

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 17.044, 274.437)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 17.044, 274.437)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(52, 16.909, 274.053)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E7D99
RGB	110, 125, 153
RGB Percent	43%, 49%, 60%
CMY	0.5702, 0.5113, 0.4016
CMYK	0.28, 0.18, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	219°, 17%, 51%
HSV	219°, 28%, 60%
XYZ	19.3817, 20.1443, 32.8273
YIQ	123.7070, -17.9280, 5.5280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

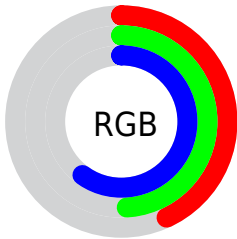
Format	Color
R _Y B	110, 121, 153
Decimal	7241113
CIE Lab	52.00, 1.20, -16.87
CIE LCh	52, 16.909, 274.053
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2679, 0.2784
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285431193 (0xFF6E7D99)
YUV	123.7070, 14.4414, -12.0210
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -1.4620, -11.9474

Details

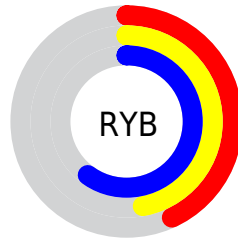
The CIELCh color $52, 16.909, 274.053$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $58, 17.105, 86.301$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 16.537, 272.481$, and $32, 17.091, 274.749$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 23.067, 276.026$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 10.834, 272.363$.

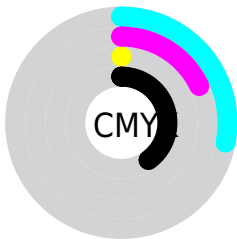
Distribution



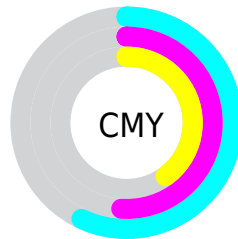
- Red (43%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 16.909, 274.053 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 16.909, 274.053 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52, 16.909,
274.053

■ 52, 16.909,
274.053

■ 100, 16.909,
274.053

■ 42, 16.909,
274.053

■ 72, 16.909,
274.053

■ 32, 16.909,
274.053

■ 82, 16.909,
274.053

■ 22, 16.909,
274.053

■ 92, 16.909,
274.053

■ 12, 16.909,
274.053

■ 2, 16.909, 274.053

■ 0, 16.909, 274.053

■ 52, 16.909,
274.053

■ 52, 16.909,
274.053

■ 48, 23.067,
276.026

■ 56, 10.834,
272.363

■ 44, 29.322,
278.327

■ 60, 4.842, 270.931

■ 40, 35.693,
280.987

■ 64, 1.069, 89.441

■ 37, 42.209,
284.015

■ 68, 6.897, 88.518

■ 33, 48.897,
287.375

■ 72, 12.640, 87.585

■ 30, 55.754,
290.966

■ 76, 18.294, 86.760

■ 27, 62.714,
294.537

■ 79, 23.859, 86.029

■ 26, 63.994,

■ 83, 29.334, 85.379

■ 87, 34.717, 84.796

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 16.909, 274.053



58, 17.105, 86.301

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 16.909, 274.053



52, 16.909, 324.053



52, 16.909, 94.053



52, 16.909, 144.053

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 16.908, 274.051



76, 5.885, 270.930



60, 18.251, 169.909



39, 4.175, 271.116



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 16.908, 274.051



64, 25.440, 275.302



48, 25.515, 298.536



30, 3.359, 271.070



24, 59.700, 294.841



1, 3.634, 270.336

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 19.502, 355.554



62, 29.401, 356.420



62, 23.956, 114.003



30, 3.810, 353.436



29, 54.829, 15.213



1, 4.040, 353.037

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 16.909, 274.053 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

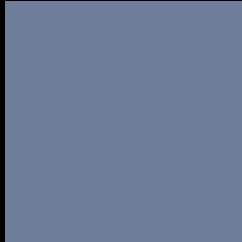
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 16.909, 274.053 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

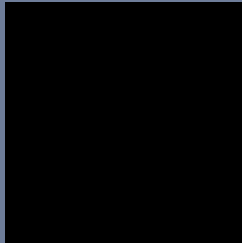
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

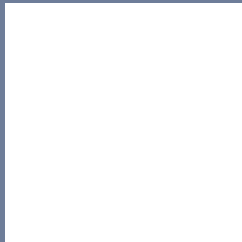
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 16.909, 274.053

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 16.909, 274.053.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 16.909, 274.053.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 16.909, 274.053

Protanopia

52, 16.353, 284.639

Deuteranopia

52, 18.621, 292.491



Tritanopia
52, 9.526, 236.550

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 16.909, 274.053

Protanomaly
52, 16.535, 279.789

Deuteranomaly
52, 18.069, 286.772

Tritanomaly
52, 11.835, 255.925

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 16.909, 274.053

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 6.200, 269.235

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 16.909, 274.053 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 125, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 125, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 125, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 125, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 16.909, 274.053 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

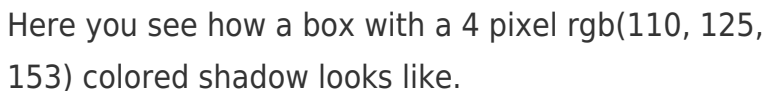
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 125, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 125, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 125, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 125, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 125, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 125,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 16.909, 274.053 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 125, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
125, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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