

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 3.172, 264.165)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 3.172, 264.165) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 3.283, 262.144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	767A7F
RGB	118, 122, 127
RGB Percent	46%, 48%, 50%
CMY	0.5376, 0.5220, 0.5024
CMYK	0.07, 0.04, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	213°, 4%, 48%
HSV	213°, 7%, 50%
XYZ	18.2290, 19.2686, 22.8026
YIQ	121.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

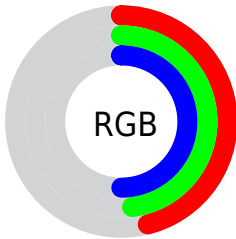
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 121, 127
Decimal	7764607
CIE Lab	51.00, -0.45, -3.25
CIE LCh	51, 3.283, 262.144
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3023, 0.3195
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285954687 (0xFF767A7F)
YUV	121.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -2.6911, -0.0720

Details

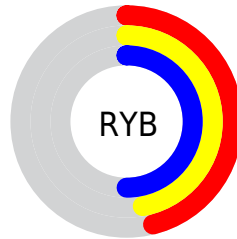
The CIELCh color **51, 3.283, 262.144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **52, 3.310, 80.242**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 3.572, 266.204**, and **31, 3.406, 268.916** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 7.904, 263.512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 1.337, 80.649**.

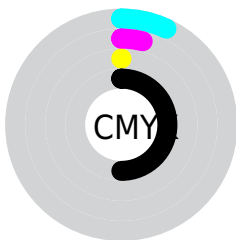
Distribution



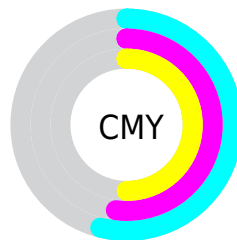
- Red (46%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 3.283, 262.144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 3.283, 262.144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 3.283, 262.144

■ 51, 3.283, 262.144

■ 100, 3.283,
262.144

■ 41, 3.283, 262.144

■ 71, 3.283, 262.144

■ 31, 3.283, 262.144

■ 81, 3.283, 262.144

■ 21, 3.283, 262.144

■ 91, 3.283, 262.144

■ 11, 3.283, 262.144

■ 1, 3.283, 262.144

■ 0, 3.283, 262.144

■ 51, 3.283, 262.144

■ 51, 3.283, 262.144

■ 48, 7.904, 263.512

■ 54, 1.337, 80.649

■ 45, 12.519,

■ 57, 5.944, 79.722

265.176

60, 10.528, 78.817

42, 17.118,
267.135

63, 15.083, 78.017

39, 21.698,
269.434

66, 19.601, 77.310

36, 26.265,
272.116

69, 24.077, 76.681

33, 30.836,
275.211

72, 28.506, 76.120

31, 35.446,
278.713

75, 32.887, 75.615

28, 40.139,
282.564

26, 44.964,
286.527

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 3.283, 262.144



52, 3.310, 80.242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 3.283, 262.144



51, 3.283, 312.144



51, 3.283, 82.144



51, 3.283, 132.144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 3.282, 262.122



67, 1.156, 261.653



52, 4.294, 165.923



35, 0.663, 261.653



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 3.282, 262.122



65, 5.181, 262.392



50, 5.278, 292.779



25, 2.618, 262.377



25, 46.588, 287.602



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 4.332, 347.264



64, 6.859, 347.465



53, 5.190, 111.542



25, 3.465, 347.454



26, 50.508, 5.673



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 3.283, 262.144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 3.283, 262.144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

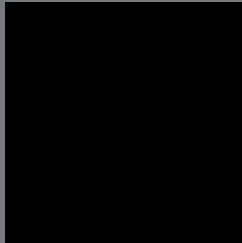
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

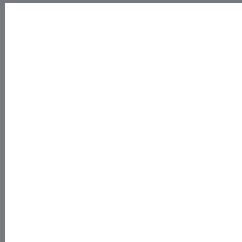
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 3.283, 262.144

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 3.283, 262.144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 3.283, 262.144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 3.283, 262.144

Protanopia

51, 2.951, 298.251

Deuteranopia

51, 7.566, 329.899



Tritanopia
51, 5.870, 283.373

Trichromacy



Original Color

51, 3.283, 262.144

Protanomaly

51, 2.919, 290.567

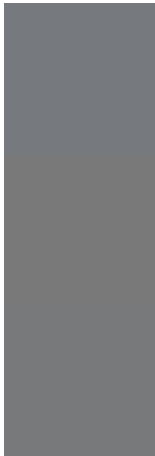
Deuteranomaly

51, 5.967, 318.410

Tritanomaly

51, 5.293, 282.443

Monochromacy



Original Color

51, 3.283, 262.144

Achromatopsia

51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

51, 1.231, 271.549

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 3.283, 262.144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 122, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 122, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 122, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 122, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 3.283, 262.144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 122, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 122, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 122, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 122, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 122, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 122,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 3.283, 262.144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 122, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
122, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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