

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 6.927, 91.077)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(51, 6.927, 91.077) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(51, 6.708, 91.230)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7E796E
RGB	126, 121, 110
RGB Percent	49%, 47%, 43%
CMY	0.5055, 0.5251, 0.5683
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.13, 0.51
HSL	41°, 7%, 46%
HSV	41°, 13%, 49%
XYZ	18.2869, 19.2686, 17.5342
YIQ	121.2410, 6.5110, -2.3610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

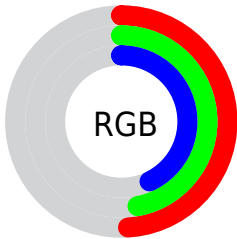
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	117, 126, 110
Decimal	8288622
CIE Lab	51.00, -0.14, 6.71
CIE LCh	51, 6.708, 91.230
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3319, 0.3498
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286478702 (0xFF7E796E)
YUV	121.2410, -5.5418, 4.1736
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -2.4559, 7.0439

# Details

The CIELCh color  $51, 6.708, 91.230$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $48, 6.718, 274.394$ , and the grayscale version is  $51, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $71, 6.404, 88.317$ , and  $31, 7.206, 93.961$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $50, 12.107, 90.025$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $52, 1.404, 92.339$ .

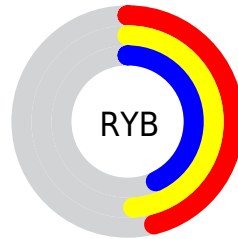
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (47%)

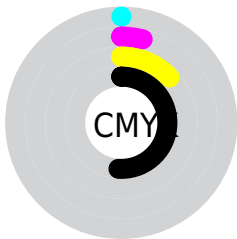
Blue (43%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (43%)

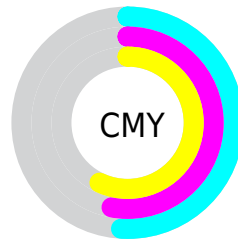


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 6.708, 91.230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 6.708, 91.230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51, 6.708, 91.230      ■ 51, 6.708, 91.230

■ 100, 6.708, 91.230      ■ 41, 6.708, 91.230

■ 71, 6.708, 91.230      ■ 31, 6.708, 91.230

■ 81, 6.708, 91.230      ■ 21, 6.708, 91.230

■ 91, 6.708, 91.230      ■ 11, 6.708, 91.230

■ 1, 6.708, 91.230

■ 0, 6.708, 91.230

■ 51, 6.708, 91.230      ■ 51, 6.708, 91.230

■ 50, 12.107, 90.025      ■ 52, 1.404, 92.339

■ 48, 17.587, 88.764      ■ 54, 3.805, 273.640

47, 23.118, 87.466

55, 8.919, 274.713

46, 28.643, 86.130

57, 13.945,  
275.756

44, 34.048, 84.747

58, 18.887,  
276.753

43, 39.134, 83.289

42, 43.574, 81.700

60, 23.751,  
277.703

41, 46.907, 79.873

62, 28.543,  
278.604

40, 49.140, 78.554

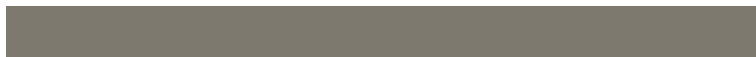
63, 33.268,  
279.459

65, 37.932,  
280.268

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



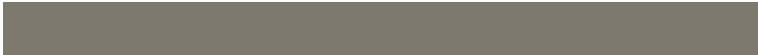
51, 6.708, 91.230



48, 6.718, 274.394

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 6.708, 91.230



51, 6.708, 141.230



51, 6.708, 271.230



51, 6.708, 321.230

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 6.709, 91.242



66, 2.586, 92.214



48, 7.221, 355.943



34, 1.830, 92.149



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 6.709, 91.242



64, 9.818, 90.924



52, 9.317, 116.502



26, 2.996, 91.663



40, 49.531, 78.523



0, 0.000, 0.000





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 6.718, 274.394



61, 9.827, 274.766



47, 9.565, 298.264



25, 3.003, 273.920



20, 58.499, 296.593

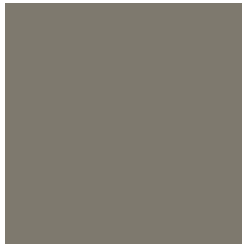


0, 0.000, 0.000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 6.708, 91.230 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 6.708, 91.230 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

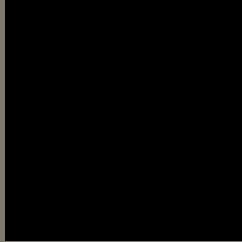
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 51, 6.708, 91.230

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 6.708, 91.230.

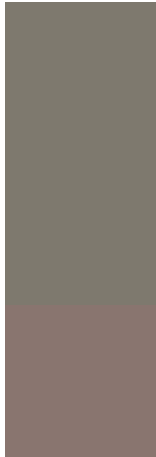


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 6.708, 91.230.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

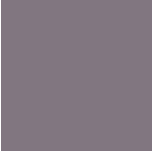
51, 6.708, 91.230

### Protanopia

51, 6.708, 91.230

### Deuteranopia

51, 9.144, 42.514



**Tritanopia**  
51, 7.321, 327.440



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
51, 6.708, 91.230

**Protanomaly**  
51, 6.708, 91.230

**Deuteranomaly**  
51, 7.505, 52.631

**Tritanomaly**  
51, 3.834, 2.104

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
51, 6.708, 91.230

**Achromatopsia**  
51, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
51, 2.452, 90.484

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 6.708, 91.230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 121, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 121, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 121, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 121, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 6.708, 91.230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 121, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 121, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 121, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 121, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 121, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 121,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 6.708, 91.230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 121, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
121, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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