

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 83.713, 24.187)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(51, 83.713, 24.187) contains.

<b>CIELCh(51, 83.637, 24.242)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

**Color**

**CIELCh(51, 83.637, 24.242)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EF1244
RGB	239, 18, 68
RGB Percent	94%, 7%, 27%
CMY	0.0613, 0.9294, 0.7323
CMYK	0.00, 0.92, 0.71, 0.06
HSL	346°, 88%, 50%
HSV	346°, 92%, 94%
XYZ	36.9916, 19.2686, 7.2805
YIQ	89.7790, 115.6660, 62.4020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

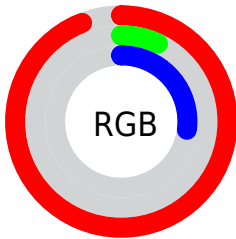
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	239, 18, 68
Decimal	15667780
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.00, 76.26, 34.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 83.637, 24.242
Yxy	19.2686, 0.5822, 0.3032
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293857860 (0xFFEF1244)
YUV	89.7790, -10.7370, 130.8668
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 73.6056, 20.8935

# Details

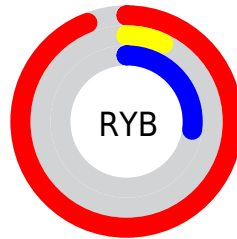
The CIELCh color **51, 83.637, 24.242** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **85, 59.824, 169.328**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 64.810, 19.906**, and **36, 71.978, 32.746** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 87.768, 28.352**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 77.438, 19.137**.

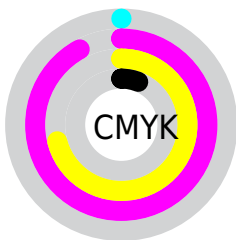
# Distribution



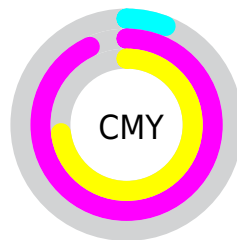
- Red (94%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 83.637, 24.242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 83.637, 24.242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 51, 83.637, 24.242

 51, 83.637, 24.242

 100, 83.637,  
24.242

 41, 83.637, 24.242

 71, 83.637, 24.242

 31, 83.637, 24.242

 81, 83.637, 24.242

 21, 83.637, 24.242

 91, 83.637, 24.242

 11, 83.637, 24.242

 1, 83.637, 24.242

 0, 83.637, 24.242

 51, 83.637, 24.242

 51, 83.637, 24.242

 50, 87.768, 28.352

 53, 77.438, 19.137

 55, 69.976, 14.882

■ 59, 61.277, 11.483

■ 64, 51.657, 8.805

■ 69, 41.538, 6.683

■ 74, 31.304, 4.975

■ 80, 21.239, 3.571

■ 87, 11.519, 2.382

■ 93, 2.234, 1.182

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 83.637, 24.242



85, 59.824, 169.328

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 83.637, 24.242



51, 83.637, 74.242



51, 83.637, 204.242



51, 83.637, 254.242

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 83.633, 24.244



82, 28.175, 4.328



49, 110.784, 319.845



41, 19.609, 4.967



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 83.633, 24.244



54, 92.228, 28.560



56, 86.844, 46.137



47, 5.212, 2.051



38, 71.350, 27.326



8, 28.928, 14.291





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 83.633, 24.244



54, 92.228, 28.560



69, 43.306, 246.905



47, 5.212, 2.051



38, 71.350, 27.326



8, 28.928, 14.291



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 83.637, 24.242 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 83.637, 24.242 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 51, 83.637, 24.242

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 83.637, 24.242.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 83.637, 24.242.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51, 83.558, 24.299

### Protanopia

51, 12.519, 94.717

### Deuteranopia

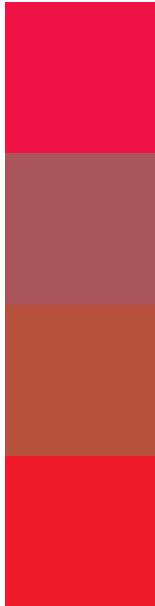
51, 38.583, 80.736



**Tritanopia**  
51, 91.879, 37.615



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
51, 83.558, 24.299

**Protanomaly**  
46, 37.761, 20.769

**Deuteranomaly**  
47, 51.304, 39.021

**Tritanomaly**  
51, 88.949, 33.514

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
51, 83.558, 24.299

**Achromatopsia**  
38, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
38, 36.157, 9.228

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 83.637, 24.242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 18, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 18, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 18, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 18, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 83.637, 24.242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 18, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 18, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 18, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 18, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 18, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 18,  
68) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 83.637, 24.242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 18, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239, 18,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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