

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 4.904, 193.924)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 4.904, 193.924) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 4.745, 191.903)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	707C7B
RGB	112, 124, 123
RGB Percent	44%, 49%, 48%
CMY	0.5610, 0.5140, 0.5179
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.01, 0.51
HSL	175°, 5%, 46%
HSV	175°, 10%, 49%
XYZ	17.4450, 19.2686, 21.5180
YIQ	120.2980, -6.8310, -2.8550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

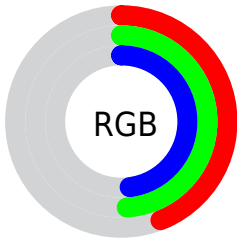
Format	Color
RYB	112, 118, 124
Decimal	7371899
CIELab	51.00, -4.64, -0.98
CIElCh	51, 4.745, 191.903
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2996, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285561979 (0xFF707C7B)
YUV	120.2980, 1.3321, -7.2773
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -5.8791, 1.6630

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 4.745, 191.903** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **48, 4.986, 13.172**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 4.940, 186.317**, and **31, 4.719, 190.952** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 9.438, 191.141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 0.160, 10.140**.

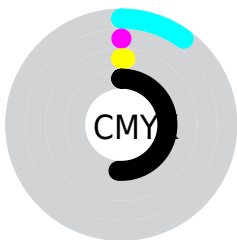
Distribution



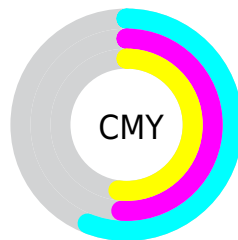
- Red (44%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 4.745, 191.903 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 4.745, 191.903 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 4.745, 191.903

■ 51, 4.745, 191.903

■ 100, 4.745,
191.903

■ 41, 4.745, 191.903

■ 71, 4.745, 191.903

■ 31, 4.745, 191.903

■ 81, 4.745, 191.903

■ 21, 4.745, 191.903

■ 91, 4.745, 191.903

■ 11, 4.745, 191.903

■ 1, 4.745, 191.903

■ 0, 4.745, 191.903

■ 51, 4.745, 191.903

■ 51, 4.745, 191.903

■ 50, 9.438, 191.141

■ 52, 0.160, 10.140

■ 49, 13.844,

■ 53, 5.215, 13.149

190.415

54, 10.365, 13.886

49, 17.889,
189.690

56, 15.565, 14.593

48, 21.499,
188.956

57, 20.779, 15.287

47, 24.606,
188.205

58, 25.979, 15.968

47, 27.158,
187.426

60, 31.145, 16.637

47, 29.130,
186.606

62, 36.260, 17.293

47, 30.528,
185.729

46, 31.556,
184.821

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 4.745, 191.903



48, 4.986, 13.172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 4.745, 191.903



51, 4.745, 241.903



51, 4.745, 11.903



51, 4.745, 61.903

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 4.746, 191.890



66, 1.838, 192.528



51, 8.282, 141.256



34, 1.403, 192.429



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 4.746, 191.890



65, 7.234, 191.689



50, 3.933, 245.003



25, 2.735, 191.940



47, 31.775, 184.784



90, 53.738, 184.209

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 4.986, 13.172



61, 7.705, 13.413



50, 4.080, 62.879



24, 2.865, 13.114



25, 57.744, 34.790



53, 100.307, 37.419

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 4.745, 191.903 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

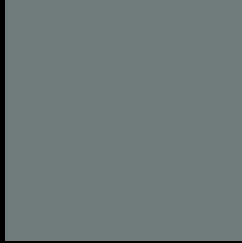
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 4.745, 191.903 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

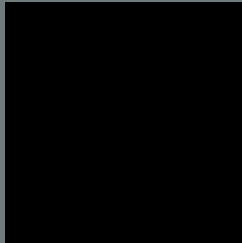
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

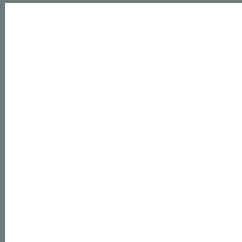
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 4.745, 191.903

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.745, 191.903.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 4.745, 191.903.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

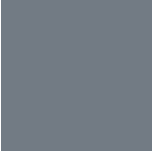
51, 4.745, 191.903

Protanopia

51, 0.804, 19.020

Deuteranopia

51, 6.656, 348.554



Tritanopia
51, 6.196, 257.226

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 4.745, 191.903

Protanomaly
51, 1.193, 199.597

Deuteranomaly
51, 3.091, 330.694

Tritanomaly
51, 5.136, 242.182

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 4.745, 191.903

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 1.590, 199.470

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 4.745, 191.903 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 124, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 124, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 124, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 124, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.745, 191.903 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 124, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 124, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 124, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 124, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 124, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 124,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 4.745, 191.903 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 124, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
124, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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