

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 44.322, 292.203)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 44.322, 292.203)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 44.832, 292.586)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B73C0
RGB	107, 115, 192
RGB Percent	42%, 45%, 75%
CMY	0.5794, 0.5482, 0.2461
CMYK	0.44, 0.40, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	234°, 40%, 59%
HSV	234°, 44%, 75%
XYZ	21.7893, 19.2686, 52.5810
YIQ	121.3860, -29.4850, 22.2510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

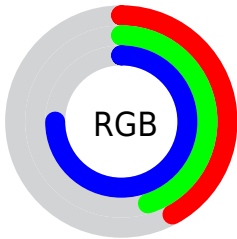
Format	Color
R _Y B	107, 114, 192
Decimal	7041984
CIE Lab	51.00, 17.22, -41.39
CIE LCh	51, 44.832, 292.586
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2327, 0.2058
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285232064 (0xFF6B73C0)
YUV	121.3860, 34.8127, -12.6165
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 11.7864, -40.2935

Details

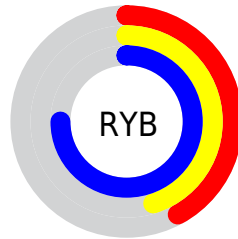
The CIELCh color **51, 44.832, 292.586** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **74, 40.800, 101.445**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 44.782, 292.491**, and **31, 45.036, 292.686** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 56.070, 294.740**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 34.016, 290.709**.

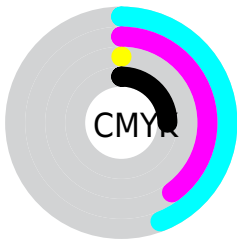
Distribution



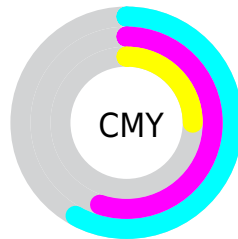
- Red (42%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 44.832, 292.586 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 44.832, 292.586 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 44.832,
292.586

■ 51, 44.832,
292.586

■ 100, 44.832,
292.586

■ 41, 44.832,
292.586

■ 71, 44.832,
292.586

■ 31, 44.832,
292.586

■ 81, 44.832,
292.586

■ 21, 44.832,
292.586

■ 91, 44.832,
292.586

■ 11, 44.832,
292.586

■ 1, 44.832, 292.586

■ 0, 44.832, 292.586

51, 44.832,
292.586

51, 44.832,
292.586

45, 56.070,
294.740

57, 34.016,
290.709

39, 67.656,
297.138

63, 23.620,
289.097

34, 79.318,
299.674

69, 13.615,
287.723

29, 90.388,
302.139

75, 3.972, 286.567

26, 99.661,
304.231


81, 5.337, 105.520

24, 103.689,
305.106

87, 14.337,
104.671

93, 23.048,
103.932

99, 31.397,
107.495

 99, 31.597,
107.774

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 44.832, 292.586



74, 40.800, 101.445

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 44.832, 292.586



51, 44.832, 342.586



51, 44.832, 112.586



51, 44.832, 162.586

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 44.831, 292.586



89, 15.380, 287.597



72, 28.078, 187.697



46, 10.803, 287.879



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 44.831, 292.586



59, 67.776, 294.655



52, 50.556, 308.143



38, 5.420, 287.136



20, 90.101, 304.895



2, 18.181, 288.527

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 36.176, 17.004



66, 54.660, 19.087



74, 46.672, 123.295



38, 4.212, 12.344



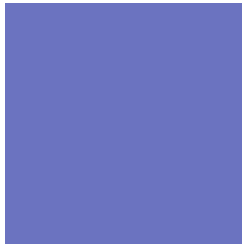
33, 70.056, 35.672



3, 14.072, 14.290

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 44.832, 292.586 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

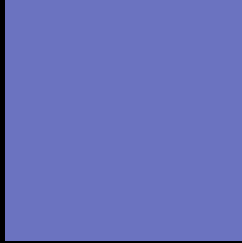
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 44.832, 292.586 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

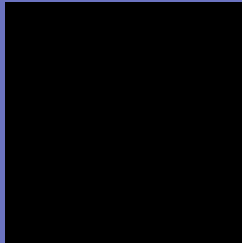
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 44.832, 292.586

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 44.832, 292.586.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 44.832, 292.586.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 44.832, 292.586

Protanopia

51, 44.496, 285.491

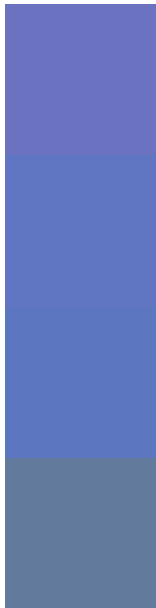
Deuteranopia

51, 41.472, 280.583



Tritanopia
51, 13.519, 224.003

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 44.832, 292.586

Protanomaly
51, 44.341, 287.800

Deuteranomaly
51, 42.229, 284.864

Tritanomaly
51, 21.165, 269.424

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 44.832, 292.586

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 16.342, 288.430

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 44.832, 292.586 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 115, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 115, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 115, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 115, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 44.832, 292.586 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 115, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 115, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 115, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 115, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 115, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 115,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 44.832, 292.586 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 115, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
115, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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