

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 19.112, 188.622)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 19.112, 188.622)
contains.

CIELCh(51, 19.112, 188.622)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(51, 19.112, 188.622)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E837E
RGB	78, 131, 126
RGB Percent	31%, 51%, 49%
CMY	0.6951, 0.4873, 0.5069
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.04, 0.49
HSL	174°, 25%, 41%
HSV	174°, 41%, 51%
XYZ	14.9494, 19.2686, 22.5804
YIQ	114.5830, -29.9830, -12.7910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

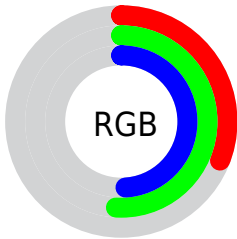
Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 106, 131
Decimal	5145470
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, -18.90, -2.87
CIE _{LCh}	51, 19.112, 188.622
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2632, 0.3392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283335550 (0xFF4E837E)
YUV	114.5830, 5.6286, -32.0833
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -16.0275, 0.2281

Details

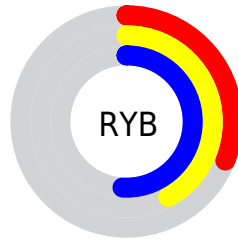
The CIELCh color **51, 19.112, 188.622** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **39, 23.924, 16.076**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 18.932, 189.561**, and **31, 19.078, 188.952** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 22.868, 187.839**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 14.896, 189.384**.

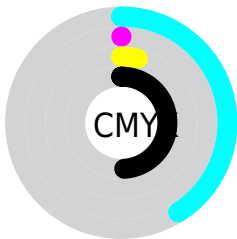
Distribution



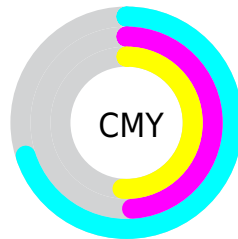
- Red (31%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 19.112, 188.622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 19.112, 188.622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 19.112,
188.622


 51, 19.112,
188.622


 100, 19.112,
188.622


 41, 19.112,
188.622


 71, 19.112,
188.622


 31, 19.112,
188.622


 81, 19.112,
188.622

 21, 19.112,
188.622

 91, 19.112,
188.622

 11, 19.112,
188.622

 1, 19.112, 188.622

 0, 19.112, 188.622

■ 51, 19.112,
188.622

■ 51, 19.112,
188.622

■ 50, 22.868,
187.839

■ 52, 14.896,
189.384

■ 50, 26.093,
187.030

■ 53, 10.299,
190.142

■ 49, 28.735,
186.183

■ 54, 5.401, 190.914

■ 49, 30.768,
185.280

■ 55, 0.278, 192.983

■ 49, 32.204,
184.306

■ 56, 5.001, 12.217

■ 49, 33.218,
183.351

■ 57, 10.379, 12.975

■ 58, 15.807, 13.698

■ 60, 21.247, 14.404

■ 61, 26.671, 15.097

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 19.112, 188.622



39, 23.924, 16.076

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 19.112, 188.622



51, 19.112, 238.622



51, 19.112, 8.622



51, 19.112, 58.622

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 19.112, 188.620



68, 7.628, 190.776



50, 36.221, 139.204



36, 5.088, 190.693



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 19.112, 188.620



65, 27.642, 187.870



45, 16.344, 249.848



27, 2.932, 191.027



49, 33.091, 183.357



1, 0.715, 191.626

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 23.924, 16.076



47, 36.753, 17.855



45, 19.633, 60.029



26, 3.069, 12.257



26, 59.325, 34.607



0, 0.715, 11.609

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 19.112, 188.622 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 19.112, 188.622 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

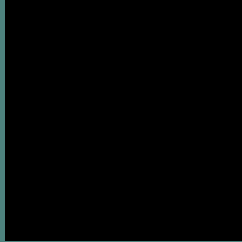
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 19.112, 188.622

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 19.112, 188.622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 19.112, 188.622.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
51, 19.112, 188.622

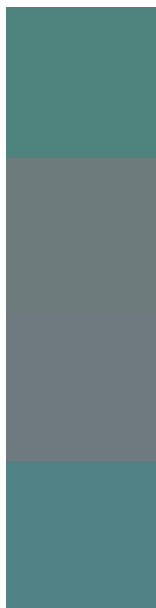
Protanopia
51, 1.210, 19.227

Deuteranopia
51, 8.503, 324.909



Tritanopia
51, 17.119, 217.964

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 19.112, 188.622

Protanomaly
51, 6.737, 188.725

Deuteranomaly
50, 5.712, 237.015

Tritanomaly
51, 17.377, 205.483

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 19.112, 188.622

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 7.512, 189.590

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 19.112, 188.622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 131, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 131, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 131, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 131, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 19.112, 188.622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

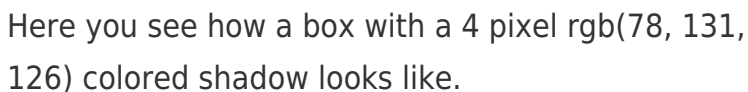
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 131, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 131, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 131, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 131, 126); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 131, 126); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 131, 126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 19.112, 188.622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 131, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 131,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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