

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 4.280, 53.794)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 4.280, 53.794) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 4.015, 54.902)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 807874 |
| RGB | 128, 120, 116 |
| RGB Percent | 50%, 47%, 45% |
| CMY | 0.4982, 0.5296, 0.5453 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.06, 0.09, 0.50 |
| HSL | 20°, 5%, 48% |
| HSV | 20°, 9%, 50% |
| XYZ | 18.7570, 19.2686, 19.2408 |
| YIQ | 121.9360, 6.0520, 0.4520 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 128, 122, 116 |
| Decimal | 8419444 |
| CIELab | 51.00, 2.31, 3.28 |
| CIELCh | 51, 4.015, 54.902 |
| Yxy | 19.2686, 0.3275, 0.3365 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286609524 (0xFF807874) |
| YUV | 121.9360, -2.9264, 5.3181 |
| Hunter-Lab | 43.8960, -0.5443, 4.7388 |

Details

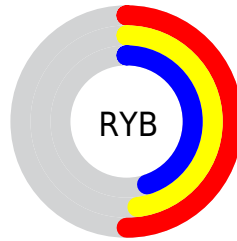
The CIELCh color $51, 4.015, 54.902$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 3.841, 236.609$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 4.060, 51.911$, and $31, 4.062, 58.263$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 8.590, 54.249$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 0.262, 237.114$.

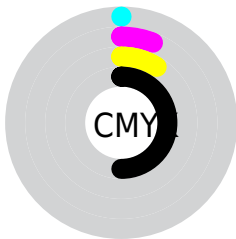
Distribution



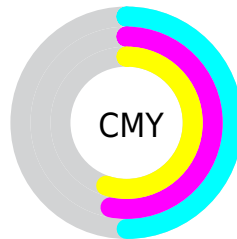
- Red (50%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 4.015, 54.902 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 4.015, 54.902 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 4.015, 54.902 ■ 51, 4.015, 54.902

■ 100, 4.015, 54.902 ■ 41, 4.015, 54.902

■ 71, 4.015, 54.902 ■ 31, 4.015, 54.902

■ 81, 4.015, 54.902 ■ 21, 4.015, 54.902

■ 91, 4.015, 54.902 ■ 11, 4.015, 54.902

■ 1, 4.015, 54.902

■ 0, 4.015, 54.902

■ 51, 4.015, 54.902 ■ 51, 4.015, 54.902

■ 48, 8.590, 54.249 ■ 54, 0.262, 237.114

■ 46, 13.492, 53.591 ■ 57, 4.270, 236.636

43, 18.745, 52.993

59, 8.041, 237.388

41, 24.358, 52.474

62, 11.602,
238.164

38, 30.314, 52.038

65, 14.979,
238.940

36, 36.541, 51.667

34, 42.861, 51.280

68, 18.192,
239.705

32, 48.873, 50.675

71, 21.263,
240.455

30, 54.402, 50.017

73, 24.209,
241.184

76, 27.044,
241.891

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 4.015, 54.902



51, 3.841, 236.609

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 4.015, 54.902



51, 4.015, 104.902



51, 4.015, 234.902



51, 4.015, 284.902

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 4.015, 54.926



67, 1.551, 55.216



50, 6.738, 336.263



35, 1.189, 55.214



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 4.015, 54.926



64, 5.857, 54.802



53, 5.818, 101.327



25, 2.404, 54.945



30, 54.583, 49.999



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 3.841, 236.609



65, 5.549, 236.774



50, 5.896, 283.396



26, 2.303, 236.585



34, 30.449, 260.334



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 4.015, 54.902 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

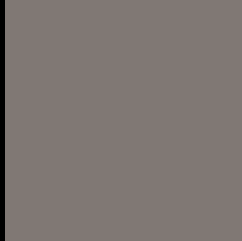
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 4.015, 54.902 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

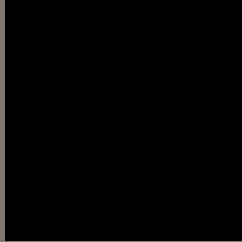
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 4.015, 54.902

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.015, 54.902.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.015, 54.902.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 4.015, 54.902

Protanopia

51, 2.826, 74.585

Deuteranopia

51, 7.482, 24.631



Tritanopia
51, 7.131, 332.883

Trichromacy



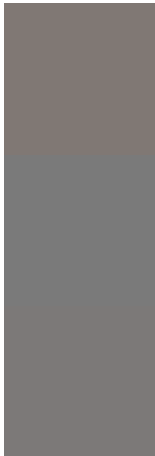
Original Color
51, 4.015, 54.902

Protanomaly
51, 3.079, 68.308

Deuteranomaly
51, 5.896, 31.305

Tritanomaly
51, 4.671, 350.016

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 4.015, 54.902

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 1.336, 45.004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 4.015, 54.902 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 120, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 120, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 120, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 120, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.015, 54.902 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 120, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 120, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 120, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 120, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 120, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 120,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.015, 54.902 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 120, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
120, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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