

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 72.111, 134.623)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 72.111, 134.623)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 72.033, 134.616)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	258C0E
RGB	37, 140, 14
RGB Percent	15%, 55%, 5%
CMY	0.8534, 0.4499, 0.9434
CMYK	0.73, 0.00, 0.90, 0.45
HSL	109°, 81%, 30%
HSV	109°, 90%, 55%
XYZ	10.2768, 19.2686, 3.6085
YIQ	94.8390, -20.9420, -61.0220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

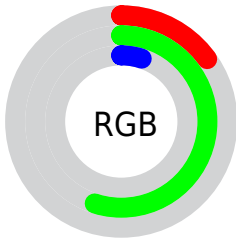
Format	Color
RYB	14, 140, 117
Decimal	2460686
CIELab	51.00, -50.59, 51.28
CIELCh	51, 72.033, 134.616
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3100, 0.5812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280650766 (0xFF258C0E)
YUV	94.8390, -39.8536, -50.7248
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -35.0283, 25.8532

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 72.033, 134.616** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **29, 72.295, 321.772**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 72.113, 134.600**, and **32, 55.146, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 75.287, 134.654**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 67.369, 134.750**.

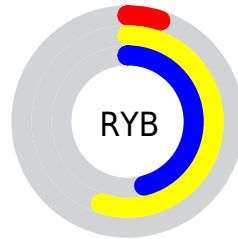
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (55%)

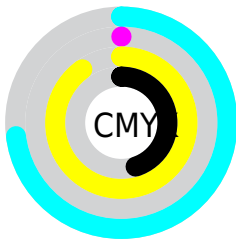
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (46%)

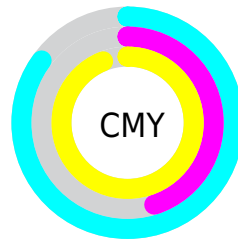


Cyan (73%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (85%)


Magenta (45%)


Yellow (94%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 72.033, 134.616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 72.033, 134.616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 72.033,
134.616


 51, 72.033,
134.616


 100, 72.033,
134.616


 41, 72.033,
134.616


 71, 72.033,
134.616

 31, 72.033,
134.616

 81, 72.033,
134.616

 21, 72.033,
134.616

 91, 72.033,
134.616

 11, 72.033,
134.616

 1, 72.033, 134.616

 0, 72.033, 134.616

■ 51, 72.033,
134.616

■ 51, 72.033,
134.616

■ 51, 75.287,
134.654

■ 51, 67.369,
134.750

■ 51, 75.377,
134.649

■ 52, 61.141,
135.180

■ 52, 53.717,
135.787

■ 53, 45.456,
136.467

■ 54, 36.650,
137.150

■ 55, 27.526,
137.795

■ 56, 18.252,
138.383

■ 57, 8.954, 138.912

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 72.033, 134.616



29, 72.295, 321.772

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 72.033, 134.616



51, 72.033, 184.616



51, 72.033, 314.616



51, 72.033, 4.616

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 72.033, 134.617



71, 31.171, 137.925



50, 52.894, 90.955



36, 20.922, 137.744



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 72.033, 134.617



65, 92.122, 134.848



51, 62.082, 144.031



30, 5.283, 138.938



49, 73.337, 134.617



2, 3.559, 139.337

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 72.295, 321.772



38, 91.787, 321.330



31, 57.553, 343.768



28, 5.310, 319.714



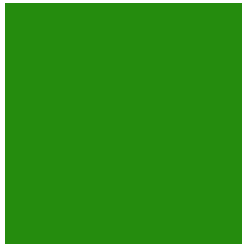
27, 73.248, 321.492



1, 3.559, 319.333

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 72.033, 134.616 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 72.033, 134.616 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

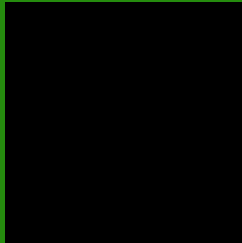
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 72.033, 134.616

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 72.033, 134.616.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 72.033, 134.616.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
51, 72.033, 134.616

Protanopia
51, 55.541, 95.421

Deuteranopia
51, 48.498, 82.323



Tritanopia
51, 20.700, 215.787

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 72.033, 134.616

Protanomaly
50, 58.363, 115.836

Deuteranomaly
49, 51.215, 110.979

Tritanomaly
50, 36.222, 157.251

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 72.033, 134.616

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 30.930, 137.280

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 72.033, 134.616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 140, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 140, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 140, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 140, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 72.033, 134.616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 140, 14) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 140, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 140, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 140, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 140, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 140,  
14) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 72.033, 134.616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 140, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 140,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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