

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 17.936, 274.478)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 17.936, 274.478)
contains.

CIELCh(51, 18.158, 274.531)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(51, 18.158, 274.531)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A7A98
RGB	106, 122, 152
RGB Percent	42%, 48%, 60%
CMY	0.5841, 0.5213, 0.4037
CMYK	0.30, 0.20, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	219°, 18%, 51%
HSV	219°, 30%, 60%
XYZ	18.5885, 19.2686, 32.4691
YIQ	120.6360, -19.1660, 5.9380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

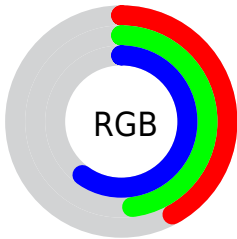
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 118, 152
Decimal	6978200
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, 1.43, -18.10
CIE _{LCh}	51, 18.158, 274.531
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2643, 0.2740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285168280 (0xFF6A7A98)
YUV	120.6360, 15.4625, -12.8358
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -1.2293, -13.1285

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 18.158, 274.531** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **57, 18.376, 86.127**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 18.139, 274.529**, and **31, 17.925, 273.726** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 24.328, 276.567**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 12.074, 272.786**.

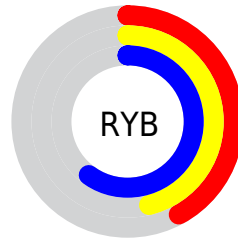
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (48%)

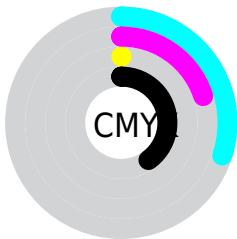
Blue (60%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (60%)

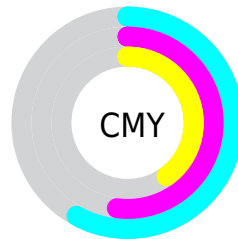


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (58%)


Magenta (52%)


Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 18.158, 274.531 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 18.158, 274.531 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 18.158,
274.531


 51, 18.158,
274.531


 100, 18.158,
274.531


 41, 18.158,
274.531


 71, 18.158,
274.531

 31, 18.158,
274.531

 81, 18.158,
274.531

 21, 18.158,
274.531

 91, 18.158,
274.531

 11, 18.158,
274.531

 1, 18.158, 274.531

 0, 18.158, 274.531

■ 51, 18.158,
274.531

■ 51, 18.158,
274.531

■ 47, 24.328,
276.567

■ 55, 12.074,
272.786

■ 43, 30.599,
278.937

■ 59, 6.074, 271.303

■ 39, 36.993,
281.671

■ 63, 0.155, 271.301

■ 36, 43.539,
284.768

■ 67, 5.680, 88.823

■ 32, 50.260,
288.182

■ 71, 11.430, 87.868

■ 29, 57.142,
291.795

■ 74, 17.092, 87.022

■ 26, 63.932,
295.189

■ 78, 22.665, 86.273

■ 82, 28.146, 85.607

■ 86, 33.537, 85.012

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 18.158, 274.531



57, 18.376, 86.127

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 18.158, 274.531



51, 18.158, 324.531



51, 18.158, 94.531



51, 18.158, 144.531

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 18.157, 274.529



76, 6.633, 271.159



59, 19.488, 169.683



39, 4.600, 271.341



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 18.157, 274.529



63, 27.014, 275.813



47, 27.433, 298.761



30, 3.363, 271.166



24, 59.814, 294.912



1, 3.639, 270.430

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 20.921, 355.899



61, 31.162, 356.791



61, 25.619, 113.852



30, 3.808, 353.513



29, 54.848, 15.322



1, 4.037, 353.113

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 18.158, 274.531 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 18.158, 274.531 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

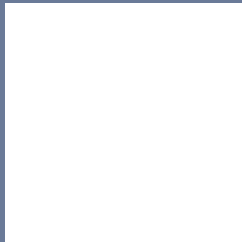
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 18.158, 274.531

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 18.158, 274.531.

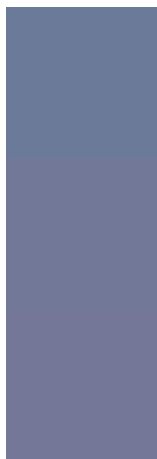


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 18.158, 274.531.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 18.158, 274.531

Protanopia

51, 18.151, 285.711

Deuteranopia

51, 19.838, 290.621



Tritanopia
51, 10.101, 234.133

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 18.158, 274.531

Protanomaly
51, 17.736, 280.894

Deuteranomaly
51, 19.336, 285.281

Tritanomaly
51, 12.249, 253.285

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 18.158, 274.531

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 6.658, 274.313

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 18.158, 274.531 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 122, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 122, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 122, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 122, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 18.158, 274.531 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 122, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 122, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 122, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 122, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 122, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 122,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 18.158, 274.531 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 122, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
122, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor