

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 1.767, 36.234)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 1.767, 36.234) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 1.706, 39.172)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7B7A
RGB	127, 123, 122
RGB Percent	50%, 48%, 48%
CMY	0.5013, 0.5169, 0.5209
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.04, 0.50
HSL	12°, 2%, 49%
HSV	12°, 4%, 50%
XYZ	19.4069, 20.1443, 21.3345
YIQ	124.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

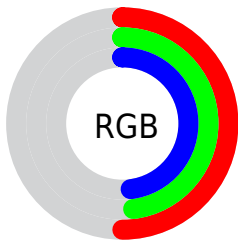
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 123, 122
Decimal	8354682
CIE Lab	52.00, 1.32, 1.08
CIE LCh	52, 1.706, 39.172
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3187, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286544762 (0xFF7F7B7A)
YUV	124.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -1.3618, 3.2347

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 1.706, 39.172$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 1.670, 219.856$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 1.957, 35.408$, and $32, 1.874, 39.214$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 6.286, 39.239$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 2.538, 219.833$.

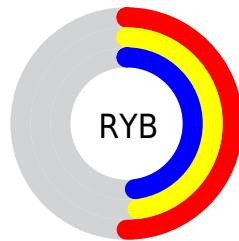
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (48%)

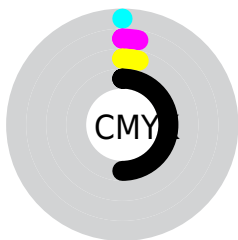
Blue (48%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (48%)

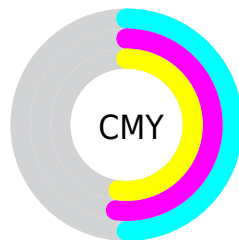


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)


Magenta (52%)

Yellow (52%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 1.706, 39.172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 1.706, 39.172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 52, 1.706, 39.172  52, 1.706, 39.172

 100, 1.706, 39.172  42, 1.706, 39.172

 72, 1.706, 39.172  32, 1.706, 39.172

 82, 1.706, 39.172  22, 1.706, 39.172


 92, 1.706, 39.172  12, 1.706, 39.172

 2, 1.706, 39.172

 0, 1.706, 39.172

 52, 1.706, 39.172  52, 1.706, 39.172

 49, 6.286, 39.239  55, 2.538, 219.833

 46, 11.238, 39.215  58, 6.479, 220.023

43, 16.586, 39.305

62, 10.150,
220.324

40, 22.346, 39.552

65, 13.584,
220.663

37, 28.509, 39.993

34, 35.026, 40.649

68, 16.809,
221.025

32, 41.776, 41.506

72, 19.850,
221.399

30, 48.492, 42.449

28, 54.538, 43.089

75, 22.730,
221.778

78, 25.469,
222.158

81, 28.082,
222.535

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 1.706, 39.172



53, 1.670, 219.856

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 1.706, 39.172



52, 1.706, 89.172



52, 1.706, 219.172



52, 1.706, 269.172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 1.706, 39.225



68, 0.531, 38.623



52, 3.082, 330.689



36, 0.304, 38.557



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 1.706, 39.225



66, 2.706, 39.256



53, 2.099, 93.170



26, 1.479, 39.261



27, 57.847, 43.437



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 1.670, 219.856



67, 2.629, 219.835



52, 2.113, 274.234



26, 1.434, 219.833



40, 26.214, 234.323



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 1.706, 39.172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

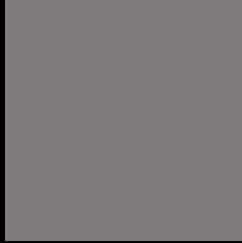
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 1.706, 39.172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

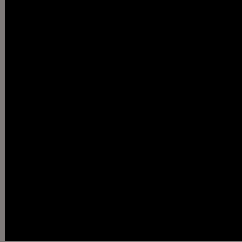
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

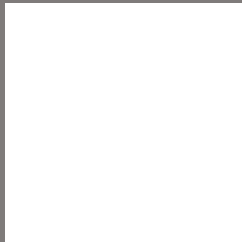
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 1.706, 39.172

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 1.706, 39.172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 1.706, 39.172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 1.706, 39.172

Protanopia

52, 1.331, 45.002

Deuteranopia

52, 6.738, 5.225



Tritanopia
52, 5.942, 318.404

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 1.706, 39.172

Protanomaly
52, 1.331, 45.002

Deuteranomaly
52, 5.004, 6.540

Tritanomaly
52, 4.247, 324.644

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 1.706, 39.172

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 0.695, 74.861

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 52, 1.706, 39.172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 123, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 123, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 123, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 123, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 1.706, 39.172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 123, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 123, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 123, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 123, 122); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 123, 122); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 123, 122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 1.706, 39.172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 123, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
123, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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