

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 87.223, 26.138)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 87.223, 26.138) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 86.903, 26.007)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2013E
RGB	242, 1, 62
RGB Percent	95%, 0%, 24%
CMY	0.0503, 0.9974, 0.7564
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.74, 0.05
HSL	345°, 99%, 48%
HSV	345°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	37.5542, 19.2686, 6.3138
YIQ	80.0130, 124.0550, 70.0630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

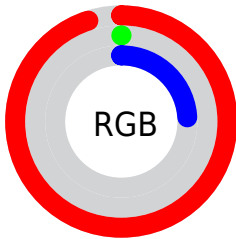
Format	Color
R_{YB}	242, 1, 62
Decimal	15860030
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, 78.10, 38.11
CIE _{LCh}	51, 86.903, 26.007
Yxy	19.2686, 0.5948, 0.3052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294050110 (0xFFFF2013E)
YUV	80.0130, -8.8804, 142.0626
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 75.8934, 22.1992

Details

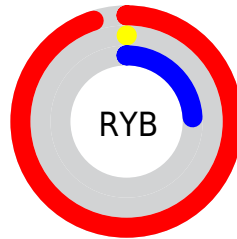
The CIELCh color **51, 86.903, 26.007** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0033**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **85, 64.393, 165.351**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 66.521, 21.825**, and **37, 74.323, 34.949** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 87.041, 26.153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 81.778, 20.497**.

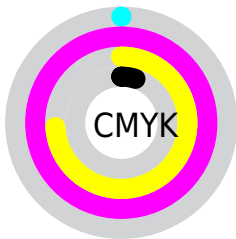
Distribution



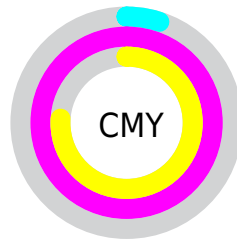
- Red (95%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 86.903, 26.007 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 86.903, 26.007 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 86.903, 26.007

■ 51, 86.903, 26.007

■ 100, 86.903,
26.007

■ 41, 86.903, 26.007

■ 71, 86.903, 26.007

■ 31, 86.903, 26.007

■ 81, 86.903, 26.007

■ 21, 86.903, 26.007

■ 91, 86.903, 26.007

■ 11, 86.903, 26.007

■ 1, 86.903, 26.007

■ 0, 86.903, 26.007

■ 51, 86.903, 26.007

■ 51, 86.903, 26.007

■ 51, 87.041, 26.153

■ 52, 81.778, 20.497

■ 54, 75.645, 15.640

■ 57, 68.101, 11.691

■ 61, 59.265, 8.568

■ 66, 49.518, 6.105

■ 71, 39.304, 4.141

■ 77, 29.004, 2.543

■ 83, 18.884, 1.214

■ 89, 9.108, 0.066

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 86.903, 26.007



85, 64.393, 165.351

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 86.903, 26.007



51, 86.903, 76.007



51, 86.903, 206.007



51, 86.903, 256.007

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 86.899, 26.009



80, 30.536, 2.595



47, 114.483, 318.306



40, 20.971, 3.236



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 86.899, 26.009



54, 90.627, 26.326



54, 94.400, 44.165



47, 5.272, 0.038



38, 70.179, 25.067



8, 28.861, 12.886

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 86.899, 26.009



54, 90.627, 26.326



70, 43.383, 243.472



47, 5.272, 0.038



38, 70.179, 25.067



8, 28.861, 12.886

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 86.903, 26.007 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

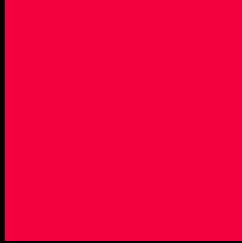
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 86.903, 26.007 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 86.903, 26.007

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 86.903, 26.007.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 86.903, 26.007.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 86.850, 26.045

Protanopia

52, 17.749, 95.081

Deuteranopia

52, 42.312, 80.970



Tritanopia
51, 95.721, 38.989

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 86.850, 26.045



Protanomaly
46, 41.848, 23.561



Deuteranomaly
46, 55.443, 38.819

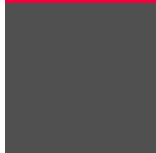


Tritanomaly
51, 92.809, 35.291

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 86.850, 26.045



Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
35, 39.923, 9.226

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 86.903, 26.007 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 1, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 1, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 1, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 1, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 86.903, 26.007 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 1, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 1, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 1, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 1, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 1, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 1, 62)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 86.903, 26.007 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 1, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242, 1,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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