

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 17.698, 300.678)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 17.698, 300.678)
contains.

CIELCh(52, 17.698, 300.678)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(52, 17.698, 300.678)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7896
RGB	127, 120, 150
RGB Percent	50%, 47%, 59%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5294, 0.4118
CMYK	0.15, 0.20, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	254°, 12%, 53%
HSV	254°, 20%, 59%
XYZ	20.9712, 20.1443, 31.6336
YIQ	125.5130, -5.4580, 10.8140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

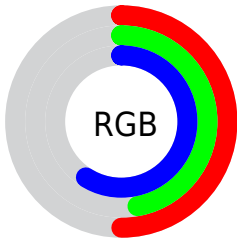
Format	Color
R _Y B	127, 120, 150
Decimal	8353942
CIE Lab	52.00, 9.03, -15.22
CIE LCh	52, 17.698, 300.678
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2883, 0.2769
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286544022 (0xFF7F7896)
YUV	125.5130, 12.0721, 1.3041
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, 4.8595, -10.3705

Details

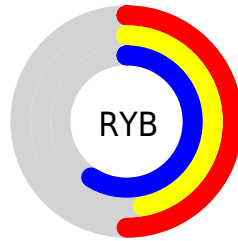
The CIELCh color $52, 17.698, 300.678$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $61, 16.994, 118.017$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 17.736, 300.971$, and $32, 17.336, 300.805$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 27.031, 301.532$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 8.690, 299.925$.

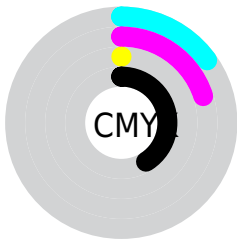
Distribution



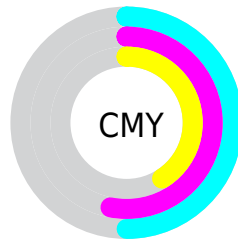
- Red (50%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 17.698, 300.678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 17.698, 300.678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 17.698,
300.678


 52, 17.698,
300.678


 100, 17.698,
300.678


 42, 17.698,
300.678


 72, 17.698,
300.678

 32, 17.698,
300.678

 82, 17.698,
300.678

 22, 17.698,
300.678

 92, 17.698,
300.678

 12, 17.698,
300.678

 2, 17.698, 300.678

 0, 17.698, 300.678

■ 52, 17.698,
300.678

■ 52, 17.698,
300.678

■ 47, 27.031,
301.532

■ 57, 8.690, 299.925

■ 42, 36.678,
302.491

■ 62, 0.007, 296.557

■ 67, 8.367, 118.707

■ 37, 46.578,
303.543

■ 72, 16.448,
118.215

■ 32, 56.584,
304.653

■ 77, 24.255,
117.791

■ 28, 66.381,
305.749

■ 82, 31.804,
117.425

■ 24, 75.384,
306.702


■ 87, 39.112,
117.111

■ 21, 82.692,
307.329

■ 91, 46.194,
116.840

■ 18, 88.166,

307.689

 96, 53.065,
116.607

 18, 88.167,
307.689

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 17.698, 300.678



61, 16.994, 118.017

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 17.698, 300.678



52, 17.698, 350.678



52, 17.698, 120.678



52, 17.698, 170.678

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 17.697, 300.677



75, 6.384, 299.658



58, 9.253, 222.343



39, 4.226, 299.697



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 17.697, 300.677



63, 26.384, 301.046



53, 19.236, 317.083



29, 4.847, 299.868



16, 82.770, 307.750



0, 4.175, 299.271

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 17.677, 332.981



66, 26.166, 333.284



60, 18.973, 135.370



29, 4.908, 332.261



30, 61.325, 339.899



1, 4.264, 331.717

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 17.698, 300.678 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 17.698, 300.678 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

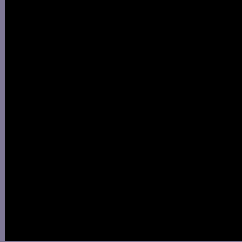
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 17.698, 300.678

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 17.698, 300.678.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 17.698, 300.678.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


52, 17.698, 300.678

Protanopia

52, 16.926, 284.992

Deuteranopia

52, 16.907, 294.745



Tritanopia
52, 5.833, 294.723

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 17.698, 300.678

Protanomaly
52, 16.855, 291.043

Deuteranomaly
52, 16.931, 295.979

Tritanomaly
52, 9.973, 297.983

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 17.698, 300.678

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 6.443, 297.865

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 17.698, 300.678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 120, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 120, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 120, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 120, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 17.698, 300.678 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 120, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 120, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 120, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 120, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 120, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 120,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 17.698, 300.678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 120, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
120, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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