

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 1.941, 266.005)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(52, 1.941, 266.005) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(52, 1.904, 266.009)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A7C7F
RGB	122, 124, 127
RGB Percent	48%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.5209, 0.5131, 0.5013
CMYK	0.04, 0.02, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	216°, 2%, 49%
HSV	216°, 4%, 50%
XYZ	19.1206, 20.1443, 23.0171
YIQ	123.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

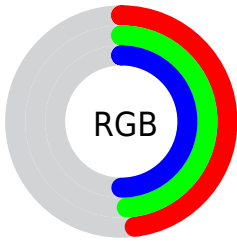
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	122, 123, 127
Decimal	8027263
CIE Lab	52.00, -0.13, -1.90
CIE LCh	52, 1.904, 266.009
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3070, 0.3234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286217343 (0xFF7A7C7F)
YUV	123.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -2.5005, 1.0119

# Details

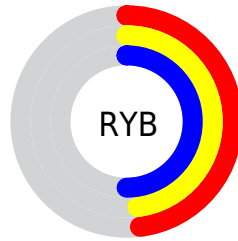
The CIELCh color  $52, 1.904, 266.009$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $53, 1.899, 84.800$ , and the grayscale version is  $52, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $72, 2.295, 271.631$ , and  $32, 2.073, 266.240$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $49, 6.752, 267.254$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $55, 2.910, 84.614$ .

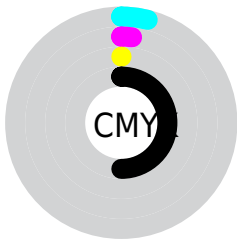
# Distribution



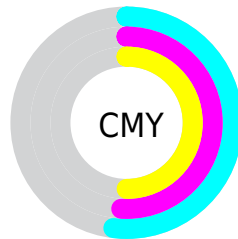
- Red (48%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



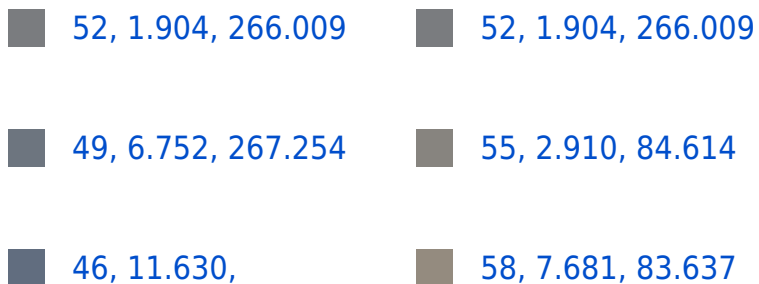
- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 1.904, 266.009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 1.904, 266.009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





268.826

62, 12.406, 82.755

42, 16.534,  
270.671

65, 17.078, 81.974

39, 21.464,  
272.828

68, 21.695, 81.281

36, 26.427,  
275.337

71, 26.253, 80.663

33, 31.442,  
278.228

74, 30.749, 80.109

30, 36.537,  
281.500

77, 35.184, 79.608

27, 41.746,  
285.103

80, 39.555, 79.153

25, 47.088,  
288.908

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 1.904, 266.009



53, 1.899, 84.800

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 1.904, 266.009



52, 1.904, 316.009



52, 1.904, 86.009



52, 1.904, 136.009

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 1.903, 265.971



68, 0.606, 265.918



53, 2.330, 168.207



36, 0.347, 265.941



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 1.903, 265.971



66, 3.004, 266.096



51, 2.921, 293.782



26, 1.640, 266.135



23, 50.520, 291.053



0, 0.000, 0.000





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 2.330, 349.586



66, 3.685, 349.721



53, 2.885, 113.135



26, 2.012, 349.757



26, 50.594, 9.840



0, 0.000, 0.000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 1.904, 266.009 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 1.904, 266.009 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

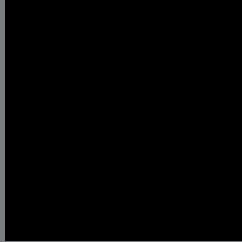
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

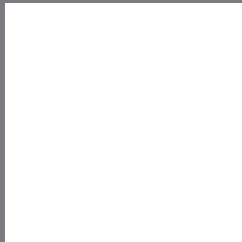
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 52, 1.904, 266.009**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 1.904, 266.009.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 1.904, 266.009.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


52, 1.904, 266.009

### Protanopia

52, 2.470, 309.165

### Deuteranopia

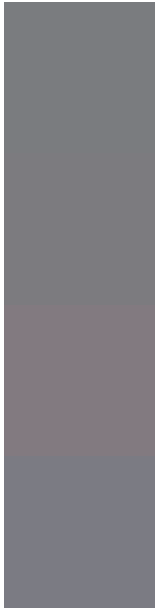
52, 7.297, 340.742



**Tritanopia**  
52, 5.815, 290.918



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52, 1.904, 266.009

## Protanomaly

52, 2.368, 300.088

## Deuteranomaly

52, 4.744, 332.672

## Tritanomaly

52, 4.653, 290.775

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52, 1.904, 266.009

## Achromatopsia

52, 0.007, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

52, 0.703, 255.974

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 1.904, 266.009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 124, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 124, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 124, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 124, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 1.904, 266.009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 124, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 124, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 124, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 124, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 124, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 124,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 1.904, 266.009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 124, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
124, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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