

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 15.013, 84.563)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 15.013, 84.563) contains.

CIELCh(51, 15.234, 84.661)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(51, 15.234, 84.661)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	867860
RGB	134, 120, 96
RGB Percent	53%, 47%, 38%
CMY	0.4754, 0.5303, 0.6244
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.28, 0.48
HSL	38°, 17%, 45%
HSV	38°, 28%, 52%
XYZ	18.5852, 19.2686, 13.7535
YIQ	121.4500, 16.0480, -4.4960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

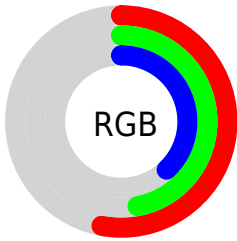
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 134, 96
Decimal	8812640
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, 1.42, 15.17
CIE _{LCh}	51, 15.234, 84.661
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3601, 0.3734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287002720 (0xFF867860)
YUV	121.4500, -12.5469, 11.0063
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -1.2425, 12.1505

Details

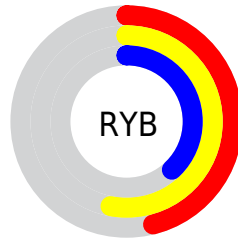
The CIELCh color **51, 15.234, 84.661** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **46, 14.954, 272.442**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 15.053, 83.498**, and **31, 15.148, 84.679** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 20.840, 83.350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 9.747, 85.946**.

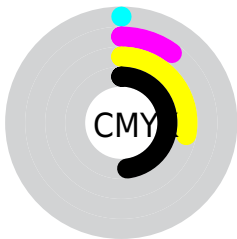
Distribution



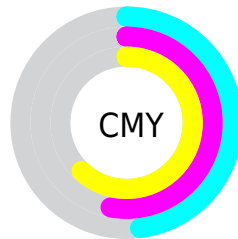
- Red (53%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 15.234, 84.661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 15.234, 84.661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 15.234, 84.661

■ 51, 15.234, 84.661

■ 100, 15.234,
84.661

■ 41, 15.234, 84.661

■ 71, 15.234, 84.661

■ 31, 15.234, 84.661

■ 81, 15.234, 84.661

■ 21, 15.234, 84.661

■ 91, 15.234, 84.661

■ 11, 15.234, 84.661

■ 1, 15.234, 84.661

■ 0, 15.234, 84.661

■ 51, 15.234, 84.661

■ 51, 15.234, 84.661

■ 49, 20.840, 83.350

■ 53, 9.747, 85.946

■ 48, 26.527, 81.993

■ 54, 4.390, 87.168

46, 32.219, 80.589

56, 0.836, 268.655

45, 37.768, 79.113

58, 5.937, 269.612

43, 42.902, 77.505

60, 10.920,
270.710

42, 47.180, 75.649

61, 15.796,
271.768

41, 50.501, 73.552

63, 20.573,
272.779

40, 51.092, 73.256

65, 25.261,
273.742

67, 29.867,
274.656

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 15.234, 84.661



46, 14.954, 272.442

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 15.234, 84.661



51, 15.234, 134.661



51, 15.234, 264.661



51, 15.234, 314.661

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 15.235, 84.668



69, 5.824, 87.074



45, 17.944, 353.265



36, 4.037, 86.923



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 15.235, 84.668



64, 22.718, 83.834



55, 21.624, 112.588



27, 2.931, 87.083



39, 50.060, 73.347



0, 0.696, 88.223

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 14.954, 272.442



56, 22.208, 273.657



42, 23.053, 297.395



26, 2.921, 269.428



23, 54.309, 293.342



0, 0.697, 268.232

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 15.234, 84.661 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

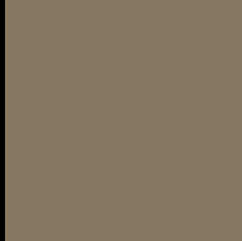
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 15.234, 84.661 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

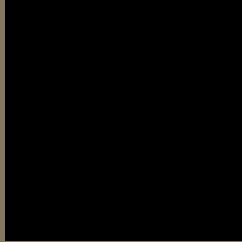
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 15.234, 84.661

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 15.234, 84.661.

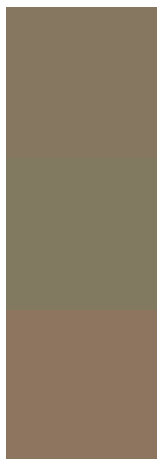


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 15.234, 84.661.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 15.234, 84.661

Protanopia

51, 14.892, 94.775

Deuteranopia

51, 16.577, 66.913



Tritanopia
51, 9.980, 349.016

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 15.234, 84.661

Protanomaly
51, 15.127, 91.545

Deuteranomaly
51, 15.858, 72.898

Tritanomaly
51, 8.125, 32.550

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 15.234, 84.661

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 5.611, 87.806

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 15.234, 84.661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 120, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 120, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 120, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 120, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 15.234, 84.661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 120, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 120, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 120, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 120, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 120, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 120,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 15.234, 84.661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 120, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
120, 96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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