

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 86.130, 24.610)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(51, 86.130, 24.610) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(51, 86.054, 24.594)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F20042
RGB	242, 0, 66
RGB Percent	95%, 0%, 26%
CMY	0.0510, 0.9999, 0.7412
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.73, 0.05
HSL	344°, 100%, 47%
HSV	344°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	37.5984, 19.2686, 6.8911
YIQ	79.8820, 123.0460, 71.8300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

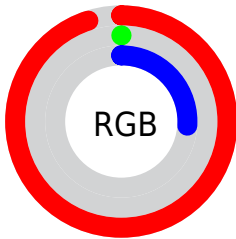
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	242, 0, 66
Decimal	15859778
CIELab	51.00, 78.25, 35.81
CIELCh	51, 86.054, 24.594
Yxy	19.2686, 0.5897, 0.3022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294049858 (0xFFFF20042)
YUV	79.8820, -6.8438, 142.1775
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 76.0732, 21.4194

# Details

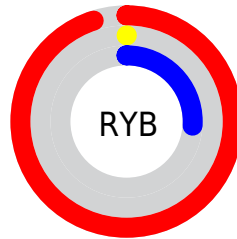
The CIELCh color **51, 86.054, 24.594** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0033**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **85, 65.960, 163.716**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 66.007, 19.964**, and **37, 73.612, 33.686** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 86.057, 24.603**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 81.273, 19.073**.

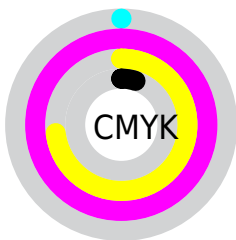
# Distribution



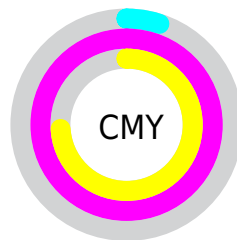
- Red (95%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 86.054, 24.594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 86.054, 24.594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 51, 86.054, 24.594

 51, 86.054, 24.594

 100, 86.054,  
24.594

 41, 86.054, 24.594

 71, 86.054, 24.594

 31, 86.054, 24.594

 81, 86.054, 24.594

 21, 86.054, 24.594

 91, 86.054, 24.594

 11, 86.054, 24.594

 1, 86.054, 24.594

 0, 86.054, 24.594

 51, 86.054, 24.594

 51, 86.054, 24.594

 51, 86.057, 24.603

 52, 81.273, 19.073

 54, 75.468, 14.239

■ 57, 68.179, 10.327

■ 61, 59.522, 7.237

■ 66, 49.883, 4.799

■ 71, 39.718, 2.851

■ 77, 29.418, 1.263

■ 83, 19.263,  
359.937

■ 89, 9.424, 358.790

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 86.054, 24.594



85, 65.960, 163.716

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 86.054, 24.594



51, 86.054, 74.594



51, 86.054, 204.594



51, 86.054, 254.594

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 86.050, 24.596



80, 30.711, 1.277



46, 114.840, 317.742



40, 21.079, 1.913



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 86.050, 24.596



54, 89.643, 24.780



53, 95.234, 43.607



47, 5.315, 358.734



39, 69.468, 23.512



8, 28.823, 11.893





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 86.050, 24.596



54, 89.643, 24.780



72, 42.767, 239.971



47, 5.315, 358.734



39, 69.468, 23.512



8, 28.823, 11.893



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 86.054, 24.594 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 86.054, 24.594 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 51, 86.054, 24.594

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 86.054, 24.594.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 86.054, 24.594.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51, 86.054, 24.594

### Protanopia

52, 14.288, 94.388

### Deuteranopia

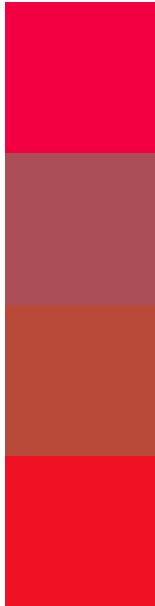
52, 40.461, 80.176



**Tritanopia**  
51, 95.022, 38.578



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
51, 86.054, 24.594

**Protanomaly**  
45, 41.185, 18.889

**Deuteranomaly**  
46, 54.509, 36.382

**Tritanomaly**  
51, 91.789, 34.296

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
51, 86.054, 24.594

**Achromatopsia**  
34, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
35, 39.953, 7.464

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 86.054, 24.594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 0, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 0, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 0, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 0, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 86.054, 24.594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 0, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 0, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 0, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 0, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 0, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 0, 66)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 86.054, 24.594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 0, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242, 0,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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