

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 29.072, 188.317)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 29.072, 188.317)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 29.140, 188.403)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	278780
RGB	39, 135, 128
RGB Percent	15%, 53%, 50%
CMY	0.8478, 0.4712, 0.4986
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.05, 0.47
HSL	176°, 55%, 34%
HSV	176°, 71%, 53%
XYZ	13.3591, 19.2686, 23.3870
YIQ	105.4980, -54.9690, -22.5290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

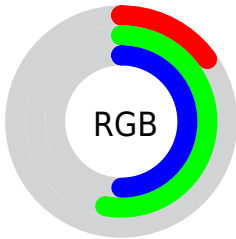
Format	Color
R_{YB}	39, 89, 135
Decimal	2590592
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, -28.83, -4.26
CIE _{LCh}	51, 29.140, 188.403
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2385, 0.3440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280780672 (0xFF278780)
YUV	105.4980, 11.0935, -58.3187
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -22.4942, -0.8615

Details

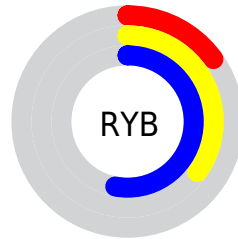
The CIELCh color **51, 29.140, 188.403** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **31, 45.440, 25.101**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 29.214, 188.466**, and **32, 23.840, 186.888** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 31.070, 187.638**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 26.579, 189.131**.

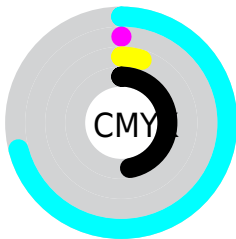
Distribution



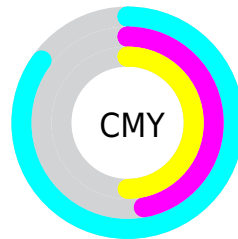
- Red (15%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (47%)





- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 29.140, 188.403 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 29.140, 188.403 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 29.140,
188.403


 51, 29.140,
188.403

 100, 29.140,
188.403


 41, 29.140,
188.403


 71, 29.140,
188.403

 31, 29.140,
188.403

 81, 29.140,
188.403

 21, 29.140,
188.403

 91, 29.140,
188.403

 11, 29.140,
188.403

 1, 29.140, 188.403

 0, 29.140, 188.403

■ 51, 29.140,
188.403

■ 51, 29.140,
188.403

■ 51, 31.070,
187.638

■ 51, 26.579,
189.131

■ 51, 32.386,
186.826

■ 52, 23.408,
189.840

■ 50, 33.233,
186.094

■ 53, 19.677,
190.538

■ 53, 15.455,
191.233

■ 54, 10.822,
191.934

■ 55, 5.860, 192.657

■ 56, 0.650, 193.904

■ 57, 4.739, 13.890

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 29.140, 188.403



31, 45.440, 25.101

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 29.140, 188.403



51, 29.140, 238.403



51, 29.140, 8.403



51, 29.140, 58.403

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 29.140, 188.402



69, 13.297, 191.916



50, 61.706, 136.968



36, 9.012, 191.749



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 29.140, 188.402



65, 38.758, 187.183



38, 27.955, 260.873



27, 2.917, 192.819



49, 32.364, 186.128



1, 0.712, 193.381

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 45.440, 25.101



38, 66.961, 31.052



39, 38.529, 58.926



26, 3.060, 13.980



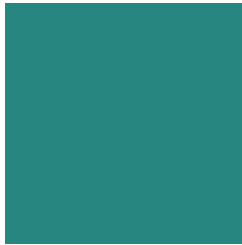
26, 59.960, 35.562



0, 0.712, 13.365

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 29.140, 188.403 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 29.140, 188.403 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

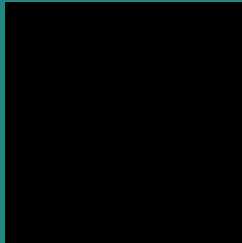
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 29.140, 188.403

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 29.140, 188.403.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 29.140, 188.403.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 29.140, 188.403

Protanopia

51, 1.338, 45.005

Deuteranopia

51, 9.644, 315.112



Tritanopia
51, 25.334, 210.530

Trichromacy



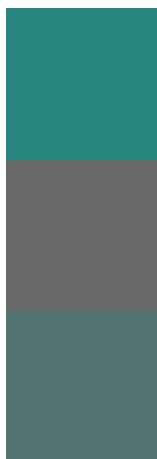
Original Color
51, 29.140, 188.403

Protanomaly
50, 12.553, 190.002

Deuteranomaly
50, 10.933, 220.589

Tritanomaly
51, 26.395, 200.697

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 29.140, 188.403

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 13.327, 190.197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 29.140, 188.403 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 135, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 135, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 135, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 135, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 29.140, 188.403 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 135, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 135, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 135, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 135, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 135, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 135,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 29.140, 188.403 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 135, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 135,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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