

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 46.338, 280.874)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 46.338, 280.874)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 46.167, 280.877)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B79C7
RGB	75, 121, 199
RGB Percent	29%, 47%, 78%
CMY	0.7062, 0.5258, 0.2199
CMYK	0.62, 0.39, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	218°, 53%, 54%
HSV	218°, 62%, 78%
XYZ	20.0221, 19.2686, 56.6464
YIQ	116.1380, -52.4540, 14.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

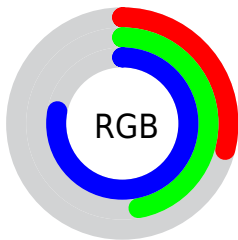
Format	Color
R _Y B	75, 109, 199
Decimal	4946375
CIE Lab	51.00, 8.71, -45.34
CIE LCh	51, 46.167, 280.877
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2087, 0.2008
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283136455 (0xFF4B79C7)
YUV	116.1380, 40.8510, -36.0780
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 4.6006, -45.7846

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 46.167, 280.877** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **66, 47.547, 79.483**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 45.511, 280.574**, and **31, 46.212, 282.776** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 54.004, 284.224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56, 38.500, 277.917**.

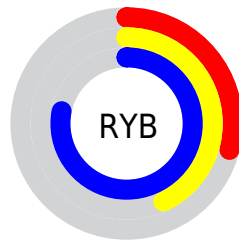
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (47%)

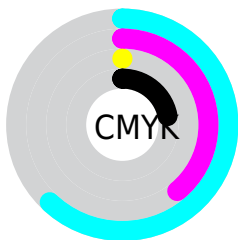
Blue (78%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (78%)

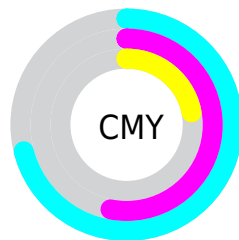


Cyan (62%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 46.167, 280.877 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 46.167, 280.877 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 46.167,
280.877

■ 51, 46.167,
280.877

■ 100, 46.167,
280.877

■ 41, 46.167,
280.877

■ 71, 46.167,
280.877

■ 31, 46.167,
280.877

■ 81, 46.167,
280.877

■ 21, 46.167,
280.877

■ 91, 46.167,
280.877

■ 11, 46.167,
280.877

■ 1, 46.167, 280.877

■ 0, 46.167, 280.877

■ 51, 46.167,
280.877

■ 51, 46.167,
280.877

■ 47, 54.004,
284.224

■ 56, 38.500,
277.917

■ 43, 62.048,
287.888

■ 60, 30.963,
275.351

■ 39, 70.281,
291.720

■ 65, 23.523,
273.152

■ 36, 76.657,
294.552

■ 70, 16.165,
271.277

■ 74, 8.884, 269.686

■ 79, 1.681, 268.440

■ 84, 5.440, 87.048

■ 89, 12.471, 86.050

■ 93, 19.409, 85.164

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 46.167, 280.877



66, 47.547, 79.483

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 46.167, 280.877



51, 46.167, 330.877



51, 46.167, 100.877



51, 46.167, 150.877

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 46.166, 280.878



89, 16.795, 270.762



73, 47.625, 163.165



46, 11.576, 271.250



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 46.166, 280.878



58, 68.731, 285.572



40, 74.491, 302.402



39, 4.077, 269.267



29, 65.177, 293.979



4, 16.084, 279.088

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 53.430, 0.178



59, 75.019, 4.186



77, 62.288, 110.169



39, 4.797, 352.036



34, 61.035, 13.907



4, 16.868, 0.502

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 46.167, 280.877 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 46.167, 280.877 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

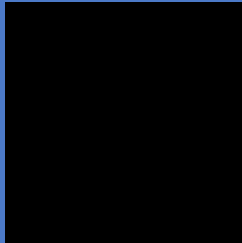
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

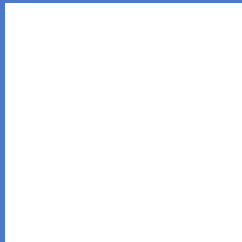
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 46.167, 280.877

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 46.167, 280.877.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 46.167, 280.877.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 46.167, 280.877

Protanopia

51, 46.231, 286.228

Deuteranopia

51, 45.785, 279.269



Tritanopia
51, 25.499, 210.427

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 46.167, 280.877

Protanomaly
51, 46.370, 284.447

Deuteranomaly
51, 45.742, 279.504

Tritanomaly
51, 27.369, 244.934

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 46.167, 280.877

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 17.263, 272.134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 46.167, 280.877 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 121, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 121, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 121, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 121, 199) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 46.167, 280.877 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 121, 199) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 121, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 121, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 121, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 121, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 121,  
199) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 46.167, 280.877 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 121, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 121,  
199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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