

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 9.066, 101.855)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 9.066, 101.855) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 9.353, 101.207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D7A6A
RGB	125, 122, 106
RGB Percent	49%, 48%, 42%
CMY	0.5104, 0.5221, 0.5849
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.15, 0.51
HSL	51°, 8%, 45%
HSV	51°, 15%, 49%
XYZ	17.9706, 19.2686, 16.3679
YIQ	121.0730, 6.9240, -4.3400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

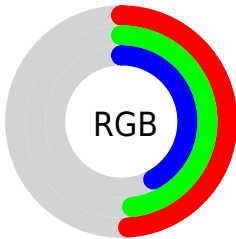
Format	Color
RYB	110, 125, 106
Decimal	8223338
CIELab	51.00, -1.82, 9.17
CIElCh	51, 9.353, 101.207
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3352, 0.3594
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286413418 (0xFF7D7A6A)
YUV	121.0730, -7.4310, 3.4440
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -3.7420, 8.6193

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 9.353, 101.207** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **46, 9.549, 284.596**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 9.361, 99.641**, and **31, 8.968, 99.503** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 15.523, 100.130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 3.194, 102.258**.

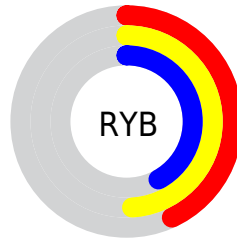
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (48%)

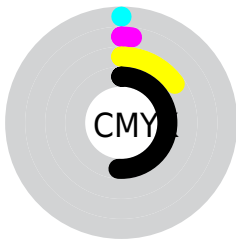
Blue (42%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (42%)

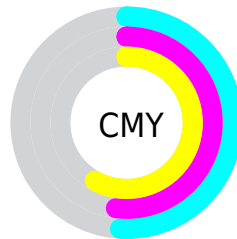


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 9.353, 101.207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 9.353, 101.207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 9.353, 101.207

■ 51, 9.353, 101.207

■ 100, 9.353,
101.207

■ 41, 9.353, 101.207

■ 71, 9.353, 101.207

■ 31, 9.353, 101.207

■ 81, 9.353, 101.207

■ 21, 9.353, 101.207

■ 91, 9.353, 101.207

■ 11, 9.353, 101.207

■ 1, 9.353, 101.207

■ 0, 9.353, 101.207

■ 51, 9.353, 101.207

■ 51, 9.353, 101.207

■ 50, 15.523,
100.130

■ 52, 3.194, 102.258

■ 53, 2.935, 283.351

49, 21.663, 99.025

54, 9.022, 284.323

49, 27.712, 97.909

55, 15.060,
285.272

48, 33.565, 96.791

56, 21.046,
286.181

47, 39.051, 95.681

46, 43.909, 94.582

57, 26.977,
287.047

46, 47.779, 93.489

58, 32.854,
287.870

45, 50.379, 92.386

45, 51.562, 91.874

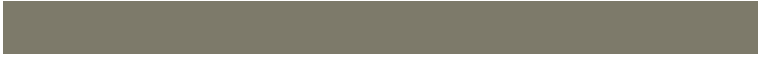
59, 38.677,
288.649

60, 44.445,
289.385

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



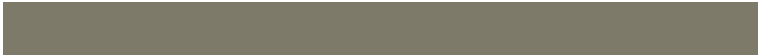
51, 9.353, 101.207



46, 9.549, 284.596

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 9.353, 101.207



51, 9.353, 151.207



51, 9.353, 281.207



51, 9.353, 331.207

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 9.354, 101.215



67, 3.813, 102.267



47, 8.146, 7.173



34, 2.589, 102.210



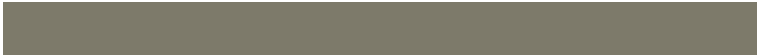
84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 9.354, 101.215



65, 13.786, 100.868



51, 11.310, 122.258



25, 3.401, 101.867



45, 51.592, 91.873



86, 86.460, 91.200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 9.549, 284.596



58, 14.135, 285.021



46, 11.617, 303.891



24, 3.447, 283.842



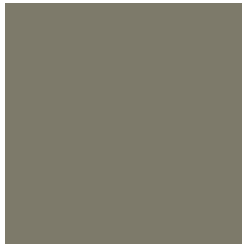
15, 70.077, 302.905



35, 122.820, 304.090

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 9.353, 101.207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 9.353, 101.207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

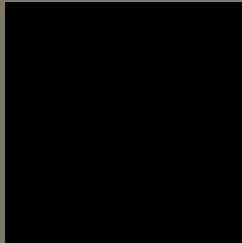
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

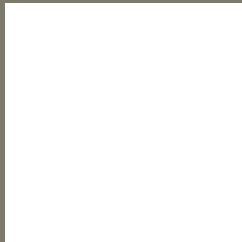
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 9.353, 101.207

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 9.353, 101.207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 9.353, 101.207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 9.353, 101.207

Protanopia

51, 9.619, 93.644

Deuteranopia

51, 10.728, 52.770



Tritanopia
51, 6.378, 324.782

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 9.353, 101.207

Protanomaly
51, 9.516, 96.120

Deuteranomaly
51, 9.178, 68.913

Tritanomaly
51, 2.838, 19.589

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 9.353, 101.207

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 3.505, 103.018

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 9.353, 101.207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 122, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 122, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 122, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 122, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 9.353, 101.207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 122, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 122, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 122, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 122, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 122, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 122,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 9.353, 101.207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 122, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
122, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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