

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 1.657, 239.584)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 1.657, 239.584) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 1.672, 219.801)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	797D7E
RGB	121, 125, 126
RGB Percent	47%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.5265, 0.5108, 0.5069
CMYK	0.04, 0.01, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	192°, 2%, 48%
HSV	192°, 4%, 49%
XYZ	18.8959, 20.1443, 22.5399
YIQ	123.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	121, 123, 126
Decimal	7961982
CIELab	52.00, -1.28, -1.07
CIElCh	52, 1.672, 219.801
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3069, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286152062 (0xFF797D7E)
YUV	123.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -3.3940, 1.6423

Details

The CIELCh color **52, 1.672, 219.801** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **51, 1.709, 39.125**, and the grayscale version is **52, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 1.921, 215.977**, and **32, 1.425, 225.829** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 5.739, 219.912**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 2.581, 39.164**.

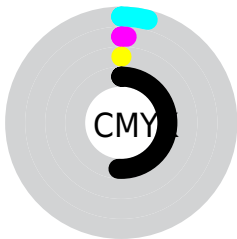
Distribution



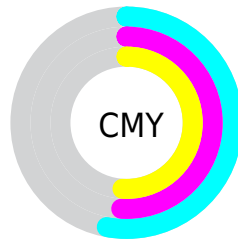
- Red (47%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 1.672, 219.801 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 1.672, 219.801 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 1.672, 219.801

■ 52, 1.672, 219.801

■ 100, 1.672,
219.801

■ 42, 1.672, 219.801

■ 72, 1.672, 219.801

■ 32, 1.672, 219.801

■ 82, 1.672, 219.801

■ 22, 1.672, 219.801

■ 92, 1.672, 219.801

■ 12, 1.672, 219.801

■ 2, 1.672, 219.801

■ 0, 1.672, 219.801

■ 52, 1.672, 219.801

■ 52, 1.672, 219.801

■ 50, 5.739, 219.912

■ 54, 2.581, 39.164

■ 49, 9.567, 220.359

■ 56, 6.978, 39.142

47, 13.102,
221.011

57, 11.481, 39.119

46, 16.284,
221.904

59, 16.059, 39.139

44, 19.056,
223.094

61, 20.688, 39.195

43, 21.370,
224.646

65, 30.020, 39.389

42, 23.197,
226.633

67, 34.694, 39.512

41, 24.538,
229.128

69, 39.360, 39.646

40, 25.444,
232.179

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 1.672, 219.801



51, 1.709, 39.125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 1.672, 219.801



52, 1.672, 269.801



52, 1.672, 39.801



52, 1.672, 89.801

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 1.672, 219.751



67, 0.525, 220.337



52, 3.110, 149.787



35, 0.297, 220.405



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 1.672, 219.751



66, 2.597, 219.731



51, 2.078, 272.984



26, 1.434, 219.729



40, 26.205, 234.136



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 3.087, 330.677



65, 4.809, 330.761



52, 2.066, 91.892



26, 2.659, 330.785



28, 59.486, 337.760



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 1.672, 219.801 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

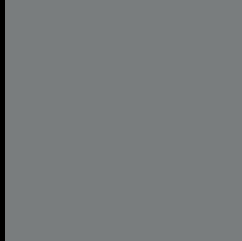
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 1.672, 219.801 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

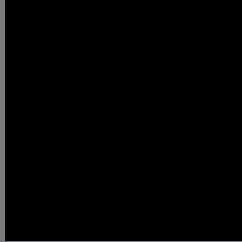
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

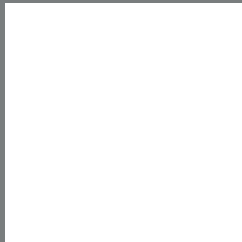
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 1.672, 219.801

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 1.672, 219.801.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 1.672, 219.801.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 1.672, 219.801

Protanopia

52, 1.682, 335.676

Deuteranopia

52, 7.281, 346.374



Tritanopia
52, 5.270, 282.422

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 1.672, 219.801

Protanomaly
52, 0.587, 290.329

Deuteranomaly
52, 4.337, 337.856

Tritanomaly
52, 3.560, 277.983

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 1.672, 219.801

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 0.703, 255.974

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 1.672, 219.801 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 125, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 125, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 125, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 125, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 1.672, 219.801 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 125, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 125, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 125, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 125, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 125, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 125,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 1.672, 219.801 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 125, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
125, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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