

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 20.210, 107.503)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 20.210, 107.503)
contains.

CIELCh(51, 20.677, 107.491)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(51, 20.677, 107.491)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C7C58
RGB	124, 124, 88
RGB Percent	49%, 49%, 35%
CMY	0.5153, 0.5153, 0.6564
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.29, 0.52
HSL	60°, 17%, 41%
HSV	60°, 29%, 48%
XYZ	17.1572, 19.2686, 11.9651
YIQ	119.8960, 11.5560, -11.1960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

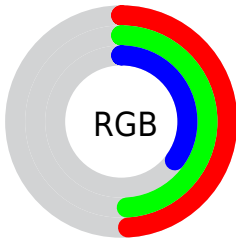
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 124, 88
Decimal	8158296
CIE Lab	51.00, -6.21, 19.72
CIE LCh	51, 20.677, 107.491
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3546, 0.3982
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286348376 (0xFF7C7C58)
YUV	119.8960, -15.7247, 3.5992
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -7.0496, 14.5661

Details

The CIELCh color $51, 20.677, 107.491$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $39, 22.109, 293.554$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 20.548, 106.990$, and $31, 20.489, 107.762$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 27.563, 106.586$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 13.640, 108.420$.

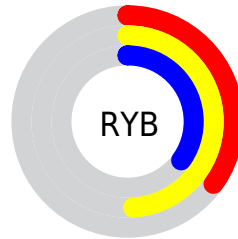
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (49%)

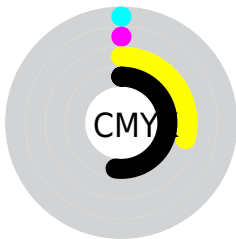
Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (35%)

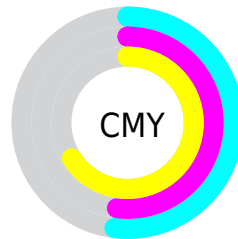


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)


Magenta (52%)


Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 20.677, 107.491 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 20.677, 107.491 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 20.677,
107.491


 51, 20.677,
107.491


 100, 20.677,
107.491


 41, 20.677,
107.491


 71, 20.677,
107.491

 31, 20.677,
107.491

 81, 20.677,
107.491

 21, 20.677,
107.491

 91, 20.677,
107.491

 11, 20.677,
107.491

 1, 20.677, 107.491

 0, 20.677, 107.491

■ 51, 20.677,
107.491

■ 51, 20.677,
107.491

■ 51, 27.563,
106.586

■ 51, 13.640,
108.420

■ 51, 34.192,
105.715

■ 52, 6.518, 109.344

■ 50, 40.409,
104.906

■ 52, 0.644, 290.338

■ 52, 7.816, 291.171

■ 50, 45.990,
104.192

■ 53, 14.978,
292.036

■ 50, 50.643,
103.607

■ 53, 22.116,
292.871

■ 50, 54.061,
103.185

■ 54, 29.218,
293.669

■ 50, 56.472,
102.892

■ 54, 36.275,
294.429

■ 50, 56.690,

102.866

■ 55, 43.282,
295.148

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 20.677, 107.491



39, 22.109, 293.554

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 20.677, 107.491



51, 20.677, 157.491



51, 20.677, 287.491



51, 20.677, 337.491

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 20.678, 107.495



66, 7.979, 109.335



41, 16.009, 21.656



34, 5.587, 109.221



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 20.678, 107.495



65, 30.657, 106.880



50, 22.188, 127.778



26, 3.997, 109.349



51, 57.133, 102.866



96, 96.175, 102.867

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 22.109, 293.554



46, 33.398, 294.574



40, 23.064, 310.414



23, 4.080, 291.080



12, 78.889, 306.288



32, 132.799, 306.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 20.677, 107.491 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 20.677, 107.491 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

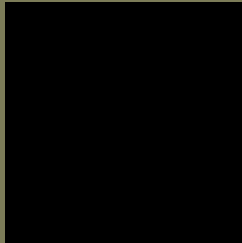
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 20.677, 107.491

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 20.677, 107.491.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 20.677, 107.491.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

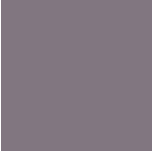
51, 20.677, 107.491

Protanopia

51, 20.139, 94.833

Deuteranopia

51, 20.308, 69.859



Tritanopia
51, 7.321, 327.440

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 20.677, 107.491

Protanomaly
51, 20.342, 100.023

Deuteranomaly
51, 19.754, 83.772

Tritanomaly
51, 4.984, 74.079

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 20.677, 107.491

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 7.551, 109.187

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 20.677, 107.491 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 124, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 124, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 124, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 124, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 20.677, 107.491 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 124, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 124, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 124, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 124, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 124, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 124,  
88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 20.677, 107.491 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 124, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
124, 88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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