

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 50.832, 33.568)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 50.832, 33.568) contains.

CIELCh(51, 50.739, 33.517)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(51, 50.739, 33.517)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4584C
RGB	196, 88, 76
RGB Percent	77%, 35%, 30%
CMY	0.2309, 0.6545, 0.7016
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.61, 0.23
HSL	6°, 50%, 53%
HSV	6°, 61%, 77%
XYZ	27.5986, 19.2686, 9.1179
YIQ	118.9240, 68.2200, 19.1640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

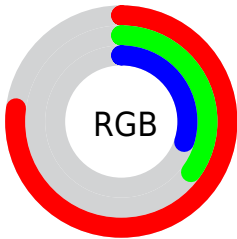
Format	Color
R_{YB}	196, 89, 76
Decimal	12867660
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, 42.30, 28.02
CIE _{LCh}	51, 50.739, 33.517
Yxy	19.2686, 0.4930, 0.3442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291057740 (0xFFC4584C)
YUV	118.9240, -21.1615, 67.5957
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 35.4098, 18.4118

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 50.739, 33.517** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **69, 31.080, 209.521**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 49.894, 33.751**, and **31, 50.897, 33.939** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 60.598, 35.456**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 41.076, 31.974**.

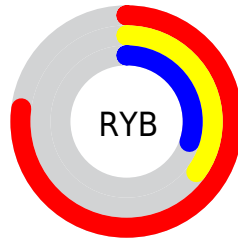
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (35%)

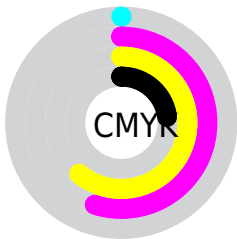
Blue (30%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (30%)

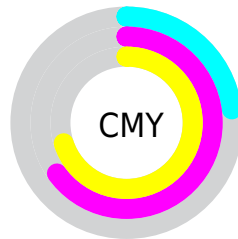


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (61%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 50.739, 33.517 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 50.739, 33.517 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 50.739, 33.517

■ 51, 50.739, 33.517

■ 100, 50.739,
33.517

■ 41, 50.739, 33.517

■ 71, 50.739, 33.517

■ 31, 50.739, 33.517

■ 81, 50.739, 33.517

■ 21, 50.739, 33.517

■ 91, 50.739, 33.517

■ 11, 50.739, 33.517

■ 1, 50.739, 33.517

■ 0, 50.739, 33.517

■ 51, 50.739, 33.517

■ 51, 50.739, 33.517

■ 48, 60.598, 35.456

■ 55, 41.076, 31.974

■ 45, 70.221, 37.668

■ 59, 31.849, 30.798

43, 78.670, 39.710

64, 23.179, 29.931

42, 84.301, 41.121

69, 15.118, 29.307

74, 7.665, 28.850

79, 0.789, 27.951

84, 5.556, 208.577

89, 11.423,
208.441

94, 16.866,
208.400

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 50.739, 33.517



69, 31.080, 209.521

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 50.739, 33.517



51, 50.739, 83.517



51, 50.739, 213.517



51, 50.739, 263.517

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 50.737, 33.520



89, 15.694, 29.160



52, 69.645, 330.771



46, 11.040, 29.308



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 50.737, 33.520



60, 77.354, 36.089



65, 45.529, 77.089



38, 3.813, 28.775



34, 72.295, 41.179



4, 13.130, 25.253

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 31.080, 209.521



86, 41.745, 210.614



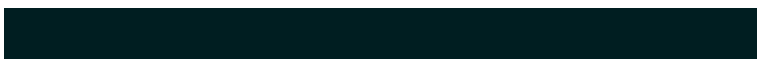
52, 42.885, 278.105



40, 3.590, 208.546



55, 31.617, 214.002



9, 11.158, 209.912

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 50.739, 33.517 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 50.739, 33.517 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 50.739, 33.517

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 50.739, 33.517.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 50.739, 33.517.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 50.739, 33.517

Protanopia

51, 18.893, 95.623

Deuteranopia

51, 30.266, 77.175



Tritanopia
51, 48.632, 22.665

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 50.739, 33.517

Protanomaly
50, 25.638, 55.086

Deuteranomaly
50, 34.553, 54.567

Tritanomaly
51, 49.278, 27.014

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 50.739, 33.517

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 17.253, 30.988

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 50.739, 33.517 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 88, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 88, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 88, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 88, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 50.739, 33.517 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 88, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 88, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 88, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 88, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 88, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 88,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 50.739, 33.517 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 88, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196, 88,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor