

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 5.419, 108.064)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 5.419, 108.064) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 5.222, 109.494)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A7A71
RGB	122, 122, 113
RGB Percent	48%, 48%, 44%
CMY	0.5213, 0.5213, 0.5566
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.52
HSL	60°, 4%, 46%
HSV	60°, 7%, 48%
XYZ	17.9847, 19.2686, 18.4108
YIQ	120.9740, 2.8890, -2.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

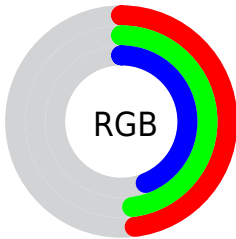
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 122, 113
Decimal	8026737
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, -1.74, 4.92
CIE _{LCh}	51, 5.222, 109.494
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3231, 0.3462
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286216817 (0xFF7A7A71)
YUV	120.9740, -3.9312, 0.8998
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -3.6846, 5.8600

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 5.222, 109.494** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **48, 5.315, 290.908**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 4.893, 109.679**, and **31, 5.074, 109.231** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 12.282, 108.584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 1.869, 290.450**.

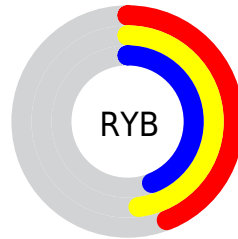
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (48%)

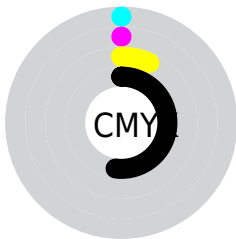
Blue (44%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (44%)

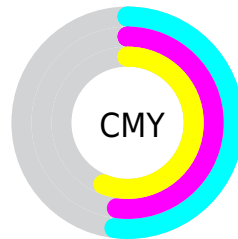


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 5.222, 109.494 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 5.222, 109.494 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 5.222, 109.494

■ 51, 5.222, 109.494

■ 100, 5.222,
109.494

■ 41, 5.222, 109.494

■ 71, 5.222, 109.494

■ 31, 5.222, 109.494

■ 81, 5.222, 109.494

■ 21, 5.222, 109.494

■ 91, 5.222, 109.494

■ 11, 5.222, 109.494

■ 1, 5.222, 109.494

■ 0, 5.222, 109.494

■ 51, 5.222, 109.494

■ 51, 5.222, 109.494

■ 51, 12.282,
108.584

■ 51, 1.869, 290.450

■ 52, 8.967, 291.322

■ 50, 19.266,
107.659

■ 52, 16.053,
292.182

■ 50, 26.114,
106.747

■ 53, 23.112,
293.010

■ 50, 32.730,
105.869

■ 53, 30.134,
293.801

■ 50, 38.971,
105.048

■ 54, 37.111,
294.553

■ 50, 44.628,
104.315

■ 54, 44.037,
295.264

■ 50, 49.426,
103.704

■ 55, 50.905,
295.935

■ 50, 53.054,
103.251

■ 55, 57.712,
296.567

■ 50, 55.538,
102.946

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 5.222, 109.494



48, 5.315, 290.908

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 5.222, 109.494



51, 5.222, 159.494



51, 5.222, 289.494



51, 5.222, 339.494

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 5.223, 109.505



65, 1.746, 109.971



48, 3.702, 19.739



34, 0.987, 109.983



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 5.223, 109.505



65, 7.875, 109.337



51, 5.563, 128.775



26, 3.997, 109.350



51, 57.133, 102.868



96, 96.175, 102.869

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 5.315, 290.908



60, 8.040, 291.097



48, 5.625, 309.366



23, 4.080, 291.081



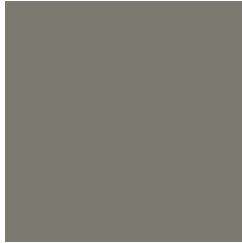
12, 78.889, 306.288



32, 132.799, 306.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 5.222, 109.494 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 5.222, 109.494 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

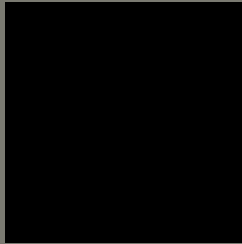
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

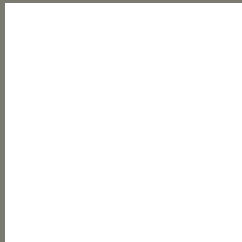
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 5.222, 109.494

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 5.222, 109.494.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 5.222, 109.494.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 5.222, 109.494

Protanopia

51, 5.611, 87.806

Deuteranopia

51, 8.125, 32.550



Tritanopia
51, 5.503, 307.406

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 5.222, 109.494

Protanomaly
51, 5.472, 91.872

Deuteranomaly
51, 5.762, 49.996

Tritanomaly
51, 1.426, 324.401

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 5.222, 109.494

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 1.740, 109.927

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 51, 5.222, 109.494 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 122, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 122, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 122, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 122, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 5.222, 109.494 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 122, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 122, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 122, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 122, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 122, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 122,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 5.222, 109.494 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 122, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
122, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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