

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 86.784, 320.307)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 86.784, 320.307)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 87.127, 320.303)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B744DA
RGB	183, 68, 218
RGB Percent	72%, 27%, 85%
CMY	0.2823, 0.7333, 0.1450
CMYK	0.16, 0.69, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	286°, 67%, 56%
HSV	286°, 69%, 85%
XYZ	34.2580, 19.2686, 68.2551
YIQ	119.4850, 20.3900, 71.0300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

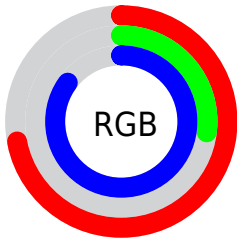
Format	Color
R _Y B	183, 68, 218
Decimal	12010714
CIE Lab	51.00, 67.04, -55.65
CIE LCh	51, 87.127, 320.303
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2813, 0.1582
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290200794 (0xFFB744DA)
YUV	119.4850, 48.5679, 55.7027
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 62.4895, -61.4644

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 87.127, 320.303** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9933CC**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **78, 84.915, 133.997**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 77.689, 324.061**, and **32, 84.133, 320.008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 95.683, 320.282**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 76.497, 320.143**.

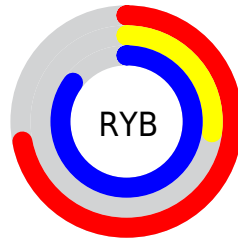
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (27%)

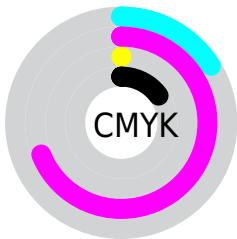
Blue (85%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (85%)

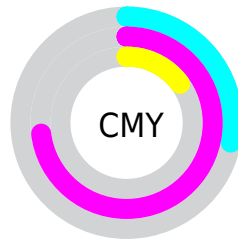


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (28%)


Magenta (73%)


Yellow (15%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 87.127, 320.303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 87.127, 320.303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 87.127,
320.303


 51, 87.127,
320.303


 100, 87.127,
320.303


 41, 87.127,
320.303


 71, 87.127,
320.303

 31, 87.127,
320.303

 81, 87.127,
320.303

 21, 87.127,
320.303

 91, 87.127,
320.303

 11, 87.127,
320.303

 1, 87.127, 320.303

 0, 87.127, 320.303

■ 51, 87.127,
320.303

■ 51, 87.127,
320.303

■ 48, 95.683,
320.282

■ 55, 76.497,
320.143

■ 45, 101.616,
320.028

■ 60, 64.443,
319.853

■ 43, 104.880,
319.531

■ 65, 51.537,
319.480

■ 43, 105.208,
319.467

■ 70, 38.223,
319.059

■ 76, 24.815,
318.616

■ 82, 11.517,
318.166

■ 88, 1.542, 137.894

■ 94, 14.290,
137.364

■ 97, 21.110,
135.358

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 87.127, 320.303



78, 84.915, 133.997

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 87.127, 320.303



51, 87.127, 10.303



51, 87.127, 140.303



51, 87.127, 190.303

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 87.125, 320.303



86, 31.527, 318.723



47, 67.670, 292.090



44, 21.374, 318.846



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 87.125, 320.303



54, 111.391, 320.188



54, 73.746, 338.468



43, 7.469, 318.195



34, 88.635, 319.589



5, 33.313, 319.869

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 62.009, 12.909



56, 81.619, 18.999



78, 75.422, 145.551



43, 4.856, 1.576



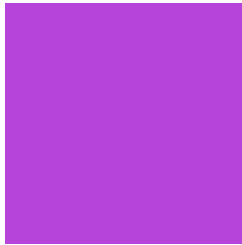
36, 67.989, 26.560



5, 23.776, 10.176

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 87.127, 320.303 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

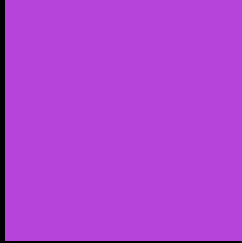
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 87.127, 320.303 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

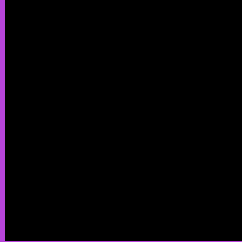
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 87.127, 320.303

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 87.127, 320.303.

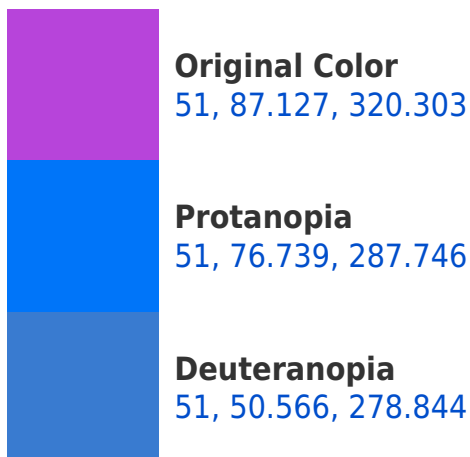


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 87.127, 320.303.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
51, 27.931, 13.718

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 87.127, 320.303



Protanomaly
47, 81.244, 295.435



Deuteranomaly
49, 63.754, 297.772



Tritanomaly
50, 45.476, 336.902

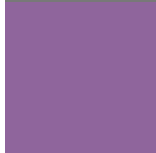
Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 87.127, 320.303



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
49, 35.649, 319.205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 87.127, 320.303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 68, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 68, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 68, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 68, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 87.127, 320.303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 68, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 68, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 68, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 68, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 68, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 68,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 87.127, 320.303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 68, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183, 68,  
218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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