

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 14.127, 12.418)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 14.127, 12.418) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 13.824, 13.867)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	957477
RGB	149, 116, 119
RGB Percent	58%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.4165, 0.5458, 0.5341
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.20, 0.42
HSL	355°, 13%, 52%
HSV	355°, 22%, 58%
XYZ	21.8990, 20.1443, 20.1263
YIQ	126.2090, 18.7050, 7.9290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

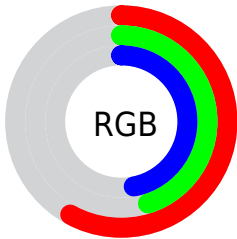
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 116, 119
Decimal	9794679
CIE _{Lab}	52.00, 13.42, 3.31
CIE _{LCh}	52, 13.824, 13.867
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3522, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287984759 (0xFF957477)
YUV	126.2090, -3.5540, 19.9877
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 8.5493, 4.8307

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 13.824, 13.867$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $59, 12.285, 190.295$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 14.037, 14.019$, and $32, 13.847, 14.037$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 20.668, 15.132$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 7.348, 12.833$.

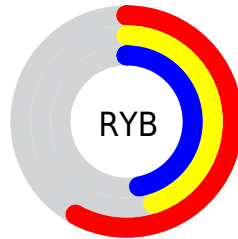
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (45%)

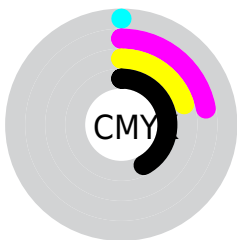
Blue (47%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (47%)

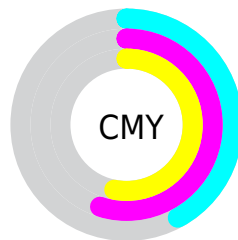


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 13.824, 13.867 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 13.824, 13.867 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 13.824, 13.867

■ 52, 13.824, 13.867

■ 100, 13.824,
13.867

■ 42, 13.824, 13.867

■ 72, 13.824, 13.867

■ 32, 13.824, 13.867

■ 82, 13.824, 13.867

■ 22, 13.824, 13.867

■ 92, 13.824, 13.867

■ 12, 13.824, 13.867

■ 2, 13.824, 13.867

■ 0, 13.824, 13.867

■ 52, 13.824, 13.867

■ 52, 13.824, 13.867

■ 48, 20.668, 15.132

■ 56, 7.348, 12.833

■ 44, 27.819, 16.700

■ 61, 1.269, 11.718

40, 35.147, 18.679

65, 4.423, 191.460

37, 42.463, 21.190

70, 9.749, 190.816

34, 49.534, 24.344

74, 14.739,
190.293

32, 56.124, 28.174

79, 19.429,
189.845

31, 62.000, 32.490

30, 66.116, 35.527

83, 23.850,
189.452

88, 28.032,
189.105

92, 32.004,
188.795

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 13.824, 13.867



59, 12.285, 190.295

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 13.824, 13.867



52, 13.824, 63.867



52, 13.824, 193.867



52, 13.824, 243.867

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 13.822, 13.873



75, 5.158, 12.352



53, 22.238, 322.755



39, 3.347, 12.401



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 13.822, 13.873



64, 21.229, 14.518



55, 11.279, 61.688



29, 3.362, 12.550



28, 62.213, 35.148



1, 2.858, 11.891

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 13.822, 13.873



64, 21.229, 14.518



55, 10.268, 246.648



29, 3.362, 12.550



28, 62.213, 35.148



1, 2.858, 11.891

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 13.824, 13.867 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

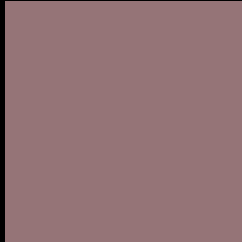
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 52, 13.824, 13.867 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

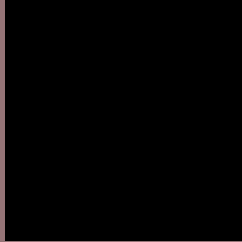
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 13.824, 13.867

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 13.824, 13.867.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 13.824, 13.867.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 13.824, 13.867

Protanopia

52, 1.329, 45.001

Deuteranopia

52, 7.953, 28.540



Tritanopia
52, 14.835, 0.764

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 13.824, 13.867

Protanomaly
52, 5.719, 19.976

Deuteranomaly
52, 10.387, 20.554

Tritanomaly
52, 14.554, 5.098

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 13.824, 13.867

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 4.905, 13.122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 13.824, 13.867 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 116, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 116, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 116, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 116, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 13.824, 13.867 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 116, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 116, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 116, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 116, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 116, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 116,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 13.824, 13.867 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 116, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
116, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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