

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 36.632, 176.813)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 36.632, 176.813)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 36.456, 177.091)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	018975
RGB	1, 137, 117
RGB Percent	0%, 54%, 46%
CMY	0.9965, 0.4616, 0.5401
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.15, 0.46
HSL	171°, 99%, 27%
HSV	171°, 99%, 54%
XYZ	12.2240, 19.2686, 19.9882
YIQ	94.0560, -74.6360, -35.0520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

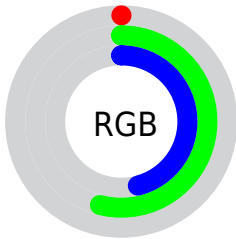
Format	Color
RYB	1, 74, 137
Decimal	100725
CIELab	51.00, -36.41, 1.85
CIElCh	51, 36.456, 177.091
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2374, 0.3743
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278290805 (0xFF018975)
YUV	94.0560, 11.3114, -81.6101
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -27.1099, 3.7293

Details

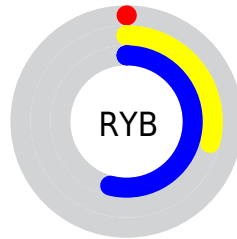
The CIELCh color **51, 36.456, 177.091** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **28, 59.615, 31.558**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 36.391, 177.207**, and **32, 27.567, 172.617** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 36.546, 177.001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 35.076, 178.482**.

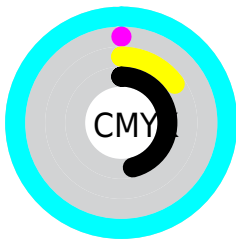
Distribution



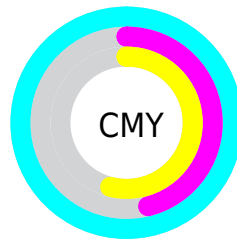
- Red (0%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (46%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (54%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 36.456, 177.091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 36.456, 177.091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 36.456,
177.091


 51, 36.456,
177.091


 100, 36.456,
177.091


 41, 36.456,
177.091


 71, 36.456,
177.091

 31, 36.456,
177.091

 81, 36.456,
177.091

 21, 36.456,
177.091

 91, 36.456,
177.091

 11, 36.456,
177.091

 1, 36.456, 177.091

 0, 36.456, 177.091

■ 51, 36.456,
177.091

■ 51, 36.456,
177.091

■ 51, 36.546,
177.001

■ 51, 35.076,
178.482

■ 51, 33.251,
179.796

■ 52, 30.810,
180.991

■ 52, 27.746,
182.088

■ 53, 24.097,
183.104

■ 53, 19.924,
184.059

■ 54, 15.306,
184.967

■ 55, 10.330,

185.843

■ 56, 5.080, 186.715

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 36.456, 177.091



28, 59.615, 31.558

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 36.456, 177.091



51, 36.456, 227.091



51, 36.456, 357.091



51, 36.456, 47.091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 36.456, 177.090



69, 19.321, 184.850



50, 74.335, 134.999



35, 12.996, 184.523



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 36.456, 177.090



65, 44.482, 176.640



36, 33.035, 263.188



29, 3.076, 186.732



49, 35.617, 177.056



1, 1.450, 187.407

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 59.615, 31.558



37, 73.560, 33.021



33, 57.097, 50.923



27, 3.203, 8.108



27, 58.342, 31.629



0, 1.450, 7.391

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 36.456, 177.091 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

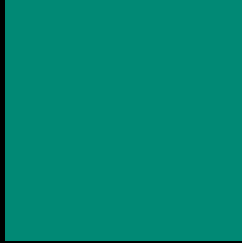
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 36.456, 177.091 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

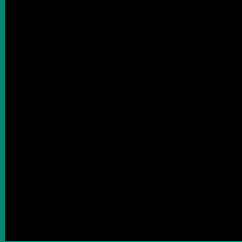
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 36.456, 177.091

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 36.456, 177.091.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 36.456, 177.091.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
51, 26.835, 210.953

Trichromacy



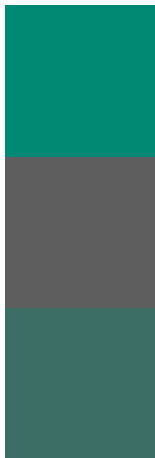
Original Color
51, 36.403, 177.068

Protanomaly
50, 19.934, 169.218

Deuteranomaly
49, 15.032, 188.764

Tritanomaly
51, 29.772, 195.377

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 36.403, 177.068

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 19.014, 182.431

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 36.456, 177.091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 137, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 137, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 137, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 137, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 36.456, 177.091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 137, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 137, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 137, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 137, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 137, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 137,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 36.456, 177.091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 137, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 137,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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