

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 11.142, 222.837)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 11.142, 222.837)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 11.363, 222.726)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	648189
RGB	100, 129, 137
RGB Percent	39%, 51%, 54%
CMY	0.6086, 0.4949, 0.4636
CMYK	0.27, 0.06, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	193°, 16%, 46%
HSV	193°, 27%, 54%
XYZ	17.5569, 20.1443, 26.5516
YIQ	121.2410, -19.8520, -3.6600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

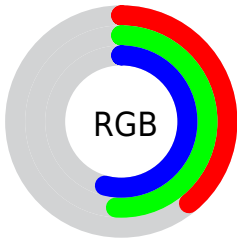
Format	Color
RYB	100, 116, 137
Decimal	6586761
CIELab	52.00, -8.35, -7.71
CIELCh	52, 11.363, 222.726
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2732, 0.3135
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284776841 (0xFF648189)
YUV	121.2410, 7.7692, -18.6284
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -8.7195, -3.6571

Details

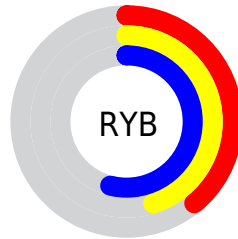
The CIELCh color $52, 11.363, 222.726$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $48, 13.539, 40.857$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 11.237, 221.579$, and $32, 11.254, 221.441$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 15.019, 223.563$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 7.379, 222.110$.

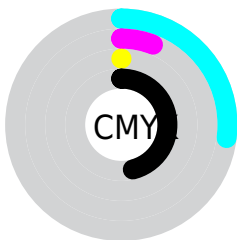
Distribution



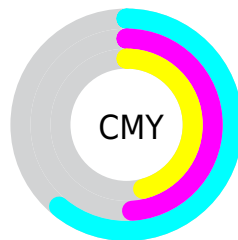
- Red (39%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (46%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (46%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 11.363, 222.726 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 11.363, 222.726 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 11.363,
222.726


 52, 11.363,
222.726


 100, 11.363,
222.726


 42, 11.363,
222.726


 72, 11.363,
222.726

 32, 11.363,
222.726

 82, 11.363,
222.726

 22, 11.363,
222.726

 92, 11.363,
222.726

 12, 11.363,
222.726

 2, 11.363, 222.726

 0, 11.363, 222.726

■ 52, 11.363,
222.726

■ 52, 11.363,
222.726

■ 50, 15.019,
223.563

■ 54, 7.379, 222.110

■ 49, 18.286,
224.687

■ 56, 3.127, 221.730

■ 58, 1.338, 40.979

■ 47, 21.105,
226.157

■ 60, 5.965, 41.006

■ 46, 23.434,
228.047

■ 62, 10.716, 40.911

■ 64, 15.555, 40.862

■ 44, 25.255,
230.438

■ 66, 20.453, 40.857

■ 43, 26.586,
233.404

■ 68, 25.390, 40.888

■ 70, 30.346, 40.946

■ 42, 27.542,
236.911

■ 42, 27.825,

237.945

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 11.363, 222.726



48, 13.539, 40.857

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



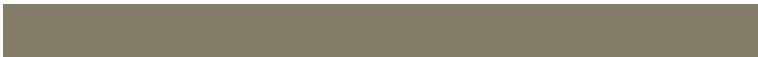
52, 11.363, 222.726



52, 11.363, 272.726



52, 11.363, 42.726



52, 11.363, 92.726

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 11.363, 222.720



71, 4.402, 221.756



54, 22.611, 148.604



37, 3.106, 221.796



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 11.363, 222.720



65, 16.387, 223.167



47, 15.729, 277.540



28, 2.506, 221.784



41, 27.194, 237.811



1, 1.189, 221.382

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 22.455, 332.793



58, 32.977, 333.175



53, 15.660, 90.411



27, 4.681, 331.625



29, 60.435, 338.791



0, 2.159, 331.096

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 11.363, 222.726 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 11.363, 222.726 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

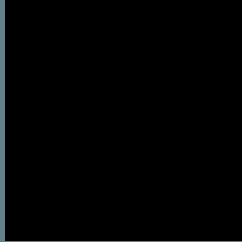
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

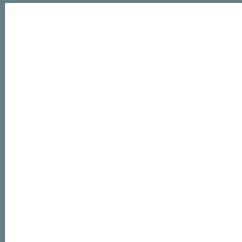
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 11.363, 222.726

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 11.363, 222.726.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 11.363, 222.726.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
52, 11.363, 222.726

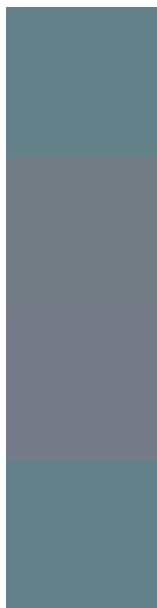
Protanopia
52, 5.815, 290.918

Deuteranopia
52, 11.636, 308.757



Tritanopia
52, 11.750, 231.705

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 11.363, 222.726

Protanomaly
52, 6.385, 254.361

Deuteranomaly
52, 8.883, 279.049

Tritanomaly
52, 11.498, 229.070

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 11.363, 222.726

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 4.566, 221.613

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 11.363, 222.726 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 129, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 129, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 129, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 129, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 11.363, 222.726 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 129, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 129, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 129, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 129, 137); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 129, 137); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 129, 137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 11.363, 222.726 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 129, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
129, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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