

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 8.029, 347.143)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 8.029, 347.143) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 8.300, 346.296)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86757D
RGB	134, 117, 125
RGB Percent	53%, 46%, 49%
CMY	0.4745, 0.5412, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.07, 0.47
HSL	332°, 7%, 49%
HSV	332°, 13%, 53%
XYZ	19.8916, 19.2686, 22.0700
YIQ	122.9950, 7.5640, 6.0920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

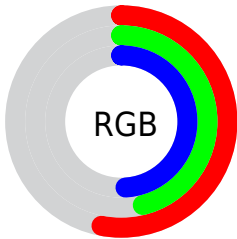
Format	Color
RYB	134, 117, 125
Decimal	8811901
CIELab	51.00, 8.06, -1.97
CIELCh	51, 8.300, 346.296
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3249, 0.3147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287001981 (0xFF86757D)
YUV	122.9950, 0.9885, 9.6514
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 4.0697, 0.9175

Details

The CIELCh color $51, 8.300, 346.296$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $54, 8.150, 164.248$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 8.399, 344.403$, and $31, 7.971, 346.917$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 14.995, 347.264$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 1.737, 345.308$.

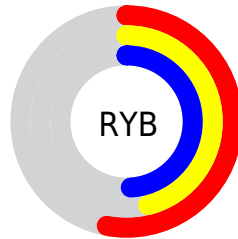
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (46%)

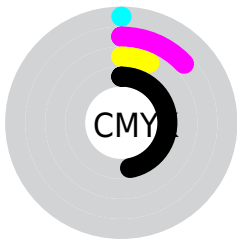
Blue (49%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (49%)

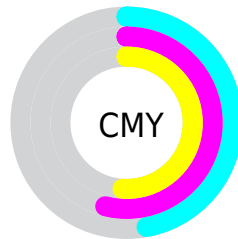


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 8.300, 346.296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 8.300, 346.296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 8.300, 346.296

■ 51, 8.300, 346.296

■ 100, 8.300,
346.296

■ 41, 8.300, 346.296

■ 71, 8.300, 346.296

■ 31, 8.300, 346.296

■ 81, 8.300, 346.296

■ 21, 8.300, 346.296

■ 91, 8.300, 346.296

■ 11, 8.300, 346.296

■ 1, 8.300, 346.296

■ 0, 8.300, 346.296

■ 51, 8.300, 346.296

■ 51, 8.300, 346.296

■ 47, 14.995,
347.264

■ 55, 1.737, 345.308

■ 59, 4.638, 164.782

44, 21.735,
348.339

63, 10.801,
164.039

40, 28.374,
349.570

67, 16.745,
163.379

37, 34.701,
351.010

71, 22.475,
162.775

34, 40.436,
352.738

75, 27.999,
162.216

32, 45.260,
354.858

79, 33.331,
161.696

30, 48.880,
357.507

83, 38.485,
161.212

29, 51.141, 0.839

87, 43.476,
160.760

28, 52.437, 3.499

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 8.300, 346.296



54, 8.150, 164.248

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 8.300, 346.296



51, 8.300, 36.296



51, 8.300, 166.296



51, 8.300, 216.296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 8.298, 346.300



69, 3.196, 345.484



51, 10.553, 310.186



35, 2.264, 345.555



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 8.298, 346.300



64, 12.149, 346.547



51, 6.900, 21.497



26, 3.642, 345.972



27, 51.325, 3.357



0, 0.862, 345.267

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 8.298, 346.300



64, 12.149, 346.547



55, 6.379, 200.291



26, 3.642, 345.972



27, 51.325, 3.357



0, 0.862, 345.267

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 8.300, 346.296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 8.300, 346.296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

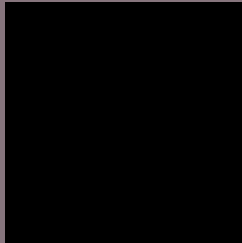
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 8.300, 346.296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 8.300, 346.296.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 8.300, 346.296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 8.300, 346.296

Protanopia

51, 3.529, 297.037

Deuteranopia

51, 6.970, 344.465



Tritanopia
51, 8.628, 343.073

Trichromacy



Original Color

51, 8.300, 346.296

Protanomaly

51, 4.259, 324.648

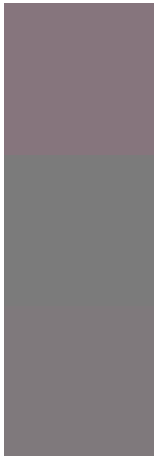
Deuteranomaly

51, 7.302, 346.388

Tritanomaly

51, 8.628, 343.073

Monochromacy



Original Color

51, 8.300, 346.296

Achromatopsia

52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

51, 2.988, 343.925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 8.300, 346.296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 117, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 117, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 117, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 117, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 8.300, 346.296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 117, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 117, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 117, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 117, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 117, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 117,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 8.300, 346.296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 117, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
117, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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