

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 74.703, 54.749)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(51, 74.703, 54.749) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(51, 74.206, 54.654)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CA5600
RGB	202, 86, 0
RGB Percent	79%, 34%, 0%
CMY	0.2070, 0.6621, 0.9991
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 1.00, 0.21
HSL	26°, 100%, 40%
HSV	26°, 100%, 79%
XYZ	27.7557, 19.2686, 2.2631
YIQ	110.8800, 96.7420, -2.1540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

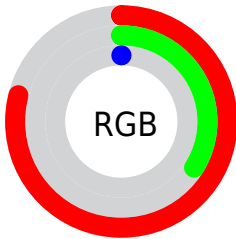
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	202, 150, 0
Decimal	13260288
CIELab	51.00, 42.93, 60.53
CIELCh	51, 74.206, 54.654
Yxy	19.2686, 0.5631, 0.3909
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291450368 (0xFFCA5600)
YUV	110.8800, -54.6638, 79.9122
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 36.0485, 27.6704

# Details

The CIELCh color **51, 74.206, 54.654** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **48, 52.327, 275.999**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 70.057, 56.586**, and **31, 61.691, 45.054** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 74.274, 54.634**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 68.424, 56.844**.

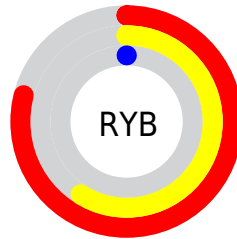
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (34%)

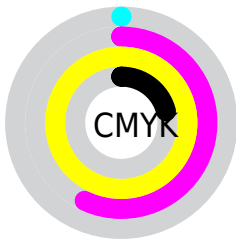
Blue (0%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (0%)

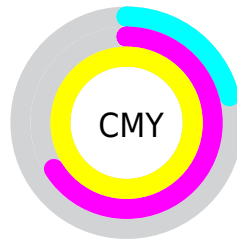


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 74.206, 54.654 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 74.206, 54.654 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



51, 74.206, 54.654

51, 74.206, 54.654

100, 74.206,  
54.654

41, 74.206, 54.654

71, 74.206, 54.654

31, 74.206, 54.654

81, 74.206, 54.654

21, 74.206, 54.654

91, 74.206, 54.654

11, 74.206, 54.654

1, 74.206, 54.654

0, 74.206, 54.654

51, 74.206, 54.654

51, 74.206, 54.654

51, 74.274, 54.634

53, 68.424, 56.844

56, 61.006, 58.452

59, 52.626, 59.637

62, 44.059, 60.668

65, 35.694, 61.666

68, 27.699, 62.680

71, 20.132, 63.717

74, 12.997, 64.772

78, 6.271, 65.815

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 74.206, 54.654



48, 52.327, 275.999

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 74.206, 54.654



51, 74.206, 104.654



51, 74.206, 234.654



51, 74.206, 284.654

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 74.203, 54.656



88, 24.439, 63.662



44, 72.782, 354.535



45, 16.892, 63.216



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 74.203, 54.656



63, 88.826, 54.089



74, 76.626, 97.199



41, 3.621, 65.863



42, 63.804, 55.209



7, 14.523, 48.917



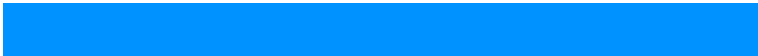


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 52.327, 275.999



60, 63.136, 276.779



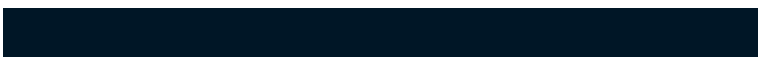
26, 108.439, 305.309



41, 3.503, 248.124



40, 44.638, 275.289



6, 13.787, 263.397



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 74.206, 54.654 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 74.206, 54.654 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 51, 74.206, 54.654

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 74.206, 54.654.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 74.206, 54.654.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51, 74.206, 54.654

### Protanopia

51, 52.753, 94.928

### Deuteranopia

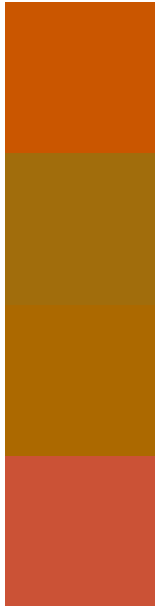
51, 57.654, 84.022



**Tritanopia**  
51, 54.653, 24.872



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
51, 74.206, 54.654

**Protanomaly**  
50, 56.220, 76.175

**Deuteranomaly**  
51, 61.541, 70.553

**Tritanomaly**  
51, 61.533, 40.927

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
51, 74.206, 54.654

**Achromatopsia**  
47, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
47, 27.466, 61.629

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 74.206, 54.654 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 86, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 86, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 86, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 86, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 74.206, 54.654 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 86, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 86, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 86, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 86, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 86, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 86, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 74.206, 54.654 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 86, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202, 86,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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