

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 21.050, 116.092)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 21.050, 116.092)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 20.900, 115.870)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	767D59
RGB	118, 125, 89
RGB Percent	46%, 49%, 35%
CMY	0.5369, 0.5095, 0.6507
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.29, 0.51
HSL	72°, 17%, 42%
HSV	72°, 29%, 49%
XYZ	16.6335, 19.2686, 12.3114
YIQ	118.8030, 7.3840, -12.6800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

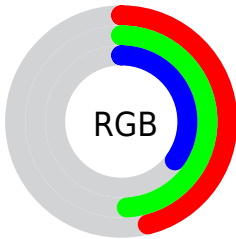
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 125, 96
Decimal	7765337
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, -9.12, 18.81
CIE _{LCh}	51, 20.900, 115.870
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3450, 0.3997
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285955417 (0xFF767D59)
YUV	118.8030, -14.6929, -0.7042
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -9.1791, 14.0983

Details

The CIELCh color $51, 20.900, 115.870$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $40, 22.222, 300.057$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 21.254, 115.668$, and $31, 20.754, 115.855$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 27.956, 115.220$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 13.699, 116.542$.

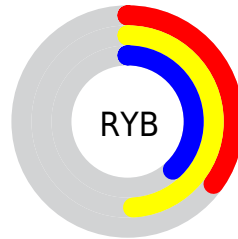
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (49%)

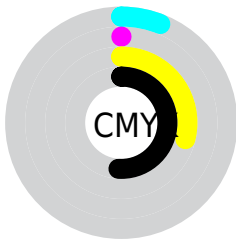
Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (38%)

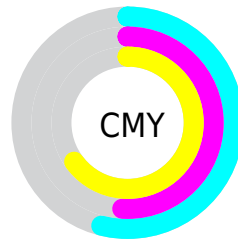


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 20.900, 115.870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 20.900, 115.870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 20.900,
115.870

■ 51, 20.900,
115.870

■ 100, 20.900,
115.870

■ 41, 20.900,
115.870

■ 71, 20.900,
115.870

■ 31, 20.900,
115.870

■ 81, 20.900,
115.870

■ 21, 20.900,
115.870

■ 91, 20.900,
115.870

■ 11, 20.900,
115.870

■ 1, 20.900, 115.870

■ 0, 20.900, 115.870

■ 51, 20.900,
115.870

■ 51, 20.900,
115.870

■ 51, 27.956,
115.220

■ 51, 13.699,
116.542

■ 50, 34.763,
114.612

■ 52, 6.417, 117.209

■ 50, 41.171,
114.087

■ 53, 0.896, 297.851

■ 50, 46.964,
113.702

■ 53, 8.210, 298.485

■ 49, 51.859,
113.529

■ 54, 15.500,
299.083

■ 49, 55.544,
113.649

■ 54, 22.750,
299.649

■ 49, 58.191,
114.012

■ 55, 29.946,
300.181

■ 49, 58.518,

■ 56, 37.078,
300.679

114.051

■ 57, 44.138,
301.143

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 20.900, 115.870



40, 22.222, 300.057

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 20.900, 115.870



51, 20.900, 165.870



51, 20.900, 295.870



51, 20.900, 345.870

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 20.901, 115.873



66, 8.172, 117.180



43, 13.737, 37.514



34, 5.650, 117.099



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 20.901, 115.873



65, 31.439, 115.409



50, 23.307, 133.916



27, 4.182, 117.187



50, 59.333, 114.071



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 22.222, 300.057



48, 34.023, 300.759



42, 23.826, 316.382



24, 4.264, 298.406



14, 78.646, 307.429



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 20.900, 115.870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 20.900, 115.870 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

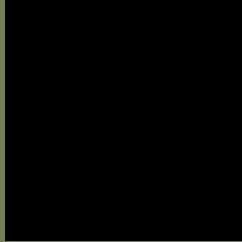
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 20.900, 115.870

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 20.900, 115.870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 20.900, 115.870.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 20.900, 115.870

Protanopia

51, 20.139, 94.833

Deuteranopia

51, 19.067, 69.027



Tritanopia
51, 5.401, 303.410

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 20.900, 115.870

Protanomaly
51, 19.676, 102.461

Deuteranomaly
51, 18.130, 86.412

Tritanomaly
51, 4.664, 114.600

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 20.900, 115.870

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 7.607, 115.454

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 20.900, 115.870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 125, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 125, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 125, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 125, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 20.900, 115.870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 125, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 125, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 125, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 125, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 125, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 125,  
89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 20.900, 115.870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 125, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
125, 89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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