

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 1.220, 232.026)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 1.220, 232.026) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 1.398, 255.979)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A7C7E
RGB	122, 124, 126
RGB Percent	48%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.5206, 0.5128, 0.5049
CMYK	0.03, 0.02, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	210°, 2%, 49%
HSV	210°, 3%, 50%
XYZ	19.0803, 20.1443, 22.7038
YIQ	123.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

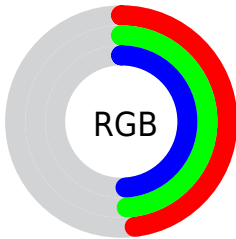
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 123, 126
Decimal	8027262
CIE Lab	52.00, -0.34, -1.36
CIE LCh	52, 1.398, 255.979
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3081, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286217342 (0xFF7A7C7E)
YUV	123.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -2.6609, 1.4258

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 1.398, 255.979$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 1.398, 74.808$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 1.790, 265.916$, and $32, 1.521, 256.124$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 5.768, 257.094$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 3.003, 74.523$.

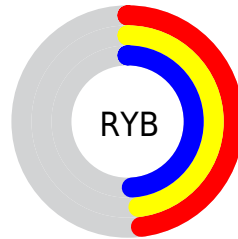
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (49%)

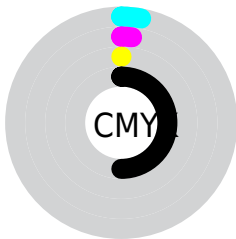
Blue (49%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (49%)

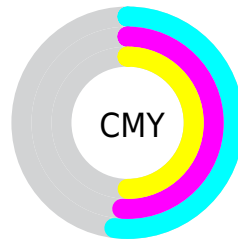


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 1.398, 255.979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 1.398, 255.979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 1.398, 255.979

■ 52, 1.398, 255.979

■ 100, 1.398,
255.979

■ 42, 1.398, 255.979

■ 72, 1.398, 255.979

■ 32, 1.398, 255.979

■ 82, 1.398, 255.979

■ 22, 1.398, 255.979

■ 92, 1.398, 255.979

■ 12, 1.398, 255.979

■ 2, 1.398, 255.979

■ 0, 1.398, 255.979

■ 52, 1.398, 255.979

■ 52, 1.398, 255.979

■ 49, 5.768, 257.094

■ 55, 3.003, 74.523

■ 46, 10.093,

■ 58, 7.419, 73.610

258.622

61, 11.837, 72.789

44, 14.356,
260.442

63, 16.246, 72.067

41, 18.543,
262.601

66, 20.637, 71.432

69, 25.003, 70.870

38, 22.649,
265.149

72, 29.337, 70.369

36, 26.680,
268.133

75, 33.635, 69.920

78, 37.894, 69.514

33, 30.658,
271.576

31, 34.629,
275.457

28, 38.654,
279.680

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 1.398, 255.979



52, 1.398, 74.808

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 1.398, 255.979



52, 1.398, 305.979



52, 1.398, 75.979



52, 1.398, 125.979

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 1.397, 255.921



67, 0.549, 256.055



53, 1.999, 162.663



35, 0.311, 256.091



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 1.397, 255.921



66, 2.173, 255.992



51, 2.294, 289.832



26, 1.251, 256.034



27, 41.842, 282.465



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 1.993, 343.724



65, 3.105, 343.830



53, 2.266, 109.195



26, 1.788, 343.878



27, 50.843, 0.499



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 1.398, 255.979 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 1.398, 255.979 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

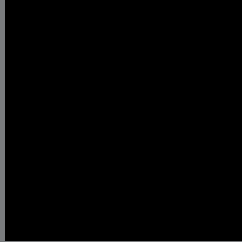
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

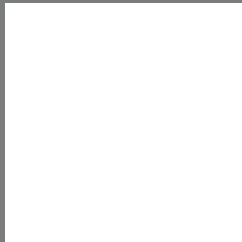
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 1.398, 255.979

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 1.398, 255.979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 1.398, 255.979.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 1.398, 255.979

Protanopia

52, 2.128, 324.481

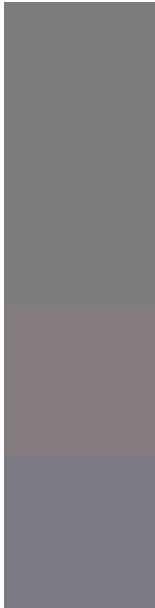
Deuteranopia

52, 6.950, 344.453



Tritanopia
52, 5.815, 290.918

Trichromacy



Original Color

52, 1.398, 255.979

Protanomaly

52, 1.930, 314.700

Deuteranomaly

52, 4.337, 337.856

Tritanomaly

52, 4.653, 290.775

Monochromacy



Original Color

52, 1.398, 255.979

Achromatopsia

52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

52, 0.703, 255.974

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 1.398, 255.979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 124, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 124, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 124, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 124, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 1.398, 255.979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 124, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 124, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 124, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 124, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 124, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 124,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 1.398, 255.979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 124, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
124, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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