

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 15.861, 280.925)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 15.861, 280.925)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 15.346, 279.911)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	737C96
RGB	115, 124, 150
RGB Percent	45%, 49%, 59%
CMY	0.5503, 0.5150, 0.4131
CMYK	0.23, 0.17, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	225°, 14%, 52%
HSV	225°, 23%, 59%
XYZ	19.6689, 20.1443, 31.5591
YIQ	124.2730, -13.7100, 6.1780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

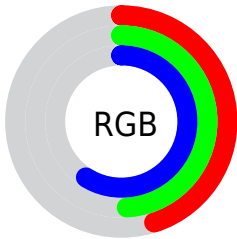
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 122, 150
Decimal	7568534
CIE Lab	52.00, 2.64, -15.12
CIE LCh	52, 15.346, 279.911
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2756, 0.2822
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285758614 (0xFF737C96)
YUV	124.2730, 12.6834, -8.1324
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -0.3200, -10.2720

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 15.346, 279.911$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $59, 15.135, 93.973$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 15.488, 280.082$, and $32, 15.452, 280.352$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 22.179, 281.637$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 8.680, 278.429$.

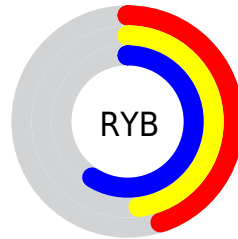
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (49%)

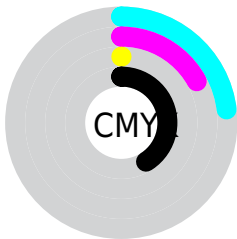
Blue (59%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (59%)

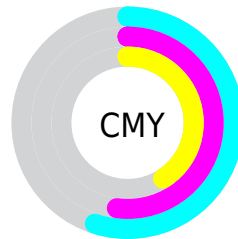


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (52%)


Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 15.346, 279.911 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 15.346, 279.911 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 15.346,
279.911


 52, 15.346,
279.911


 100, 15.346,
279.911


 42, 15.346,
279.911


 72, 15.346,
279.911

 32, 15.346,
279.911

 82, 15.346,
279.911

 22, 15.346,
279.911

 92, 15.346,
279.911

 12, 15.346,
279.911

 2, 15.346, 279.911

 0, 15.346, 279.911

■ 52, 15.346,
279.911

■ 52, 15.346,
279.911

■ 48, 22.179,
281.637

■ 56, 8.680, 278.429

■ 44, 29.198,
283.649

■ 61, 2.172, 277.202

■ 65, 4.187, 95.987

■ 39, 36.424,
285.974

■ 69, 10.403, 95.047

■ 35, 43.879,
288.624

■ 73, 16.481, 94.212

■ 77, 22.425, 93.475

■ 31, 51.563,
291.569

■ 81, 28.238, 92.823

■ 28, 59.416,
294.717

■ 86, 33.925, 92.241

■ 90, 39.488, 91.720

■ 24, 67.235,
297.894

■ 22, 72.243,

299.785

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 15.346, 279.911



59, 15.135, 93.973

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 15.346, 279.911



52, 15.346, 329.911



52, 15.346, 99.911



52, 15.346, 149.911

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 15.345, 279.909



75, 5.570, 277.624



59, 14.181, 176.156



39, 3.611, 277.685



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 15.345, 279.909



64, 22.832, 280.771



50, 20.776, 300.954



29, 3.613, 277.878



20, 67.489, 299.545



1, 3.131, 276.742

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 15.229, 1.372



64, 22.731, 2.040



60, 19.805, 117.802



29, 3.537, 359.772



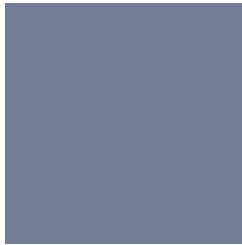
28, 56.173, 23.353



1, 3.033, 358.985

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 15.346, 279.911 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

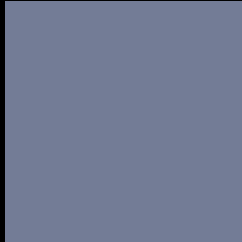
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 15.346, 279.911 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

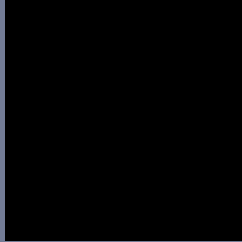
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

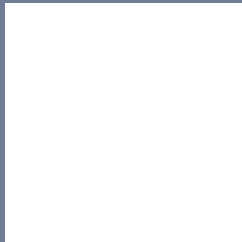
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 15.346, 279.911

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 15.346, 279.911.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 15.346, 279.911.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 15.346, 279.911

Protanopia

52, 15.170, 285.206

Deuteranopia

52, 16.907, 294.745



Tritanopia
52, 7.717, 248.063

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 15.346, 279.911

Protanomaly
52, 15.208, 283.867

Deuteranomaly
52, 16.281, 289.657

Tritanomaly
52, 10.178, 265.552

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 15.346, 279.911

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 5.333, 278.329

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 15.346, 279.911 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 124, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 124, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 124, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 124, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 15.346, 279.911 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 124, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 124, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 124, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 124, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 124, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 124,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 15.346, 279.911 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 124, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
124, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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