

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 13.900, 234.800)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 13.900, 234.800)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 13.896, 234.507)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	60818F
RGB	96, 129, 143
RGB Percent	38%, 51%, 56%
CMY	0.6238, 0.4944, 0.4395
CMYK	0.33, 0.10, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	198°, 20%, 47%
HSV	198°, 33%, 56%
XYZ	17.6086, 20.1443, 28.9161
YIQ	120.7290, -24.1620, -2.6420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

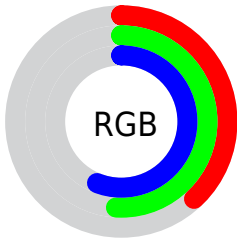
Format	Color
R _Y B	96, 115, 143
Decimal	6324623
CIE Lab	52.00, -8.07, -11.31
CIE LCh	52, 13.896, 234.507
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2641, 0.3022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284514703 (0xFF60818F)
YUV	120.7290, 10.9796, -21.6873
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -8.5139, -6.7807

Details

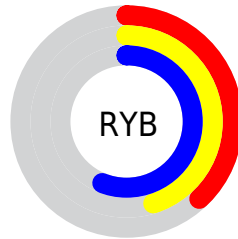
The CIELCh color `52, 13.896, 234.507` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `49, 16.891, 49.450`, and the grayscale version is `51, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `72, 13.952, 234.690`, and `32, 13.945, 234.590` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `50, 17.542, 236.061`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `54, 9.941, 233.274`.

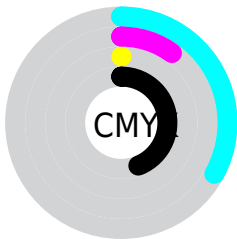
Distribution



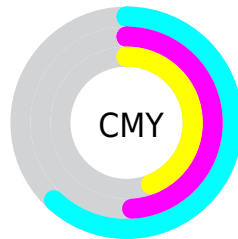
- Red (38%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 13.896, 234.507 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 13.896, 234.507 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 13.896,
234.507

■ 52, 13.896,
234.507

■ 100, 13.896,
234.507

■ 42, 13.896,
234.507

■ 72, 13.896,
234.507

■ 32, 13.896,
234.507

■ 82, 13.896,
234.507

■ 22, 13.896,
234.507

■ 92, 13.896,
234.507

■ 12, 13.896,
234.507

■ 2, 13.896, 234.507

■ 0, 13.896, 234.507

■ 52, 13.896,
234.507

■ 52, 13.896,
234.507

■ 50, 17.542,
236.061

■ 54, 9.941, 233.274

■ 56, 5.729, 232.321

■ 48, 20.832,
238.020

■ 59, 1.309, 231.779

■ 46, 23.730,
240.463

■ 61, 3.274, 50.744

■ 44, 26.226,
243.472

■ 63, 7.981, 50.332

■ 66, 12.779, 49.970

■ 43, 28.344,
247.113

■ 68, 17.641, 49.678

■ 41, 30.158,
251.404

■ 71, 22.544, 49.446

■ 73, 27.471, 49.264

■ 40, 31.418,
254.572

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 13.896, 234.507



49, 16.891, 49.450

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 13.896, 234.507



52, 13.896, 284.507



52, 13.896, 54.507



52, 13.896, 104.507

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 13.896, 234.503



73, 5.549, 232.114



55, 26.730, 151.027



38, 3.805, 232.209



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 13.896, 234.503



65, 20.001, 235.546



45, 22.101, 284.028



29, 2.529, 232.040



38, 30.099, 254.287



1, 1.740, 231.302

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 26.722, 336.517



57, 39.158, 337.076



55, 21.380, 95.589



28, 4.552, 334.769



29, 57.953, 344.176



1, 3.052, 334.196

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 13.896, 234.507 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 13.896, 234.507 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

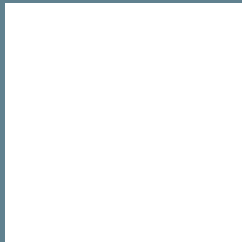
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 13.896, 234.507

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 13.896, 234.507.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 13.896, 234.507.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
52, 13.896, 234.507

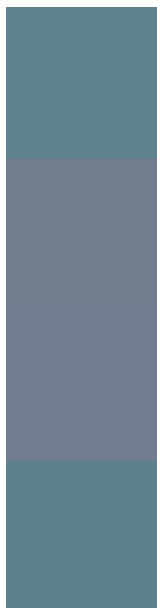
Protanopia
52, 9.316, 286.703

Deuteranopia
52, 14.075, 297.990



Tritanopia
52, 13.420, 226.986

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 13.896, 234.507

Protanomaly
52, 9.827, 262.010

Deuteranomaly
52, 12.085, 274.019

Tritanomaly
52, 13.644, 229.313

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 13.896, 234.507

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 5.388, 231.855

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 13.896, 234.507 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 129, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 129, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 129, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 129, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 13.896, 234.507 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 129, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 129, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 129, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 129, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 129, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 129,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 13.896, 234.507 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 129, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 129,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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