

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 4.121, 70.250)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 4.121, 70.250) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 4.080, 64.862)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7873
RGB	127, 120, 115
RGB Percent	50%, 47%, 45%
CMY	0.5010, 0.5284, 0.5480
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.09, 0.50
HSL	25°, 5%, 48%
HSV	25°, 9%, 50%
XYZ	18.6460, 19.2686, 19.0314
YIQ	121.5230, 5.7770, -0.0710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

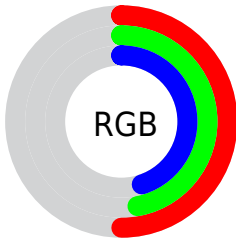
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 124, 115
Decimal	8353907
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, 1.73, 3.69
CIE _{LCh}	51, 4.080, 64.862
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3274, 0.3384
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286543987 (0xFF7F7873)
YUV	121.5230, -3.2158, 4.8033
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -0.9956, 5.0216

Details

The CIELCh color $51, 4.080, 64.862$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 3.947, 247.042$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 4.083, 61.232$, and $31, 4.181, 68.829$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 8.654, 63.910$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.243, 247.256$.

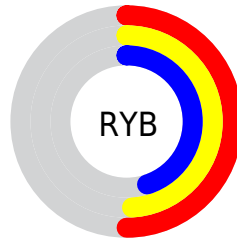
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (47%)

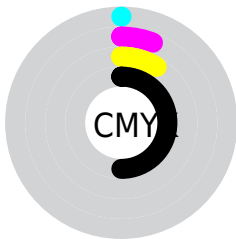
Blue (45%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (45%)

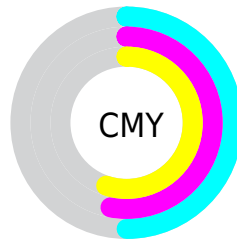


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 4.080, 64.862 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 4.080, 64.862 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 51, 4.080, 64.862  51, 4.080, 64.862

 100, 4.080, 64.862  41, 4.080, 64.862

 71, 4.080, 64.862  31, 4.080, 64.862

 81, 4.080, 64.862  21, 4.080, 64.862

 91, 4.080, 64.862  11, 4.080, 64.862

 1, 4.080, 64.862

 0, 4.080, 64.862

 51, 4.080, 64.862  51, 4.080, 64.862

 49, 8.654, 63.910  53, 0.243, 247.256

 46, 13.501, 62.921  56, 4.341, 247.066

44, 18.638, 61.949

58, 8.237, 248.031

42, 24.069, 61.004

61, 11.956,
248.997

40, 29.767, 60.083

63, 15.519,
249.943

37, 35.649, 59.154

36, 41.521, 58.135

66, 18.943,
250.861

34, 46.982, 56.832

68, 22.245,
251.748

32, 52.106, 55.540

71, 25.440,
252.602

73, 28.540,
253.422

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 4.080, 64.862



51, 3.947, 247.042

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 4.080, 64.862



51, 4.080, 114.862



51, 4.080, 244.862



51, 4.080, 294.862

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 4.080, 64.886



67, 1.579, 65.373



50, 6.362, 340.073



35, 1.209, 65.344



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 4.080, 64.886



65, 5.937, 64.712



53, 6.354, 105.659



26, 2.439, 64.917



32, 52.496, 55.492



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 3.947, 247.042



65, 5.701, 247.253



49, 6.468, 287.595



26, 2.363, 247.005



31, 35.535, 272.904



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 4.080, 64.862 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 4.080, 64.862 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

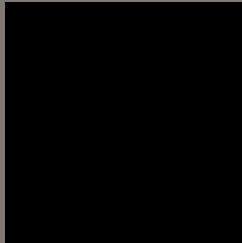
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

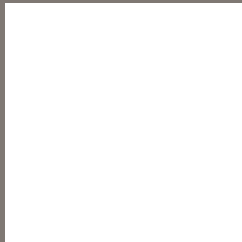
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 4.080, 64.862

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.080, 64.862.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.080, 64.862.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

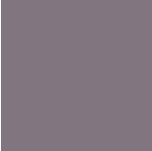
51, 4.080, 64.862

Protanopia

51, 3.320, 80.253

Deuteranopia

51, 7.482, 24.631



Tritanopia
51, 7.321, 327.440

Trichromacy



Original Color

51, 4.080, 64.862

Protanomaly

51, 3.540, 74.423

Deuteranomaly

51, 5.896, 31.305

Tritanomaly

51, 4.325, 347.272

Monochromacy



Original Color

51, 4.080, 64.862

Achromatopsia

51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

51, 1.336, 45.004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 51, 4.080, 64.862 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 120, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 120, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 120, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 120, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.080, 64.862 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 120, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 120, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 120, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 120, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 120, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 120,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.080, 64.862 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 120, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
120, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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