

Converting Colors

CIELCh(52, 18.456, 125.276)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(52, 18.456, 125.276)
contains.

CIELCh(52, 18.636, 125.068)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(52, 18.636, 125.068)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	748162
RGB	116, 129, 98
RGB Percent	45%, 51%, 38%
CMY	0.5468, 0.4958, 0.6173
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.24, 0.50
HSL	85°, 14%, 44%
HSV	85°, 24%, 50%
XYZ	17.1240, 20.1443, 14.4385
YIQ	121.5790, 2.2030, -12.3970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

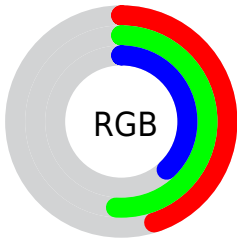
Format	Color
RYB	98, 129, 111
Decimal	7635298
CIELab	52.00, -10.71, 15.25
CIELCh	52, 18.636, 125.068
Yxy	20.1443, 0.3312, 0.3896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285825378 (0xFF748162)
YUV	121.5790, -11.6244, -4.8928
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -10.4412, 12.3444

Details

The CIELCh color $52, 18.636, 125.068$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $44, 19.350, 307.433$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72, 18.661, 125.512$, and $32, 19.014, 125.651$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 26.271, 124.581$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 10.915, 125.559$.

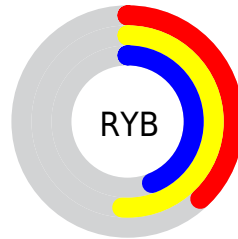
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (51%)

Blue (38%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (44%)

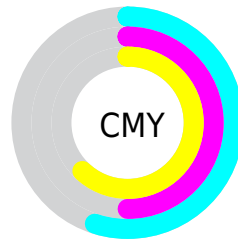


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (50%)


Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 18.636, 125.068 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 18.636, 125.068 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52, 18.636,
125.068


 52, 18.636,
125.068


 100, 18.636,
125.068


 42, 18.636,
125.068


 72, 18.636,
125.068

 32, 18.636,
125.068

 82, 18.636,
125.068

 22, 18.636,
125.068

 92, 18.636,
125.068

 12, 18.636,
125.068

 2, 18.636, 125.068

 0, 18.636, 125.068

■ 52, 18.636,
125.068

■ 52, 18.636,
125.068

■ 51, 26.271,
124.581

■ 53, 10.915,
125.559

■ 51, 33.726,
124.114

■ 53, 3.166, 126.043

■ 50, 40.874,
123.710

■ 54, 4.565, 306.452

■ 50, 47.527,
123.427

■ 55, 12.246,
306.874

■ 49, 53.431,
123.351

■ 56, 19.854,
307.258

■ 49, 58.276,
123.588

■ 57, 27.372,
307.608

■ 49, 61.809,
124.230

■ 58, 34.788,
307.927

■ 48, 63.666,

■ 59, 42.094,
308.216

124.628

■ 60, 49.285,
308.477

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 18.636, 125.068



44, 19.350, 307.433

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 18.636, 125.068



52, 18.636, 175.068



52, 18.636, 305.068



52, 18.636, 355.068

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 18.637, 125.070



68, 6.747, 125.893



48, 10.972, 63.423



35, 4.364, 125.872



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 18.637, 125.070



66, 27.901, 124.795



51, 21.464, 140.827



27, 4.331, 125.801



48, 63.276, 124.615



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 19.350, 307.433



54, 29.247, 307.760



45, 21.556, 323.318



25, 4.396, 306.627



17, 75.646, 310.567



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 18.636, 125.068 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 18.636, 125.068 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

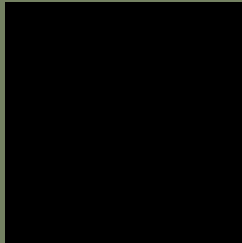
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

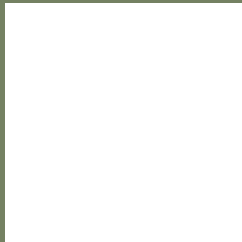
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 52, 18.636, 125.068

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 18.636, 125.068.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 18.636, 125.068.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52, 18.636, 125.068

Protanopia

52, 17.067, 96.222

Deuteranopia

52, 15.627, 64.423



Tritanopia
52, 5.900, 279.657

Trichromacy



Original Color
52, 18.636, 125.068

Protanomaly
52, 17.230, 107.970

Deuteranomaly
52, 14.301, 87.119

Tritanomaly
52, 4.048, 153.414

Monochromacy



Original Color
52, 18.636, 125.068

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 7.266, 125.670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 18.636, 125.068 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 129, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 129, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 129, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 129, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 18.636, 125.068 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 129, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 129, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 129, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 129, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 129, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 129,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 18.636, 125.068 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 129, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
129, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor