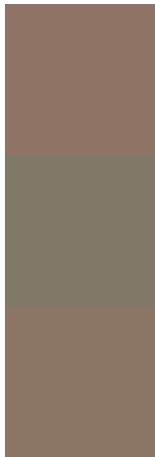


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 14.762, 56.217.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 14.762, 56.217

Protanopia

51, 10.297, 92.085

Deuteranopia

51, 14.078, 61.115



Tritanopia
51, 14.101, 359.482

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 14.762, 56.217

Protanomaly
51, 11.094, 76.167

Deuteranomaly
51, 14.419, 59.974

Tritanomaly
51, 12.609, 20.854

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 14.762, 56.217

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 5.408, 59.680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 14.762, 56.217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 116, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 116, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 116, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 116, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 14.762, 56.217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 116, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 116, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 116, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 116, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 116, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 116,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 14.762, 56.217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 116, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
116, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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