

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 4.405, 256.114)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 4.405, 256.114) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 4.653, 260.808)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	747A81
RGB	116, 122, 129
RGB Percent	45%, 48%, 51%
CMY	0.5445, 0.5210, 0.4935
CMYK	0.10, 0.05, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	212°, 5%, 48%
HSV	212°, 10%, 51%
XYZ	18.1732, 19.2686, 23.5838
YIQ	121.0040, -5.8230, 0.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

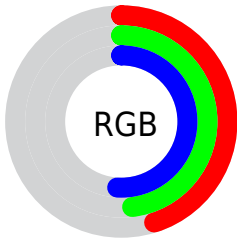
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 120, 129
Decimal	7633537
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, -0.74, -4.59
CIE _{LCh}	51, 4.653, 260.808
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2978, 0.3157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285823617 (0xFF747A81)
YUV	121.0040, 3.9420, -4.3885
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -2.9181, -1.1272

Details

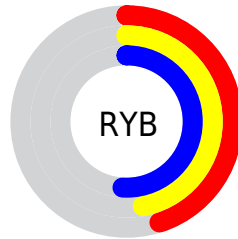
The CIELCh color $51, 4.653, 260.808$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 4.731, 78.193$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 4.853, 263.799$, and $31, 4.878, 265.785$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 9.254, 262.266$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 0.037, 266.052$.

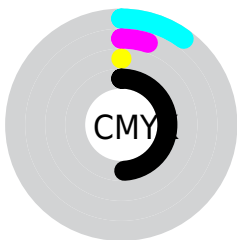
Distribution



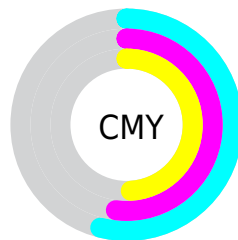
- Red (45%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 4.653, 260.808 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 4.653, 260.808 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 4.653, 260.808

■ 51, 4.653, 260.808

■ 100, 4.653,
260.808

■ 41, 4.653, 260.808

■ 71, 4.653, 260.808

■ 31, 4.653, 260.808

■ 81, 4.653, 260.808

■ 21, 4.653, 260.808

■ 91, 4.653, 260.808

■ 11, 4.653, 260.808

■ 1, 4.653, 260.808

■ 0, 4.653, 260.808

■ 51, 4.653, 260.808

■ 51, 4.653, 260.808

■ 48, 9.254, 262.266

■ 54, 0.037, 266.052

■ 45, 13.832,

■ 57, 4.579, 78.303

264.016

60, 9.185, 77.376

42, 18.375,
266.080

63, 13.771, 76.553

39, 22.880,
268.506

66, 18.329, 75.828

36, 27.354,
271.337

69, 22.852, 75.186

34, 31.820,
274.597

72, 27.334, 74.614

31, 36.316,
278.270

75, 31.772, 74.101

28, 40.893,
282.279

78, 36.162, 73.639

26, 45.594,
286.198

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 4.653, 260.808



52, 4.731, 78.193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 4.653, 260.808



51, 4.653, 310.808



51, 4.653, 80.808



51, 4.653, 130.808

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 4.652, 260.793



68, 1.727, 259.995



53, 6.260, 164.704



35, 1.302, 260.053



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 4.652, 260.793



64, 6.882, 261.095



49, 7.640, 292.436



25, 2.578, 260.664



26, 45.113, 286.137



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 6.333, 346.560



63, 9.398, 346.765



54, 7.470, 110.608



25, 3.504, 346.469



26, 50.558, 4.083



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 4.653, 260.808 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 4.653, 260.808 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

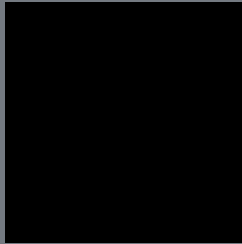
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

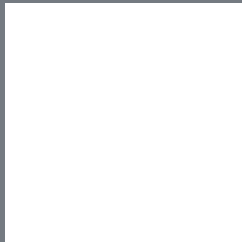
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 4.653, 260.808

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.653, 260.808.

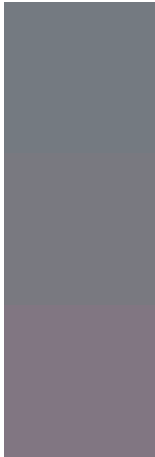


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.653, 260.808.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 4.653, 260.808

Protanopia

51, 4.084, 290.711

Deuteranopia

51, 8.276, 322.598



Tritanopia
51, 5.549, 270.574

Trichromacy



Original Color

51, 4.653, 260.808

Protanomaly

51, 4.145, 279.868

Deuteranomaly

51, 6.064, 305.861

Tritanomaly

51, 5.010, 268.126

Monochromacy



Original Color

51, 4.653, 260.808

Achromatopsia

51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

51, 1.912, 266.017

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 4.653, 260.808 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 122, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 122, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 122, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 122, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.653, 260.808 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

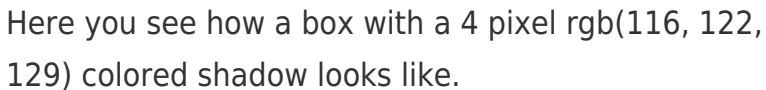
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 122, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 122, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 122, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 122, 129); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 122, 129); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 122, 129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.653, 260.808 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 122, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
122, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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