

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 11.821, 336.712)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 11.821, 336.712)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 11.667, 336.692)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B7684
RGB	139, 118, 132
RGB Percent	55%, 46%, 52%
CMY	0.4545, 0.5369, 0.4820
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.05, 0.45
HSL	320°, 8%, 50%
HSV	320°, 15%, 55%
XYZ	21.3241, 20.1443, 24.6280
YIQ	125.8750, 8.0220, 8.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

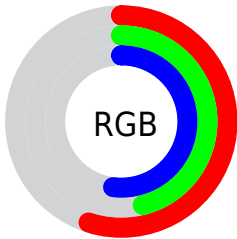
Format	Color
R _Y B	139, 118, 132
Decimal	9139844
CIE Lab	52.00, 10.71, -4.62
CIE LCh	52, 11.667, 336.692
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3226, 0.3048
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287329924 (0xFF8B7684)
YUV	125.8750, 3.0196, 11.5106
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 6.2628, -1.1160

Details

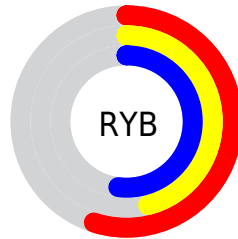
The CIELCh color $52, 11.667, 336.692$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $56, 11.573, 154.596$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 11.882, 337.112$, and $32, 11.598, 336.321$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 19.478, 337.457$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 3.909, 335.943$.

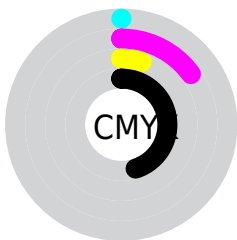
Distribution



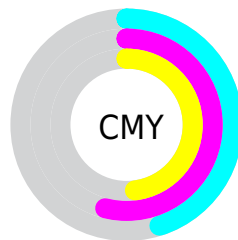
- Red (55%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (45%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 11.667, 336.692 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 11.667, 336.692 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 11.667,
336.692


 52, 11.667,
336.692


 100, 11.667,
336.692


 42, 11.667,
336.692


 72, 11.667,
336.692

 32, 11.667,
336.692

 82, 11.667,
336.692

 22, 11.667,
336.692

 92, 11.667,
336.692

 12, 11.667,
336.692

 2, 11.667, 336.692

 0, 11.667, 336.692

52, 11.667,
336.692

52, 11.667,
336.692

48, 19.478,
337.457

56, 3.909, 335.943

45, 27.214,
338.275

60, 3.705, 155.423

41, 34.676,
339.162

64, 11.130,
154.755

38, 41.595,
340.142

68, 18.340,
154.162

36, 47.638,
341.248

72, 25.328,
153.610

33, 52.441,
342.529

76, 32.096,
153.092


32, 55.693,
344.052


80, 38.653,
152.605

31, 57.294,

84, 45.009,
152.148

345.890

 88, 51.179,
151.717

 30, 57.879,
346.834

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 11.667, 336.692



56, 11.573, 154.596

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 11.667, 336.692



52, 11.667, 26.692



52, 11.667, 156.692



52, 11.667, 206.692

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 11.665, 336.694



71, 4.754, 335.944



51, 12.596, 303.893



37, 3.271, 335.994



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 11.665, 336.694



65, 17.280, 336.940



52, 8.833, 7.177



27, 4.305, 336.253



29, 55.955, 346.722



0, 1.983, 335.665

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 11.665, 336.694



65, 17.280, 336.940



56, 8.286, 184.604



27, 4.305, 336.253



29, 55.955, 346.722



0, 1.983, 335.665

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 11.667, 336.692 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

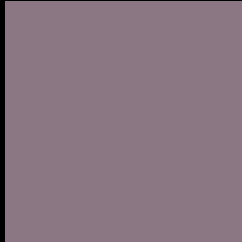
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 11.667, 336.692 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

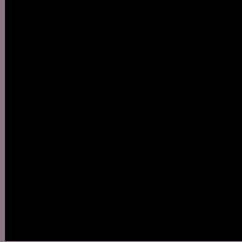
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 11.667, 336.692

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 11.667, 336.692.

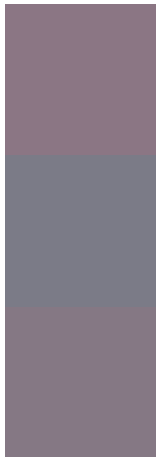


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 11.667, 336.692.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 11.667, 336.692

Protanopia

52, 6.976, 291.062

Deuteranopia

52, 8.694, 327.096



Tritanopia
52, 9.594, 347.651

Trichromacy



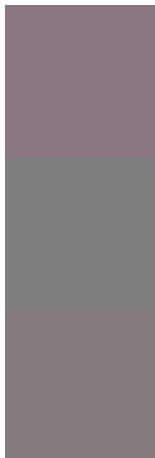
Original Color
52, 11.667, 336.692

Protanomaly
52, 8.218, 313.371

Deuteranomaly
52, 9.889, 330.778

Tritanomaly
52, 9.906, 344.810

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 11.667, 336.692

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 4.330, 337.853

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 11.667, 336.692 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 118, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 118, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 118, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 118, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 11.667, 336.692 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 118, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 118, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 118, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 118, 132); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 118, 132); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 118, 132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 11.667, 336.692 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 118, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
118, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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