

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 44.103, 353.293)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 44.103, 353.293)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 44.279, 352.928)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | BA5984 |
| RGB | 186, 89, 132 |
| RGB Percent | 73%, 35%, 52% |
| CMY | 0.2703, 0.6507, 0.4821 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.52, 0.29, 0.27 |
| HSL | 333°, 41%, 54% |
| HSV | 333°, 52%, 73% |
| XYZ | 28.0108, 19.2686, 24.0929 |
| YIQ | 122.9050, 44.0090, 33.9370 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

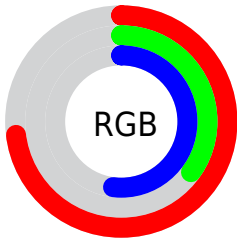
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 186, 89, 132 |
| Decimal | 12212612 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 51.00, 43.94, -5.45 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 51, 44.279, 352.928 |
| Yxy | 19.2686, 0.3925, 0.2700 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290402692 (0xFFBA5984) |
| YUV | 122.9050, 4.4838, 55.3343 |
| Hunter-Lab | 43.8960, 37.0856, -1.8149 |

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 44.279, 352.928** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **69, 40.992, 161.195**, and the grayscale version is **52, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 44.173, 352.805**, and **31, 44.547, 352.621** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 51.664, 354.842**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 36.101, 351.355**.

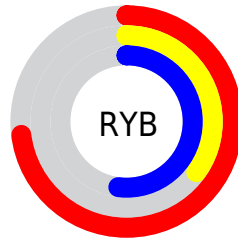
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (35%)

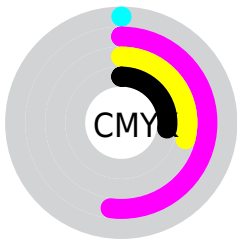
Blue (52%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (52%)

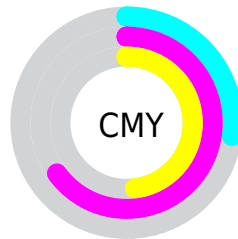


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 44.279, 352.928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 44.279, 352.928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 44.279,
352.928

 51, 44.279,
352.928


 100, 44.279,
352.928

 41, 44.279,
352.928


 71, 44.279,
352.928

 31, 44.279,
352.928

 81, 44.279,
352.928

 21, 44.279,
352.928

 91, 44.279,
352.928

 11, 44.279,
352.928

 1, 44.279, 352.928

 0, 44.279, 352.928

51, 44.279,
352.928

51, 44.279,
352.928

47, 51.664,
354.842

55, 36.101,
351.355

44, 57.831,
357.221

60, 27.518,
350.027

42, 62.399, 0.227

64, 18.818,
348.880

40, 65.219, 4.027

69, 10.196,
347.860


40, 66.629, 7.492

74, 1.771, 346.780

80, 6.391, 166.267

85, 14.260,
165.501

90, 21.832,
164.822

 95, 28.263,
164.954

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 44.279, 352.928



69, 40.992, 161.195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 44.279, 352.928



51, 44.279, 42.928



51, 44.279, 172.928



51, 44.279, 222.928

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 44.276, 352.929



86, 16.747, 348.269



48, 58.995, 313.225



45, 11.427, 348.480



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 44.276, 352.929



60, 64.541, 355.256



51, 41.698, 28.620



36, 4.691, 347.588



33, 58.360, 6.759



2, 11.851, 354.015

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 44.276, 352.929



60, 64.541, 355.256



69, 28.125, 202.733



36, 4.691, 347.588



33, 58.360, 6.759



2, 11.851, 354.015

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 44.279, 352.928 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

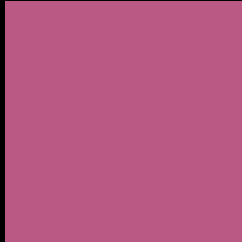
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 44.279, 352.928 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 44.279, 352.928

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 44.279, 352.928.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 44.279, 352.928.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
51, 38.191, 18.823

Trichromacy



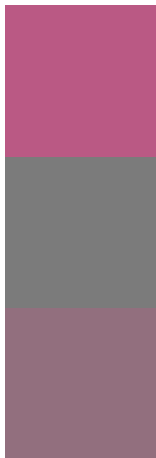
Original Color
51, 44.279, 352.928

Protanomaly
50, 24.151, 321.726

Deuteranomaly
50, 21.715, 346.269

Tritanomaly
51, 39.230, 8.484

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 44.279, 352.928

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 16.606, 349.922

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 44.279, 352.928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 89, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 89, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 89, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 89, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 44.279, 352.928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 89, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 89, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 89, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 89, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 89, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 89,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 44.279, 352.928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 89, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186, 89,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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