

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 5.659, 211.781)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 5.659, 211.781) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 5.501, 211.185)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E7C7E
RGB	110, 124, 126
RGB Percent	43%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.5683, 0.5133, 0.5055
CMYK	0.13, 0.02, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	187°, 7%, 46%
HSV	187°, 13%, 49%
XYZ	17.4334, 19.2686, 22.5708
YIQ	120.0420, -8.9860, -2.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

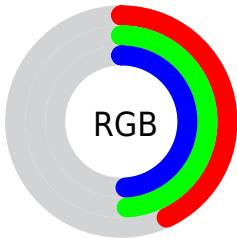
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 117, 126
Decimal	7240830
CIE Lab	51.00, -4.71, -2.85
CIE LCh	51, 5.501, 211.185
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2941, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285430910 (0xFF6E7C7E)
YUV	120.0420, 2.9373, -8.8068
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -5.9263, 0.2410

Details

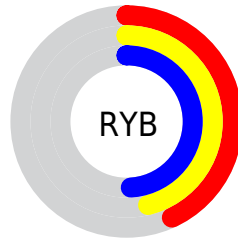
The CIELCh color **51, 5.501, 211.185** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **48, 5.958, 31.308**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 5.556, 210.409**, and **31, 5.498, 212.134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 9.551, 211.204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 1.195, 211.468**.

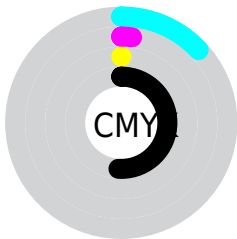
Distribution



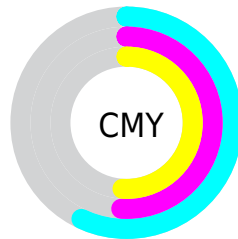
- Red (43%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 5.501, 211.185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 5.501, 211.185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 5.501, 211.185

■ 51, 5.501, 211.185

■ 100, 5.501,
211.185

■ 41, 5.501, 211.185

■ 71, 5.501, 211.185

■ 31, 5.501, 211.185

■ 81, 5.501, 211.185

■ 21, 5.501, 211.185

■ 91, 5.501, 211.185

■ 11, 5.501, 211.185

■ 1, 5.501, 211.185

■ 0, 5.501, 211.185

■ 51, 5.501, 211.185

■ 51, 5.501, 211.185

■ 50, 9.551, 211.204

■ 52, 1.195, 211.468

■ 48, 13.280,

■ 54, 3.312, 31.132

211.379

56, 7.968, 31.376

47, 16.623,
211.714

57, 12.734, 31.614

46, 19.513,
212.242

59, 17.573, 31.876

45, 21.896,
213.002

61, 22.458, 32.158

44, 23.730,
214.038

62, 27.368, 32.454

44, 25.003,
215.396

64, 32.284, 32.759

43, 25.740,
217.119

42, 26.132,
218.479

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 5.501, 211.185



48, 5.958, 31.308

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 5.501, 211.185



51, 5.501, 261.185



51, 5.501, 31.185



51, 5.501, 81.185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 5.501, 211.172



66, 2.188, 211.345



51, 10.505, 147.035



34, 1.545, 211.311



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 5.501, 211.172



64, 7.972, 211.166



49, 6.215, 268.603



26, 2.489, 211.202



43, 26.340, 218.507



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 10.466, 328.736



61, 15.297, 328.891



51, 6.271, 85.345



25, 4.682, 328.524



29, 62.873, 333.723



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 5.501, 211.185 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 5.501, 211.185 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

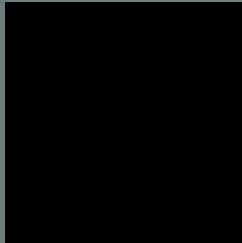
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

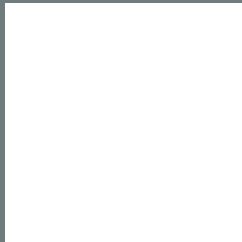
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 5.501, 211.185

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 5.501, 211.185.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 5.501, 211.185.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

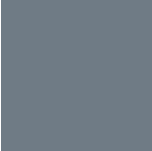
51, 5.501, 211.185

Protanopia

51, 1.935, 314.702

Deuteranopia

51, 7.131, 332.883



Tritanopia
51, 7.286, 252.474

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 5.501, 211.185

Protanomaly
51, 2.334, 248.050

Deuteranomaly
51, 4.271, 306.770

Tritanomaly
51, 6.056, 241.595

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 5.501, 211.185

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 2.054, 215.916

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 5.501, 211.185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 124, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 124, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 124, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 124, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 5.501, 211.185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 124, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 124, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 124, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 124, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 124, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 124,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 5.501, 211.185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 124, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
124, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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