

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 62.233, 290.650)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 62.233, 290.650)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 62.146, 290.464)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5373DE
RGB	83, 115, 222
RGB Percent	33%, 45%, 87%
CMY	0.6760, 0.5502, 0.1308
CMYK	0.63, 0.48, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	226°, 68%, 60%
HSV	226°, 63%, 87%
XYZ	22.7667, 19.2686, 71.3805
YIQ	117.6300, -53.4190, 26.4930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

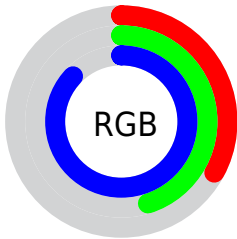
Format	Color
RYB	83, 109, 222
Decimal	5469150
CIELab	51.00, 21.73, -58.22
CIELCh	51, 62.146, 290.464
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2007, 0.1699
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283659230 (0xFF5373DE)
YUV	117.6300, 51.4544, -30.3705
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 15.7609, -65.6858

Details

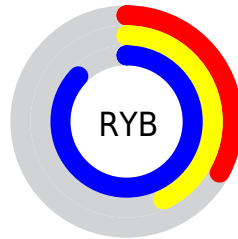
The CIELCh color **51, 62.146, 290.464** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **78, 56.809, 90.644**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 48.324, 287.005**, and **32, 61.754, 291.388** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 73.221, 293.449**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 51.399, 287.766**.

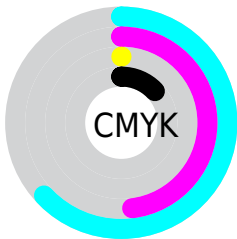
Distribution



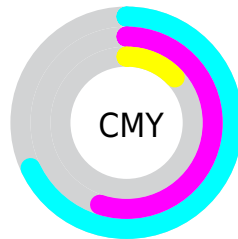
- Red (33%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)





- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (13%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 62.146, 290.464 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 62.146, 290.464 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 51, 62.146,
290.464


 51, 62.146,
290.464


 100, 62.146,
290.464


 41, 62.146,
290.464


 71, 62.146,
290.464

 31, 62.146,
290.464

 81, 62.146,
290.464

 21, 62.146,
290.464

 91, 62.146,
290.464

 11, 62.146,
290.464

 1, 62.146, 290.464

 0, 62.146, 290.464

■ 51, 62.146,
290.464

■ 51, 62.146,
290.464

■ 45, 73.221,
293.449

■ 57, 51.399,
287.766

■ 40, 84.455,
296.594

■ 63, 41.009,
285.397

■ 36, 95.398,
299.686

■ 69, 30.953,
283.352

■ 33, 102.744,
301.696


■ 75, 21.197,
281.602

■ 81, 11.715,
280.110

■ 87, 2.486, 278.885

■ 93, 6.506, 97.675

■ 98, 14.999,
103.559

 99, 16.868,
108.902

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 62.146, 290.464



78, 56.809, 90.644

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 62.146, 290.464



51, 62.146, 340.464



51, 62.146, 110.464



51, 62.146, 160.464

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 62.146, 290.465



87, 19.759, 281.040



80, 45.374, 173.838



45, 13.651, 281.490



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 62.146, 290.465



51, 84.967, 294.340



46, 81.521, 305.963



43, 5.159, 279.670



25, 84.250, 301.226



4, 24.941, 289.255

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 57.787, 11.185



58, 75.653, 15.672



83, 69.783, 117.072



43, 4.851, 1.766



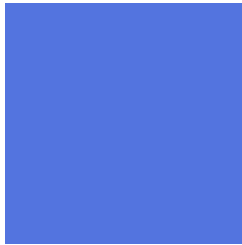
36, 68.096, 26.768



5, 23.773, 10.291

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 62.146, 290.464 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

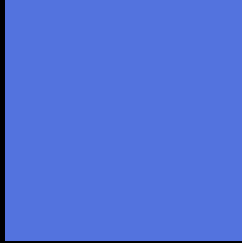
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 62.146, 290.464 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

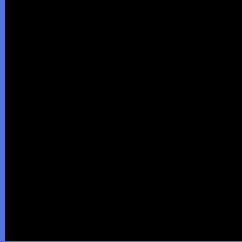
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 62.146, 290.464

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 62.146, 290.464.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 62.146, 290.464.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 62.146, 290.464

Protanopia

51, 62.436, 287.125

Deuteranopia

51, 56.850, 277.582



Tritanopia
51, 26.420, 211.212

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 62.146, 290.464

Protanomaly
51, 62.354, 288.236

Deuteranomaly
50, 58.706, 280.832

Tritanomaly
50, 31.658, 257.235

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 62.146, 290.464

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 23.106, 282.953

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 62.146, 290.464 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 115, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 115, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 115, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 115, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 62.146, 290.464 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 115, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 115, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 115, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 115, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 115, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 115,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 62.146, 290.464 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 115, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 115,  
222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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