

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 9.010, 239.373)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 9.010, 239.373) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 9.010, 239.380)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	697C86
RGB	105, 124, 134
RGB Percent	41%, 49%, 53%
CMY	0.5868, 0.5122, 0.4730
CMYK	0.22, 0.07, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	201°, 12%, 47%
HSV	201°, 22%, 53%
XYZ	17.4550, 19.2686, 25.4948
YIQ	119.4590, -14.5340, -0.9180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

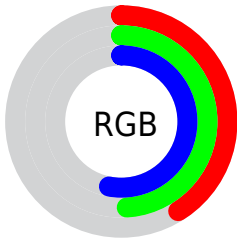
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 116, 134
Decimal	6913158
CIE Lab	51.00, -4.59, -7.75
CIE LCh	51, 9.010, 239.380
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2805, 0.3097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285103238 (0xFF697C86)
YUV	119.4590, 7.1687, -12.6805
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -5.8388, -3.7084

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 9.010, 239.380** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **50, 10.037, 55.397**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 8.911, 241.594**, and **31, 8.899, 239.033** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 12.889, 240.778**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 4.930, 238.257**.

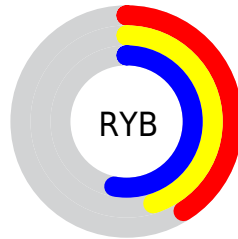
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (49%)

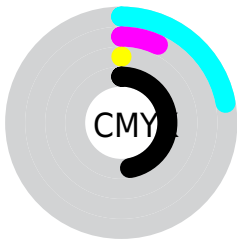
Blue (53%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (53%)

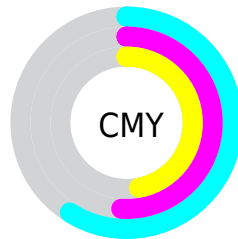


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 9.010, 239.380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 9.010, 239.380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 9.010, 239.380

■ 51, 9.010, 239.380

■ 100, 9.010,
239.380

■ 41, 9.010, 239.380

■ 71, 9.010, 239.380

■ 31, 9.010, 239.380

■ 81, 9.010, 239.380

■ 21, 9.010, 239.380

■ 91, 9.010, 239.380

■ 11, 9.010, 239.380

■ 1, 9.010, 239.380

■ 0, 9.010, 239.380

■ 51, 9.010, 239.380

■ 51, 9.010, 239.380

■ 49, 12.889,
240.778

■ 53, 4.930, 238.257

■ 56, 0.690, 237.770

47, 16.528,
242.521

58, 3.676, 56.392

44, 19.890,
244.672

61, 8.135, 55.822

42, 22.949,
247.307

63, 12.662, 55.324

40, 25.702,
250.500

66, 17.235, 54.906

68, 21.834, 54.556

39, 28.178,
254.300

71, 26.447, 54.262

73, 31.061, 54.013

37, 30.444,
258.700

35, 32.346,
262.512

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 9.010, 239.380



50, 10.037, 55.397

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 9.010, 239.380



51, 9.010, 289.380



51, 9.010, 59.380



51, 9.010, 109.380

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 9.010, 239.373



70, 3.212, 237.787



53, 16.103, 154.055



37, 2.145, 237.827



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 9.010, 239.373



64, 13.376, 240.038



47, 14.390, 285.002



27, 2.383, 238.027



34, 31.527, 262.333



0, 0.580, 237.134

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 16.143, 337.687



60, 24.262, 338.084



54, 13.988, 99.996



26, 4.137, 336.744



28, 54.835, 347.536



0, 0.983, 336.153

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 9.010, 239.380 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 9.010, 239.380 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

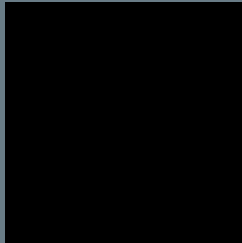
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

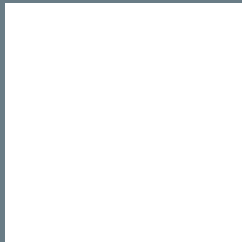
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 9.010, 239.380

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 9.010, 239.380.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 9.010, 239.380.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 9.010, 239.380

Protanopia

51, 7.007, 291.081

Deuteranopia

51, 11.001, 307.717



Tritanopia
51, 9.010, 239.380

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 9.010, 239.380

Protanomaly
51, 6.886, 268.242

Deuteranomaly
51, 8.776, 286.337

Tritanomaly
51, 9.010, 239.380

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 9.010, 239.380

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 3.221, 232.230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 9.010, 239.380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 124, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 124, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 124, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 124, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 9.010, 239.380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 124, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 124, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 124, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 124, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 124, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 124,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 9.010, 239.380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 124, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
124, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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