

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 4.166, 245.743)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 4.166, 245.743) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 4.207, 243.147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 737B80 |
| RGB | 115, 123, 128 |
| RGB Percent | 45%, 48%, 50% |
| CMY | 0.5502, 0.5188, 0.4992 |
| CMYK | 0.10, 0.04, 0.00, 0.50 |
| HSL | 203°, 5%, 48% |
| HSV | 203°, 10%, 50% |
| XYZ | 17.9551, 19.2686, 23.0925 |
| YIQ | 121.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

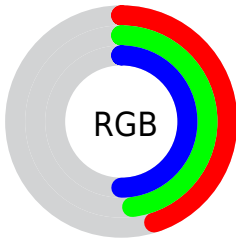
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 115, 120, 128 |
| Decimal | 7568256 |
| CIE Lab | 51.00, -1.90, -3.75 |
| CIE LCh | 51, 4.207, 243.147 |
| Yxy | 19.2686, 0.2977, 0.3195 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4285758336 (0xFF737B80) |
| YUV | 121.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181 |
| Hunter-Lab | 43.8960, -3.8050, -0.4636 |

Details

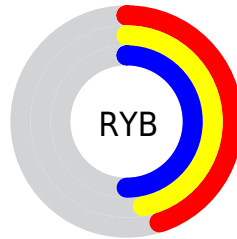
The CIELCh color $51, 4.207, 243.147$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 4.383, 60.987$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 4.350, 248.292$, and $31, 4.264, 247.607$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 8.213, 244.338$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.077, 246.245$.

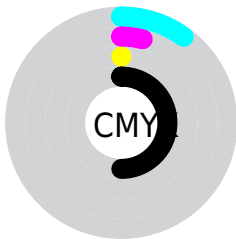
Distribution



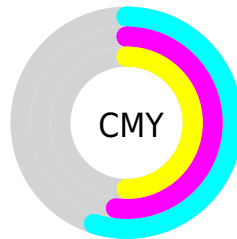
- Red (45%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 4.207, 243.147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 4.207, 243.147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 4.207, 243.147

■ 51, 4.207, 243.147

■ 100, 4.207,
243.147

■ 41, 4.207, 243.147

■ 71, 4.207, 243.147

■ 31, 4.207, 243.147

■ 81, 4.207, 243.147

■ 21, 4.207, 243.147

■ 91, 4.207, 243.147

■ 11, 4.207, 243.147

■ 1, 4.207, 243.147

■ 0, 4.207, 243.147

■ 51, 4.207, 243.147

■ 51, 4.207, 243.147

■ 49, 8.213, 244.338

■ 53, 0.077, 246.245

■ 46, 12.065,

■ 56, 4.146, 61.084

245.840

58, 8.439, 60.407

44, 15.731,
247.676

61, 12.778, 59.817

42, 19.182,
249.910

63, 17.147, 59.313

40, 22.400,
252.612

66, 21.531, 58.880

38, 25.385,
255.847

71, 30.298, 58.183

36, 28.165,
259.650

73, 34.664, 57.900

34, 30.803,
264.003

32, 33.420,
268.401

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 4.207, 243.147



51, 4.383, 60.987

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 4.207, 243.147



51, 4.207, 293.147



51, 4.207, 63.147



51, 4.207, 113.147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 4.207, 243.129



67, 1.552, 242.553



52, 6.995, 157.160



35, 1.184, 242.578



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 4.207, 243.129



64, 6.121, 243.358



49, 6.756, 286.092



26, 2.331, 243.017



32, 33.377, 268.392



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 7.044, 338.605



63, 10.299, 338.769



53, 6.642, 103.940



25, 3.893, 338.521



27, 52.959, 350.583



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 4.207, 243.147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 4.207, 243.147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

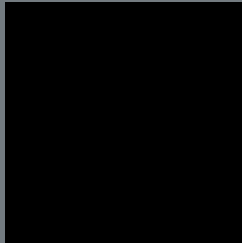
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

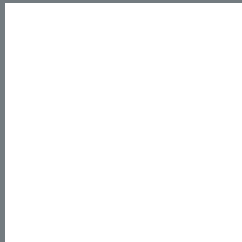
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 4.207, 243.147

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.207, 243.147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.207, 243.147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

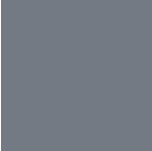
51, 4.207, 243.147

Protanopia

51, 2.951, 298.251

Deuteranopia

51, 8.020, 327.254



Tritanopia
51, 6.358, 266.065

Trichromacy



Original Color

51, 4.207, 243.147

Protanomaly

51, 3.124, 268.491

Deuteranomaly

51, 5.503, 307.406

Tritanomaly

51, 5.334, 260.479

Monochromacy



Original Color

51, 4.207, 243.147

Achromatopsia

51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

51, 1.318, 225.842

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 4.207, 243.147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 123, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 123, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 123, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 123, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.207, 243.147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 123, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 123, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 123, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 123, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 123, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 123,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.207, 243.147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 123, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
123, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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