

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 15.778, 47.825)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 15.778, 47.825) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 15.603, 49.305)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	927366
RGB	146, 115, 102
RGB Percent	57%, 45%, 40%
CMY	0.4282, 0.5497, 0.6007
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.30, 0.43
HSL	18°, 18%, 49%
HSV	18°, 30%, 57%
XYZ	20.3188, 19.2686, 15.1721
YIQ	122.7870, 22.6490, 2.5290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

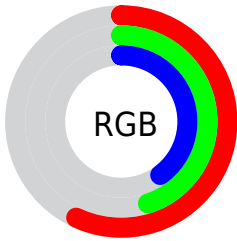
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 120, 102
Decimal	9597798
CIE Lab	51.00, 10.17, 11.83
CIE LCh	51, 15.603, 49.305
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3711, 0.3519
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287787878 (0xFF927366)
YUV	122.7870, -10.2480, 20.3578
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 5.8067, 10.2344

Details

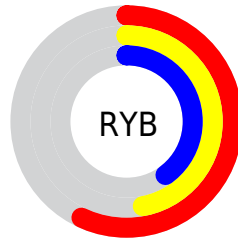
The CIELCh color $51, 15.603, 49.305$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $54, 13.057, 233.829$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 15.718, 49.137$, and $31, 15.454, 50.221$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 21.584, 48.928$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 10.042, 49.784$.

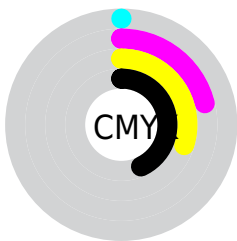
Distribution



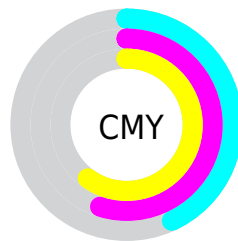
- Red (57%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 15.603, 49.305 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 15.603, 49.305 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 15.603, 49.305

■ 51, 15.603, 49.305

■ 100, 15.603,
49.305

■ 41, 15.603, 49.305

■ 71, 15.603, 49.305

■ 31, 15.603, 49.305

■ 81, 15.603, 49.305

■ 21, 15.603, 49.305

■ 91, 15.603, 49.305

■ 11, 15.603, 49.305

■ 1, 15.603, 49.305

■ 0, 15.603, 49.305

■ 51, 15.603, 49.305

■ 51, 15.603, 49.305

■ 48, 21.584, 48.928

■ 54, 10.042, 49.784

■ 45, 27.997, 48.653

■ 57, 4.878, 50.301

42, 34.815, 48.497

60, 0.074, 45.574

40, 41.945, 48.439

64, 4.406, 231.737

37, 49.155, 48.387

67, 8.597, 232.364

35, 55.925, 48.090

70, 12.535,
233.031

34, 61.992, 47.796

73, 16.250,
233.708

77, 19.769,
234.382

80, 23.116,
235.048

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 15.603, 49.305



54, 13.057, 233.829

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 15.603, 49.305



51, 15.603, 99.305



51, 15.603, 229.305



51, 15.603, 279.305

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 15.602, 49.313



73, 5.310, 50.350



49, 25.185, 335.694



38, 3.696, 50.284



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 15.602, 49.313



63, 23.563, 49.049



57, 19.928, 95.908



30, 2.732, 50.349



32, 59.211, 47.852



1, 2.320, 50.998

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 13.057, 233.829



66, 18.848, 234.744



47, 20.531, 283.561



30, 2.604, 231.750



39, 30.430, 253.953



2, 2.320, 231.017

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 15.603, 49.305 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

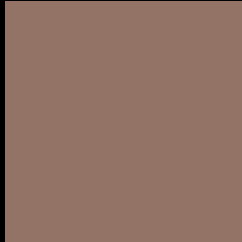
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 15.603, 49.305 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

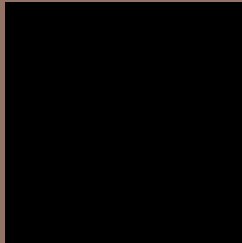
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 15.603, 49.305

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 15.603, 49.305.

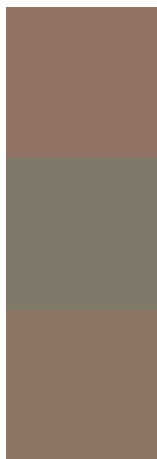


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 15.603, 49.305.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 15.603, 49.305

Protanopia

51, 9.741, 91.221

Deuteranopia

51, 14.078, 61.115



Tritanopia
51, 15.690, 2.017

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 15.603, 49.305

Protanomaly
51, 10.856, 72.738

Deuteranomaly
51, 14.762, 56.217

Tritanomaly
51, 14.323, 18.786

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 15.603, 49.305

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 5.392, 52.222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 15.603, 49.305 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 115, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 115, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 115, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 115, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 15.603, 49.305 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 115, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 115, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 115, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 115, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 115, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 115,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 15.603, 49.305 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 115, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
115, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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