

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 35.163, 285.449)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 35.163, 285.449)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 35.163, 285.449)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6577B3
RGB	101, 119, 179
RGB Percent	40%, 47%, 70%
CMY	0.6033, 0.5327, 0.2974
CMYK	0.44, 0.33, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	226°, 34%, 55%
HSV	226°, 44%, 70%
XYZ	20.1547, 19.2686, 45.3949
YIQ	120.4580, -29.9880, 14.8440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

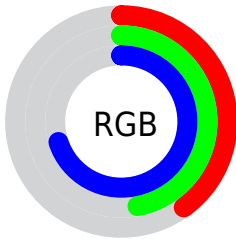
Format	Color
R _Y B	101, 116, 179
Decimal	6649779
CIE Lab	51.00, 9.37, -33.89
CIE LCh	51, 35.163, 285.449
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2376, 0.2272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284839859 (0xFF6577B3)
YUV	120.4580, 28.8612, -17.0647
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 5.1395, -30.5872

Details

The CIELCh color `51, 35.163, 285.449` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `67, 33.631, 93.251`, and the grayscale version is `51, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `71, 35.136, 285.423`, and `31, 35.188, 285.580` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `46, 43.907, 287.790`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `56, 26.694, 283.425`.

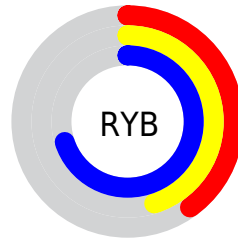
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (47%)

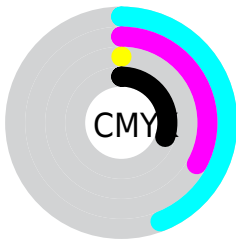
Blue (70%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (70%)

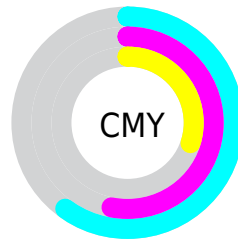


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (60%)


Magenta (53%)


Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 35.163, 285.449 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 35.163, 285.449 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 35.163,
285.449


 51, 35.163,
285.449


 100, 35.163,
285.449


 41, 35.163,
285.449


 71, 35.163,
285.449

 31, 35.163,
285.449

 81, 35.163,
285.449

 21, 35.163,
285.449

 91, 35.163,
285.449

 11, 35.163,
285.449

 1, 35.163, 285.449

 0, 35.163, 285.449

■ 51, 35.163,
285.449

■ 51, 35.163,
285.449

■ 46, 43.907,
287.790

■ 56, 26.694,
283.425

■ 41, 52.948,
290.451

■ 61, 18.477,
281.688

■ 37, 62.262,
293.389

■ 66, 10.488,
280.204

■ 32, 71.714,
296.489

■ 71, 2.710, 278.968

■ 28, 80.942,
299.544

■ 76, 4.871, 97.773

■ 26, 86.528,
301.301

■ 81, 12.263, 96.837

■ 86, 19.476, 96.009

■ 91, 26.515, 95.281

■ 95, 32.830, 99.593

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 35.163, 285.449



67, 33.631, 93.251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 35.163, 285.449



51, 35.163, 335.449



51, 35.163, 105.449



51, 35.163, 155.449

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 35.162, 285.449



84, 12.426, 280.161



68, 28.546, 176.410



44, 8.790, 280.464



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 35.162, 285.449



60, 52.572, 287.625



48, 46.540, 303.936



35, 4.353, 279.648



22, 76.126, 300.938



2, 11.044, 281.689

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 33.667, 6.464



62, 49.916, 8.398



70, 42.276, 117.941



35, 4.090, 1.750



32, 61.819, 26.160



2, 9.489, 4.932

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 35.163, 285.449 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

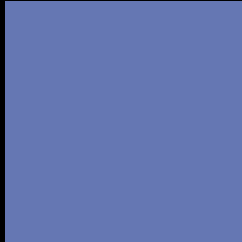
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 35.163, 285.449 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

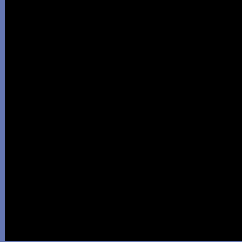
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

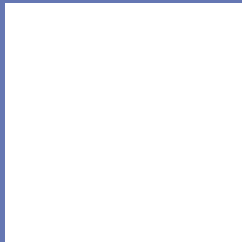
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 35.163, 285.449

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 35.163, 285.449.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 35.163, 285.449.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 35.163, 285.449

Protanopia

51, 35.163, 285.449

Deuteranopia

51, 34.800, 282.385



Tritanopia
51, 14.271, 225.143

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 35.163, 285.449

Protanomaly
51, 35.163, 285.449

Deuteranomaly
51, 34.710, 283.289

Tritanomaly
51, 19.280, 260.818

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 35.163, 285.449

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 12.979, 282.037

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 35.163, 285.449 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 119, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 119, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 119, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 119, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 35.163, 285.449 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 119, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 119, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 119, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 119, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 119, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 119,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 35.163, 285.449 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 119, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
119, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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