

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 77.093, 135.772)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 77.093, 135.772)
contains.

CIELCh(51, 77.208, 135.776)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(51, 77.208, 135.776)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	058E00
RGB	5, 142, 0
RGB Percent	2%, 56%, 0%
CMY	0.9813, 0.4445, 1.0000
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 1.00, 0.44
HSL	118°, 100%, 28%
HSV	118°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	9.6759, 19.2686, 3.1918
YIQ	84.8490, -36.0700, -73.2060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

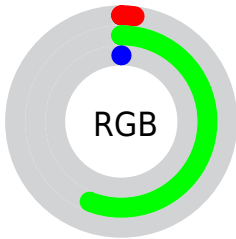
Format	Color
RYB	0, 142, 137
Decimal	364032
CIELab	51.00, -55.33, 53.85
CIELCh	51, 77.208, 135.776
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3011, 0.5996
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278554112 (0xFF058E00)
YUV	84.8490, -41.8306, -70.0276
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -37.4718, 26.4161

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 77.208, 135.776** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **32, 74.720, 326.937**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 77.217, 135.728**, and **33, 56.009, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 77.118, 135.824**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 74.342, 136.314**.

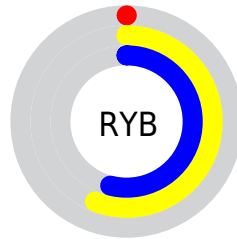
Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (56%)

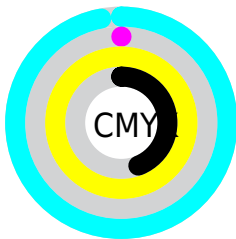
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (54%)

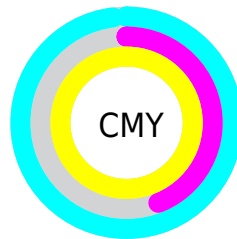


Cyan (97%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (98%)


Magenta (44%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 77.208, 135.776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 77.208, 135.776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 77.208,
135.776


 51, 77.208,
135.776


 100, 77.208,
135.776


 41, 77.208,
135.776


 71, 77.208,
135.776

 31, 77.208,
135.776

 81, 77.208,
135.776

 21, 77.208,
135.776

 91, 77.208,
135.776

 11, 77.208,
135.776

 1, 77.208, 135.776

 0, 77.208, 135.776

■ 51, 77.208,
135.776

■ 51, 77.208,
135.776

■ 51, 77.118,
135.824

■ 51, 74.342,
136.314

■ 51, 70.065,
136.955

■ 52, 64.027,
137.840

■ 52, 56.587,
138.837

■ 53, 48.122,
139.839

■ 54, 38.962,
140.779

■ 55, 29.378,
141.625

■ 56, 19.586,

142.369

■ 57, 9.750, 143.017

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 77.208, 135.776



32, 74.720, 326.937

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 77.208, 135.776



51, 77.208, 185.776



51, 77.208, 315.776



51, 77.208, 5.776

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 77.118, 135.824



70, 36.300, 141.575



55, 60.362, 99.658



36, 24.643, 141.272



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 77.118, 135.824



65, 93.407, 135.876



51, 59.744, 147.295



30, 5.538, 143.067



49, 74.522, 135.813



2, 3.726, 143.545

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 74.720, 326.937



43, 90.442, 326.910



30, 55.528, 356.477



28, 5.550, 323.990



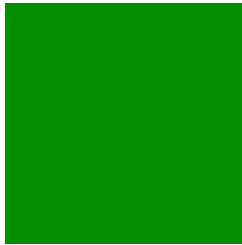
31, 72.216, 326.943



1, 3.727, 323.541

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 77.208, 135.776 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 77.208, 135.776 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

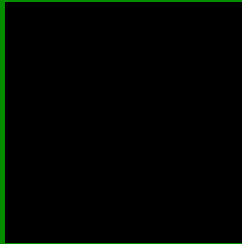
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 77.208, 135.776

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 77.208, 135.776.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 77.208, 135.776.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 77.250, 135.816

Protanopia

51, 56.336, 95.422

Deuteranopia

51, 49.248, 82.538



Tritanopia
51, 22.868, 212.233

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 77.250, 135.816



Protanomaly
49, 61.819, 120.283



Deuteranomaly
49, 54.603, 116.580

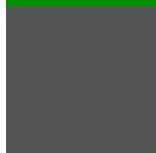


Tritanomaly
50, 42.439, 156.584

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 77.250, 135.816



Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
40, 37.299, 139.967

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 77.208, 135.776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 142, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 142, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 142, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 142, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 77.208, 135.776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 142, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 142, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(5, 142, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 142, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 142, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 142, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 77.208, 135.776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 142, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 142,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor